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No. 22,313 號叁拾百叁千貳萬式第 日伍廿月拾年巳己 HONG KONG, FRIDAY, JANUARY 24, 1930. 伍拜禮 日肆廿月壹年卅百九仟壹英 PRICE: \$3 PER MONTH

KOWLOON-CANTON RAILWAY. TIME-TABLE.

On and after DECEMBER 29th, 1929, until Further Notice (all previous
Time Tables cancelled).

UP TRAINS

STATIONS	No. 1 A.M.	No. 2 A.M.	No. 3 A.M.	No. 4 A.M.	No. 5 A.M.	No. 6 P.M.	No. 7 P.M.	No. 8 P.M.	No. 9 P.M.	No. 10 P.M.	No. 11 P.M.	No. 12 P.M.	
Kowloon Dep.	8.40	8.05	8.30	8.05	9.15	10.00	12.10	1.15	2.35	2.50	4.30	5.40	7.38
Yau-mat Dep.	8.40	—	—	—	9.25	10.03	12.15	1.21	—	—	4.38	5.43	7.44
Shatin Dep.	7.01	—	—	—	9.33	10.30	12.30	1.31	—	—	4.50	6.00	7.56
Tai-po Dep.	7.15	—	—	—	9.53	10.33	12.43	1.49	—	—	5.04	6.13	8.09
Market Dep.	7.20	—	—	—	9.58	10.37	12.47	1.59	—	—	5.09	6.17	8.13
Fanning Dep.	7.30	—	—	—	10.10	10.47	12.57	2.02	—	—	5.18	6.27	8.23
Shung-shui Dep.	7.35	—	9.07	9.45	10.15	10.54	1.20	2.07	—	3.38	5.23	6.34	8.27
Shum-chun Arr.	7.41	8.45	9.13	9.51	10.21	10.58	1.08	2.13	3.10	3.34	5.29	6.38	8.33
Canton Arr.	—	12.05	—	—	5.43	—	—	6.30	—	—	—	—	—

DOWN TRAINS

STATIONS	No. 1 A.M.	No. 2 A.M.	No. 3 A.M.	No. 4 A.M.	No. 5 A.M.	No. 6 P.M.	No. 7 P.M.	No. 8 P.M.	No. 9 P.M.	No. 10 P.M.	No. 11 P.M.	No. 12 P.M.
Canton Dep.	—	—	—	—	8.10	—	—	—	—	—	—	3.25
Shum-chu Dep.	7.17	7.42	8.07	8.32	8.40	10.37	12.47	1.52	—	—	—	5.42
Shung-shui Dep.	7.25	7.50	8.15	8.40	8.47	10.44	12.54	2.00	—	—	—	5.50
Fanning Dep.	7.30	7.55	8.20	8.45	8.52	10.49	13.00	2.05	—	—	—	5.55
Market Dep.	7.40	8.05	8.30	8.55	9.02	10.59	13.10	2.15	—	—	—	6.00
Tai-po Dep.	7.45	8.10	8.35	9.00	9.07	11.04	13.15	2.20	—	—	—	6.05
Shatin Dep.	7.55	8.20	8.45	9.10	9.17	11.14	13.25	2.30	—	—	—	6.15
Yau-mat Dep.	8.00	8.25	8.50	9.15	9.22	11.19	13.30	2.35	—	—	—	6.20
Kowloon Arr.	8.17	8.42	9.07	9.32	9.39	11.36	13.46	2.46	3.43	3.67	7.00	7.22

*For First Class Passengers Only. Will Stop at Any Station on Request.
Further information may be obtained at the RAILWAY OFFICES, KOWLOON,
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Where to have Tiffin To-day.

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Roast Leg of Pork, Apple Sauce
and Vegetables ...95 cts.

Hors D'œuvres ... 60 cts.

To-day's Tiffin—\$1.25.

- 1.—Puree Mongole Soup
- 2.—Grilled Red Snapper, Parsley Sauce
- 3.—Veal and Ham Patties
- 4.—Roast Pheasant en Casserole
- 5.—Roast Saddle of Lamb, Mint Sauce
- 6.—Chicken Curry
- 7.—Croquette Potatoes
- 8.—Boiled Potatoes
- 9.—Cauliflower in Cream
- 10.—Rice Cake and Golden Syrup
- 11.—Fruit
- 12.—Tea
- 13.—Coffee

JAPAN'S FINANCIAL TROUBLES.

A VERY CRITICAL YEAR.

EFFECT OF LIFTING BAN ON EXPORT OF GOLD.

[United Press.]

Japan's financial problems following the removal of the embargo on gold exports, which was effective January 11, are discussed by a noted Japanese publicist in the following article by Dr. S. Washio, published by arrangement with *The Japan Advertiser*:—

The formal lifting of the gold embargo is not the solution of the financial malady this country has been suffering from since 1919. It is the beginning of a readjustment that has long been needed. The year 1930 is a trial year in that sense. The preparations in the latter half of 1929 were not concerned with much more than the technical expediency leading to the formal announcement of lifting. Whether the lifting can be made good or not must depend largely on developments in 1930.

Three Favourable Factors.

The success of the preparation leading to the formal removal of the ban can be accounted by three main causes: First, the favourable trade balance due to the improvement of the export trade to China, the brisk demand of silk in the American market, aided by the frenzied activity of exporters to sell their goods while the exchange rate was encouraging to buyers and the inactivity of "import" operation pending the recovery of the exchange. Second, the replenishment of specie holding abroad made possible by the dollar-buying operations of the Yokohama Specie Bank, which had at the same time the virtue of checking too rapid speculative rise of the exchange-rate. Third, the miraculous intervention of the crash in New York, which brought down the American rate of interest and consequently diminished the prospect of the efflux of gold from this country. Thanks to these three technical causes the lifting has been effected with no alarm during the preparation and in the immediate future.

Public Economy.

But it is needless to say that all these causes are more or less fortuitous. Besides them there have been made two more positive preparations: the economy campaign among the public and a reduction in the Government's Budget. But the virtue of the economy campaign was illusory. The people were told to save and reduce their consumption. The result was a decreased demand, hardship to business interests, and further accumulation of superfluous capital. The decrease of demand might temporarily force down prices, and in fact it seemed to produce that effect toward the close of the past year. But on the other side it is plain that it is harder for business interests to reduce prices for less demand, and they know that the consuming power of the public is not really

reduced but is merely held in temporary abeyance. A reaction will be inevitable. The new year has already brought higher retail prices, Theatre and cinema raised admission charges and made record business.

Budget Economy.

The most substantial preparation made was the 10 per cent. reduction of the Budget. It is obvious that in order to bring the cost of production and prices, an economy campaign is needed for the Government and business management in general, and not for the average consuming public, that uses in any event very little of imported goods. But the Government's retrenchment did not go very far. Most of it was the mere suspension of the works planned by the Seiyukai Government. It was helpless to reduce military expenditure. Even in connection with the forthcoming naval conference the Government had simply to swallow the plan and propaganda put forth by the Navy. It has not yet been able to reduce a cent of the taxes that constitute a charge on industry and the consuming public. The net result of the Budget reduction was discontinuation of the loan policy, which was a relief to bankers who were overstocked with Government bonds and facing depreciation of their value.

Inflated Finance.

The financial situation of the country remains, therefore, fundamentally unaltered. The inflation caused by the relief legislation remains just as it was before. The amount of unemployable capital deposited in the Nippon Bank has not diminished in the least. The currency has not been reduced. The rate of interest stays low. New demands of capital do not arise. The lower price level that was reported toward the close of the past year has as yet had no appreciable duration and is un dependable. Retail prices, excepting those that are due to exceptional and temporary causes of the season, are yet scarcely affected. In any event the reported percentage of drop is insufficient. In short, the broad facts of the situation are about as they were before the technical preparations for the lifting of the ban was started. Nothing is yet fundamentally changed except that the ban is formally lifted.

A Critical Year.

Its consequences must develop in 1930. This year will be more critical than last, but in making a forecast we can hardly count on any positive factor or determined new effort at home. If left to home influences only the present situation will drag on. If any fundamental change is to occur it

will be forced by international factors. The question of trade balance will particularly be the determining factor. If it is going to be as good as it was last year, we shall find the broad facts of the situation at the end of the year as they are to-day, and there will be no appreciable change in the price level and rate of interest, the chronic depression and the magnitude of unemployment problem.

Balance of Trade.

But the opinion prevailing in business circles is that both exports and imports will decrease but the former will so markedly decrease that in spite of the effort to check import operation we shall have an import excess that will leave from Yen 100 to 150 million deficit in the total international account. Without attempting to analyse this opinion of business circles it can be said that last year was an exception, and a deficit of from 300 to 300 millions was an average for the past ten years. The country is going to this year's foreign trade with a special handicap due to the recovery of the exchange-rate. Therefore, even with the utmost effort to check import operations, a deficit of from 100 to 150 millions seems to be a modest estimation. Since the specie holding abroad is increased to over Yen 300 millions, gold needs not be actually shipped out to cover this deficit.

Investments Abroad.

The other possibility of the efflux of gold is investment in foreign markets in search of a margin of profit in the different rates of interest. But the possible margin is now greatly reduced by lower rates of interest in America and Britain that followed the New York stock crash. There is also a voluntary agreement among the leading bankers not to send out their surplus capital. That agreement was made to prevent the rise of interest at home. Mr. Inouye has been particularly cautious to provide against that tendency. It might seem strange that with unemployable deposits, still fluctuating between Yen 400 and Yen 500 millions, in the Nippon Bank's vault the financial authorities should be afraid of the rising tendency of the rate of interest. But the fact is that the present low rate of interest is maintained by the existence of that idle capital, and any appreciable diminution of it would psychologically bring up the rate of interest, which would be an alarm to the financial situation that has been stabilized on the basis of the inflation caused by the relief legislation.

(Continued on Page 4.)

THE HONGKONG

PENINSULA HOTEL,
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PEAK HOTEL.

AND

SHANGHAI

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Directly under European
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arranged for
and Special Cars
Taken of TOURISTS.
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LIGHTS
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ARMS & AMMUNITION STORE,
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POSTAGE STAMPS
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in Approval Books.
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HONG KONG HANSARD RE-
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HONG KONG DAILY PRESS OFFICE.

Courtesy, Comfort, Service
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ITS STANDARD (QUALITY) IS NEVER LOWERED.
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Diary of Coming Events.

To-day.
(January 24.)
Christian Fellowship Meeting,
Helena May Institute, 10.30 a.m.
Ellis Kadoorie School, prize
giving, 10.30 a.m.
Opening of Ying Wa College,
Mongkok by H. T. 11 a.m.
Lammert's Auction: Office and
household furniture, 2.30 p.m.
Fairlea School, Speech Day, in
St. Stephen's College Great Hall,
3 p.m.
Polo: Finals of America Tour-
nament, 4.45 p.m.
Opening of Kowloon Branch
Helena May Institute, 8 Anai
Villas, Austin Road, Kowloon, 5
p.m.
Queen's Theatre: "In Old
Arizona."
World Theatre: "Sin Sister"
and "Kiang Nam Girl" (Chinese
picture).
Star Theatre: "A Single Man"
(matinee only).
Majestic Theatre: "The City
Gone Wild."
Ten Dances: H.K. Hotel, Penin-
sula Hotel, 8 p.m.

Dinner Dances: H.K. Hotel and
Peninsula Hotel, 8.30 p.m.
Times:—High, 6.31 a.m. and 5.55
p.m.; Low, 12.28 a.m. and 10.50 p.m.

Saturday.
(January 25.)
Government Vernacular Middle
School, Yau-mat, Prize giving, 11
a.m.
Fanning Hunt and Race Club:
Hounds Meet Hunter's Arms, 3.30
p.m.
Hockey: Hong Kong Ladies'
Hockey Club v. Recreation.

Cricket:—Division I: Craigen-
gower v. Civil Service (L), Indian
R.C. v. Army (L), Navy v. Kow-
loon (P), H.K.C.C. Married v.
Single (F), Division II: Recreation
v. Civil Service (L), R.E. and R.S.
v. University (F), Kowloon C.C. v.
R.A.S.C. (F).

Football:—Shield Competition,
Senior: Somersets v. St. Joseph's,
Junior: Somersets v. Navy, South
China v. St. Joseph's, Kowloon v.
Chinese Athletic.

Annual Concert and Dance: Elit
Hall, 8 p.m.

Queen's Theatre: "In Old
Arizona."
World Theatre: "Sin Sister"
and "Kiang Nam Girl" (Chinese
picture).
Star Theatre: "A Single Man"
(matinee only).
Majestic Theatre: "The City
Gone Wild."
Ten Dances: H.K. Hotel, Penin-
sula Hotel, 8 p.m.

European Mails:—Outward:
Europe via Marseilles (Hakozaki
Maru), 9.30 a.m.

Sunday.
(January 26.)
Third Sunday After Epiphany.
Fanning Hunt and Race Club:
Paper chase, meet at Silva's Bunga-
low, 2.45 p.m.
Cricket: Combined League v.
United Services, C.R.C. ground, 11
a.m.
Queen's Theatre: "Hollywood
Rogue."
World Theatre: "Annie Laurie."
Star Theatre: "Romance of the
Underworld."
Ten Dances: Repulse Bay Hotel,
4.30 p.m.

150 HATS at \$5.
MAKE YOUR CHOICE
TO-DAY
AT
THE DOLLY VARDON HAT SHOP

PAMELA

There is One Sale
which no woman will
willingly miss

THE WINTER SALE

Chez

PAMELA

of

13, Queen's Road Central.



FELIX HAT SHOP

7, ICE HOUSE STREET.

HATS

and

GOWNS

SMART, INEXPENSIVE & ATTRACTIVE

Inspection Cordially Invited.

THE PIONEER SILK STORE

CHINA BUILDING & PENINSULA HOTEL.

BRIDGE COATS.

in crepe de Chine and Canton crepe,
useful and decorative.

**NEW:—SHANGHAI, EMBROIDERED
UNDERWEAR, PAJAMAS,
KAYSER SILK STOCKINGS.**

In the Ladies' Salon

STOCK-TAKING SALE



The well-dressed woman will not
miss the opportunity offered by
this sale. All goods are very
materially reduced and there are some wonder-
ful bargains.

LANE, CRAWFORD, LTD.

LADIES' SALON (MEZZANINE FLOOR).

TEL. C. 4567.

WOMAN'S PAGE.

THE JANUARY SALES.

SOME BARGAINS IN HONG KONG SHOPS.

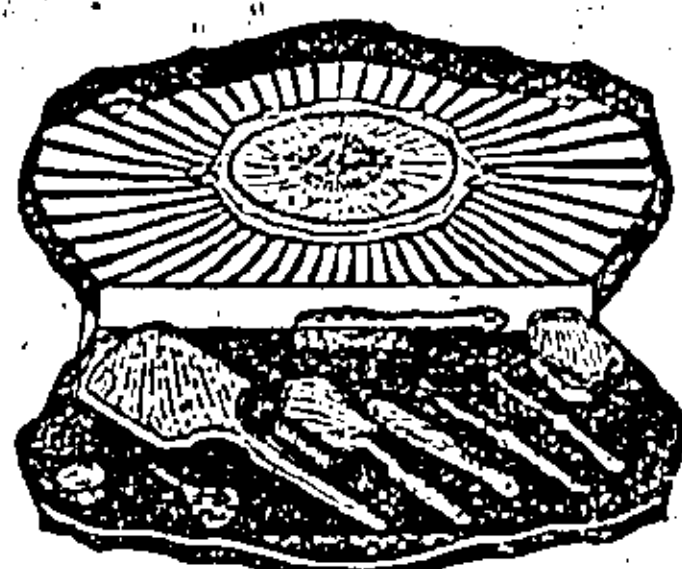


There are all sorts of delight-
ful wools at Whiteaway, Laid-
law's.

CHEZ PAMELA.

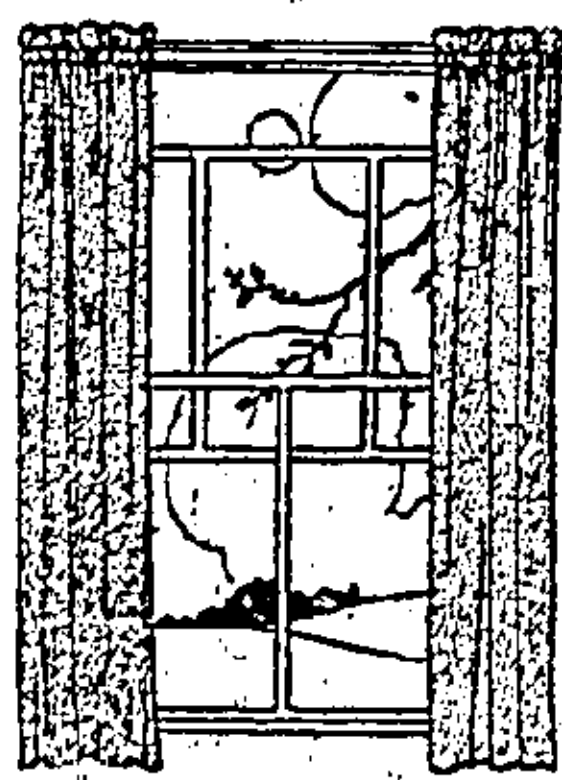
Pamela's sale always attracts the
woman who appreciates good
clothes; and is even more tempting
than usual this year on account of
the very large stock of lovely things
which Madame Flint recently
brought from Paris. There are
some beautifully cut coats with the
new flared line which are reduced
by 25 per cent. Hats and bags are
half price while frocks are marked
down from 15 per cent. to 50 per
cent. of their original price.

To those of you who know
Pamela's I need say no more than
that this sale offers a splendid
chance to get delightful garments
at unusually advantageous prices.



The silver ware department of
Lane, Crawford's offers a chance
to get delightful things at bar-
gain prices.

To the rest of you I can only say
one thing—take advantage of this
opportunity to make the acquaint-
ance of a very attractive shop and
secure some clothes of the type for
which every woman with taste
yearns, at prices which everyone can
afford.



Curtain materials are very
cheap now in Whiteaway, Laid-
law's.

HOLLY MACAROONS.

Holly macaroons made with red
sugar look very Christmassy.

To make the red sugar, place so-
veral spoonfuls sugar in a cup,
moisten with cochineal, and stir
until it is the desired shade. Re-
peat until the required amount of
sugar is obtained. If only a few
spoonfuls of sugar are coloured at
one time, the colour is more even.

The macaroons require three egg-
whites beaten stiff, three-quarters
cup red sugar, one-half pound
shredded coconut, and a pinch of
salt. Mix and drop from a tea-
spoon on buttered baking pan.
Place a quarter of a candied cherry
on each macaroon.

ROUND A BIG STORE.

Whiteaway, Laidlaw's at sale
time is always tempting and never
more so than at present. Women, I
suppose, are divided into two
classes when it comes to a question
of sales shopping. There are those
who spend a fevered week trying to
secure smart frocks, shoes, etc., at
bargain prices and often failing to
get what they want through lack
of system, and those who make a
careful plan of campaign and take
the best advantage of the chance
which the sales offer to get neces-
sities as well as luxuries at a low
price. The latter sort of woman
will not neglect Whiteaway, Laid-
law's.

It is a good plan to divide up
your days to spend one in search
of things for yourself, another in
buying for your husband, or the



There are about 150 lovely
hats in the Dolly Vardon Hat
Shop all reduced to \$5.

children, and a third buying for
the home. You probably know
what your hope to get for yourself,
but it is much wiser to make a list
of what you need for the house and
the children.

At Whiteaway's, if you are aware,
you will look at the special bar-
gains in blankets and eiderdowns,
at house and bed linen, which is
remarkably cheap, and at crotonnes
and furnishing materials which
may now be secured very advan-
tageously. You will get some
dusters, and any kitchen pots and
pans or crockery which is needed,
or will be needed in the near
future.

Then haberdashery, wools, elastic
ribbons, needles buttons, all the
hundred and one small things which
are always needed. For the child-
ren there are great bargains in
knitted garments, shoes underwear,
and delightful little clotheons. A
big collection of hats, for yourself,
and ladies' shoes also offers chances
of securing sound bargains. While
for your husband there are any
number of things you may safely
buy at a considerable saving, and
many more which you should per-
suade him to get for himself.



Some exquisite undies are
offered at bargain prices at
Lane, Crawford's in the Ladies'
Salon.



Lane, Crawford's have some
great bargains in ladies' shoes.

MY DOG AND YOURS.

"The more I see of men, the more
I like dogs," wrote an eighteenth
century cynic. Nearly all of us
are disposed at times to agree with
him, and a cordial welcome is assur-
ed to Mr. Walker's verses, which
are sometimes jolly, sometimes
wistful, and equally "understand-
ing" whether addressed from
Dog to Man or from Man to
Dog. The choice of books for pre-
sents is often extremely difficult,
especially when the recipient's
tastes are not well known, but here
is a volume as to which there can
be no manner of doubt whatever.
G. L. Stamp's many charming
drawings in tint add greatly to the
value and interest of this little
volume, "My Dog and Yours" by
Joe Walker, which you can get at
the Book Shop and Bible Depot.
The delightful little poem "A sad
dog" is one of those in a lighter
vein.



The men folk will find great
bar gains at Lane, Crawford's,
Powell's and Whiteaway's.

A SAD DOG.

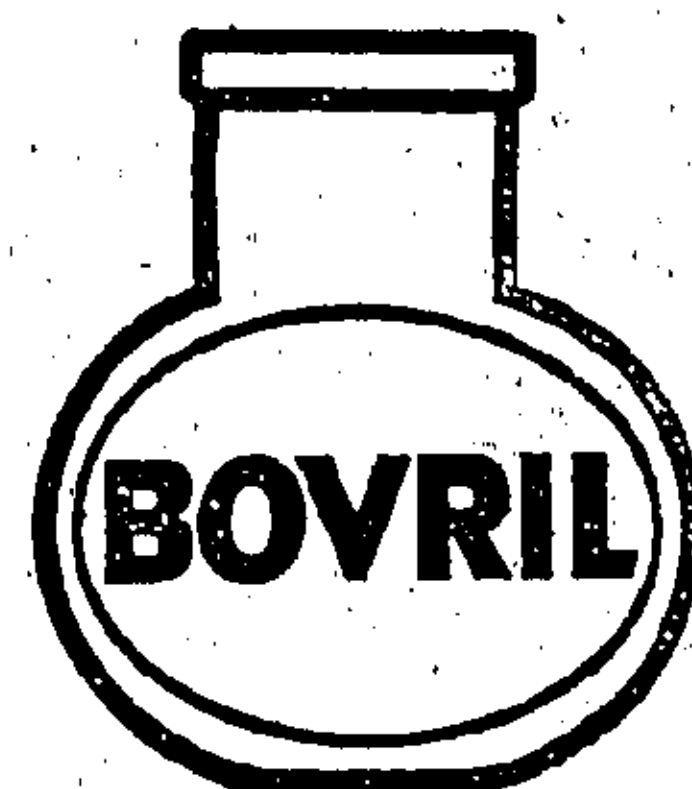
Don't like postmen with their
bags,
Don't like tramps in smelly rags,
Don't like cats who swarm up
trees,
Don't like soap (but don't like
fleas),
Don't like next-door Mrs. Jones,
Don't like pals who steal my
bones,
Don't like draughts and don't like
cold.



The Children's Department of
Lane, Crawford's will appeal to
mothers.

Don't like doing what I'm told,
Don't like dustmen's dirty faces,
Don't like boys who make grim-
aces,
Don't like walking with the pram,
Don't like doors that shut, ker-
blam!
Don't like gas-fires when they
plon,
Don't like Cook when "Where's
that chop?"
Don't like Polly when she swears,
Don't like being turned off chairs,
Don't like wasps (their feet are
hot),
Don't like—quite an awful lot
Of things that make a fellow sad:
Still, on the whole, life's not too
bad.

**Take the
bull by the
bottle**

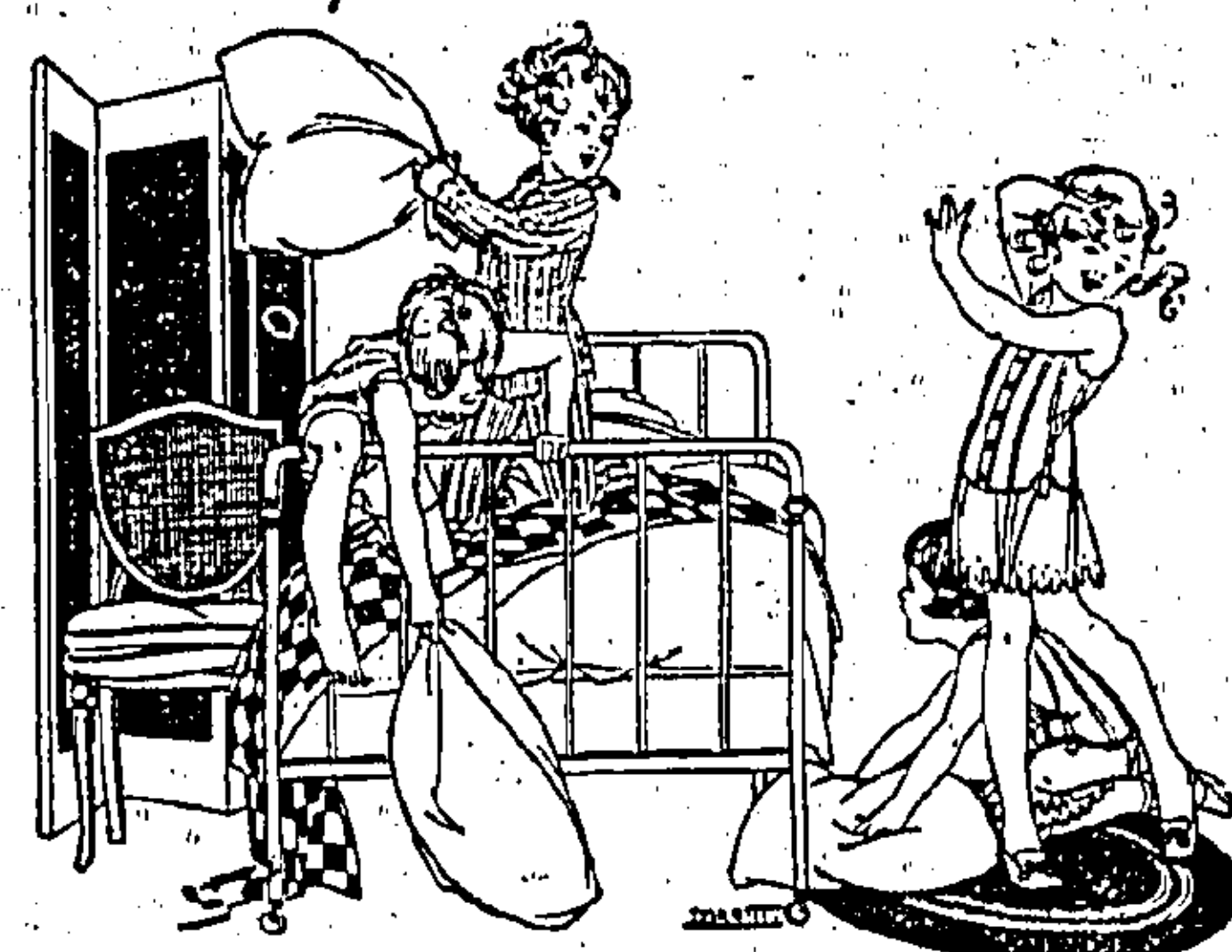


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LIBERTY BODICES

FOR

FREEDOM, HEALTH & HAPPINESS.



The Liberty Bodice fits like a glove, gives to every
movement, prevents fatigue and gives correct sup-
port to the wearer in any position. The porous fabric
of which they are made washes and wears splendidly.

SIZES 2 to 13.

SALE
PRICES \$1.75 to \$2.95

LADIES' OUTFITTING DEPARTMENT.

WHITEAWAY, LAIDLAW & CO., LTD.

THE BOOK SHOP & BIBLE DEPOT.

A COLLECTION of NEW BOOKS
for Young and Old.

HAS JUST ARRIVED, PLAY BOOKS,
STUDY BOOKS, MOTHERS' BOOKS
AND BABY'S BOOKS.

PIONEER NEWS.

Have you seen those delightful
little bridge coats which the Pioneer
Silk Store are now showing? They
are cut rather like a cardigan, with
a distinctly "tailored" look and
two inset pockets. Made of a good
quality crepe de chine, or Canton
crepe and well lined with heavy
jap silk, they are warm as well as
decorative. You can get them in
nearly all colours with a printed
design in black, white or two well
chosen tones. We often think, after
the first joy in them, that Oriental
goods are apt to be too colourful
and over decorated, and it is just
in this respect that these bridge
coats are so pleasing. The decoration
is restrained and in excellent
taste. Either as an extra slip on
coat, or in combination with a
matching silk skirt these coats will
prove useful and most attractive.

Among other new goods, are
triangular scarves of printed geor-
gette and crepe de chine, Shanghai
embroidered underwear, printed
crepe de chine pyjama sets and a
fresh shipment of Kayser stockings.

IN THE LADIES' SALON.

HALF A MINUTE TOO
LATE.

There was a most delightful air
of bustle about the Ladies' Salon
of Lane, Crawford's on Monday—
the first of the stocktaking sale.
Everyone looked happy and pur-
chases were being secured as fast as
the assistants could serve the eager
customers. There is no doubt that
it is from the point of view of the
woman who goes to buy a really
good sale. Everything is reduced
and there are some very special
bargains as well. I was just half a
minute too late to secure a full
length green leather coat for \$15—
I shall regret that half minute for
years! Shoes and corsets offer some
excellent bargains, and there are
oddments in silk and Colanese
underwear which are very cheap in-
deed. A big stock of frocks for all
times of day are all materially
reduced as are coats and millinery.
Woolies, which we need so much,
just at present, are very cheap—
lovely three piece ensembles for
about \$30 and \$40 which were
originally very much more.

ENO

Look fit! Feel fit!
ENO will help you

Real physical fitness means strength, energy, high spirits. And fitness depends on inner cleanliness—the punctual and regular elimination of poisonous wastes from the system. That is where Eno's "Fruit Salt" helps, by keeping your system prompt and thorough in its most important duty. Eno is a safe, pleasant laxative, and contains no habit-forming drug—no purgative mineral salt.

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"FRUIT SALT"

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EFFERVESCENT
SALINE

FOR SALE IN
TWO SIZES AT
ALL CHEMISTS
AND
COMPRADORE
SHOPS



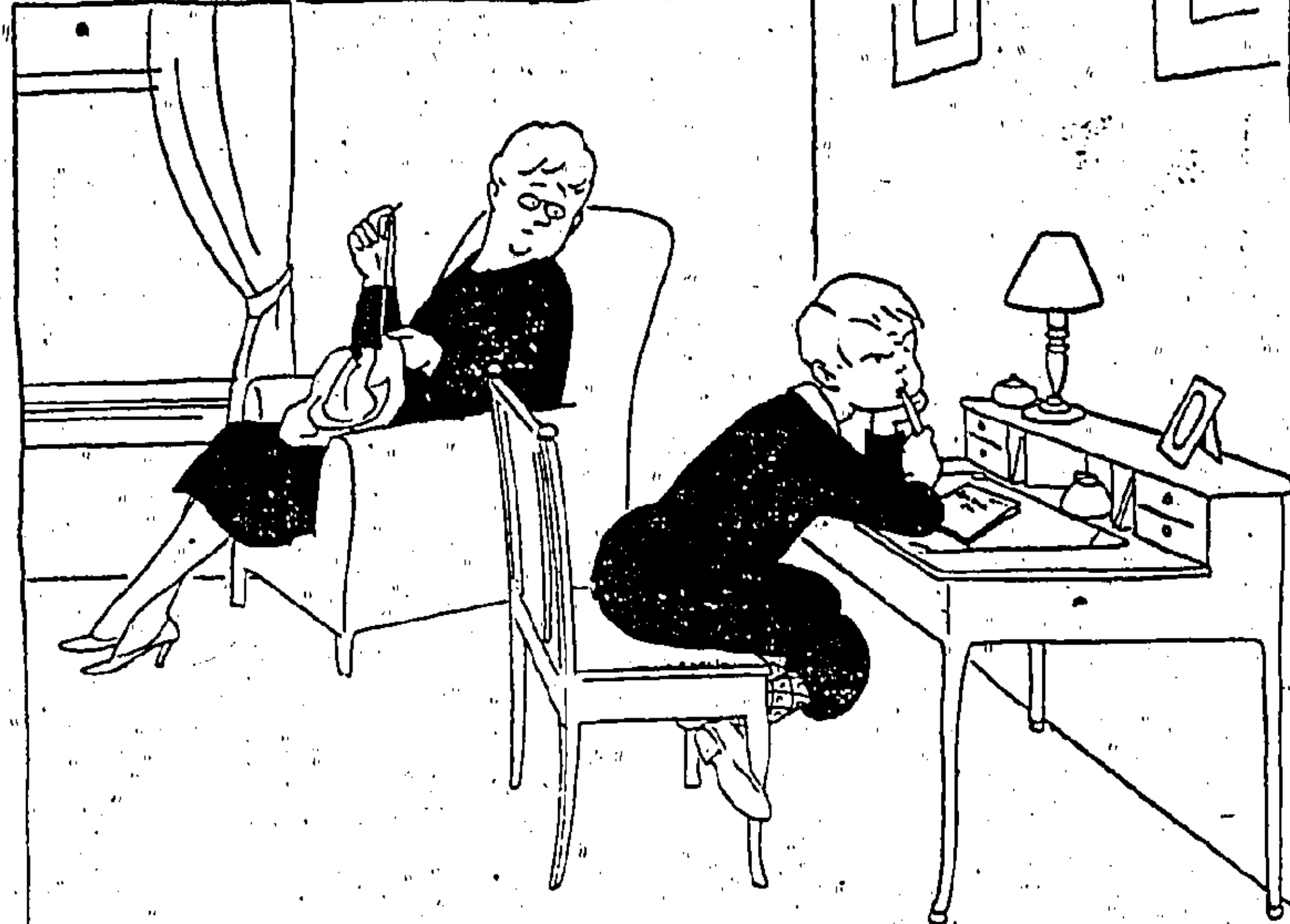
The words "Fruit Salt" and "Eno" and the label on the package are the registered trade marks of J. C. Eno, Ltd., London, England.

General Sales Agents:
HAROLD F. RITCHIE & CO., Inc.
Princes Building, Hong Kong.

WOMAN'S PAGE

THE WORLD AT ITS WORST

By GLUYAS WILLIAMS



THAT DREADED TIME WHEN YOU CAN'T
THINK UP ANY MORE EXCUSES AND HAVE TO
SIT DOWN AND WRITE TO ALL YOUR RELATIVES
TO THANK THEM FOR YOUR CHRISTMAS PRESENTS.

GLUYAS WILLIAMS

(Copyright, 1929, by The Bell Syndicate, Inc.)

MEDIUM LOOKS ARE BEST FOR A CAREER.

"Is she also pleasant to look at, without being a raving beauty?" asked the man to whom I had just been recommending a secretary.

Coming on the top of a series of questions about her speed at short-hand, previous employment, and general intelligence and ability, it

time than is really necessary. She cannot terminate an interview in the same way as a girl who is merely averagely good looking.

"To prevent people wasting her time she has to adopt a very brisk manner, and, of course, we do not want our clients treated like that. There are certain jobs in which great beauty is a tremendous advantage, but it is the opposite in an office like ours."

Talented As Well.

It was not the first time I had heard the same opinion expressed. I came away wondering if beauty can really be so fatal to its owner, if she happens to be ambitious and not content to sit still and be admired.

Of course, if she possesses overwhelming talents in some direction her "fatal beauty" will make no difference. But she has to be a good deal above the average.

The difficulty is that when once the word beautiful has been prefixed to a girl's name in people's minds, they refuse to realise that she might equally well be described as capable or clever.

This disinclination to believe that brains and the capacity for hard work can be combined with great beauty certainly exists in most employers' minds.

A few months ago, I had another example. This time the job in question consisted of working alone in a separate room on certain research work, so the effect of fatal beauty on clients of the firm did not arise.

A friend of mine had held the post for some years, and on leaving was asked to suggest a successor. Among the names she put forward far and away the most suitable was that of a really lovely girl. Her qualifications were of the highest and the head of the business seemed impressed.

"What is her name?" he said. "Cynthia X." "That's not the beautiful Miss X. you introduced me to the other day? Oh, but one could not expect a really lovely girl to slog away at a job like this, where she would not see any one all day long. Besides, we want some one who will stop. She is sure to get married at once."

The woman who had recommended her knew that it was no use to argue. The girl was particularly intelligent and hard working, and tremendously interested in the particular research work.

She would probably marry fairly soon, but so would the nice looking, but not beautiful, young person who finally got the job. Both were the marrying type. While men have come to realise the ordinary woman's business abilities, the beauty is still considered to be all absorbed in her emotional life.

Where Beauty Tells.

Still things are not quite as gloomy as that for the beauty who determines on some other career than that of climbing to any heights she likes by a brilliant marriage.

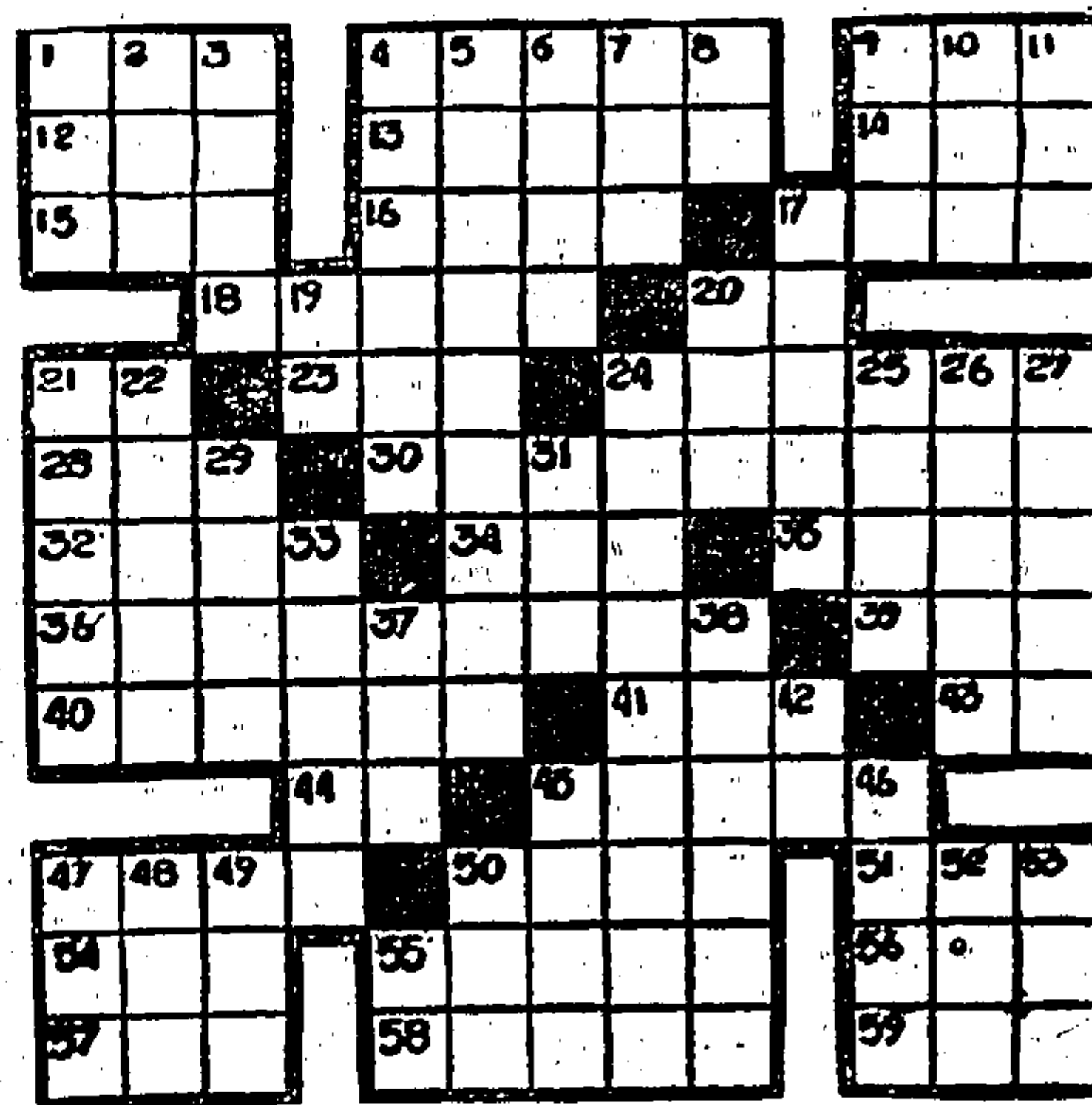
There are whole host of professions, apart from the stage, where great beauty is a tremendous advantage. In almost every profession

where taste is all important she beats the other woman every time.

If she runs a decorating business or a luxury shop of some kind, people believe she must know what is really beautiful, being so beautiful herself.

(Continued on next Column.)

CROSSWORD PUZZLE.



Horizontal.

- 1.—Existed.
- 4.—Monastery.
- 9.—To wager.
- 12.—A lubricant.
- 13.—Innocent.
- 14.—Before.
- 15.—Age.
- 18.—Woody plant.
- 17.—Simple.
- 19.—Bravery.
- 22.—Behold.
- 21.—Alternating current (abbr.).
- 23.—To sew up edge.
- 24.—To cease.
- 25.—Chum.
- 26.—Abed.
- 27.—Tune.
- 28.—Sailor.
- 29.—To look at closely.
- 30.—Finished.
- 31.—A beverage.
- 40.—One who cheers.
- 41.—Small house.
- 43.—Latin for and.
- 44.—French for and.
- 45.—Flower essence.
- 47.—To do chores.
- 50.—Narrow opening.
- 51.—Man's name.
- 61.—Pronoun.
- 55.—To entwine.
- 56.—To study.
- 57.—Moist.
- 58.—Relieved.
- 59.—Solution.

Vertical.

- 1.—Sorrow.
- 2.—Tune.
- 3.—European.
- 4.—Deer's horn.
- 5.—Weather gauge.
- 6.—Coffin.
- 7.—Girl's name.
- 8.—Old pronoun.
- 9.—To be.
- 10.—To mistake.
- 11.—Golf mound.
- 17.—Biblical leader.

WHEN YOU BUY TIES.

[By AN EXPERT.]

If you are including one or two ties for your husband on your list of sales shopping read these hints before buying them.

Before entering the shop decide on the colour of the tie wanted, otherwise the assortment displayed is apt to be confusing.

If a narrow knitted tie is favoured, it should be closely woven and the silk soft. Then it will not readily crease, and will prove hard-wearing.

In an open-end tie, good quality silk is soft and supple, will give to the touch, and has a subdued sheen. A poor quality silk is often shiny, stiff, and crackly and is liable to split.

The bias tie is made in every conceivable variety of silks and designs. If the large end sets flat, this denotes expert cut and good make, while the contrary is shown by slight wrinkles.

The pattern on a tie is an important matter to the average man. A wise choice is a small, neat and well-blended design on a dark background. If there is any doubt, a dark tie is always a safe choice.

The majority of men prefer quiet colours. The only exception is the Regimental or Club tie, which should invariably be purchased from well-established shops to ensure the correct blend of colours.

A Comforting Reflection.

But she must remember that her beauty has its limitations as well as its advantages and, except in very exceptional cases, restrict herself to the careers specially provided for her.

The merely nice looking girl who envies her at parties or dances can comfort herself with the reflection that while she has the whole world of careers at her feet, when it comes to getting a job and not a husband or admirers, the beauty has not nearly the same choice.

QUEEN'S

ALL-TALKING
IN OLD
ARIZONA



FOX MOVIE TONE NEWS

H. M. KING GEORGE V. speak MASOAGNI directing a 3,000 piece band. Whitey Smith's orchestra in Shanghai.

H.M. GUSTAF V. of Sweden at tennis. Mussolini honoring air heroes. Capt. Knight's tame golden eagle. Close of bull-fight season in Spain.

TO-DAY & TO-MORROW
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SINGLE MAN



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TO-MORROW at 2.30 & 5.30.
At 9.15
"ITALIAN OPERA"

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GLAX-OVO

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for men, women & children

Needs no milk—there's plenty in it.
Only hot water—made in a minute.

Agents: W. R. LOXLEY & CO., HONG KONG.
Send 10 cent stamp for sample and booklet. 29/1



Pamela has some lovely clothes in her sale, including some really smart coats.

did seem a somewhat curious question from a serious minded employer. He went on to explain:—

"Looks are really important when one is looking for this sort of confidential secretary," he said. "She will have to arrange all sorts of things with people for me. A nice-looking, well-dressed girl can do this much better than a dowdy, ugly young woman."

Social Success.

"Any one will do what she suggests so much more readily. Besides one likes to have some one pleasant to look at about the place."

"A raving beauty is always a mistake in a job like this," he continued. "Even if her social success

is a really serious worker, every man who comes into the office is sure to take up far more of her

time than is really necessary. She cannot terminate an interview in the same way as a girl who is merely averagely good looking.

SHOPPING GUIDE

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IMPORTED FROZEN

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HONG KONG VOLUNTEER DEFENCE CORPS.

[ORDERS BY LT.-COL. L. G. BIRD, D.S.O., C.B.E., COMMANDANT.]

No. 4/30.

1.—Correct Numbering of Corps Orders.

Orders published on January 9th and 16, 1930, will be numbered 2/30 and 3/30 respectively. Those of today's date are numbered 4/30.

2.—Corps Orders.

The attention of all ranks is drawn to the fact that orders will be issued on Wednesday, January 23, and not on Thursday, January 24. O.C. units will please send all orders they wish published to Headquarters on the afternoon of Tuesday, January 23.

3.—Departure of H.E. the Governor.

The Armoured Car Company, both Sections will act as personal escort on Sunday, January 26. Range Officer: Lieut. M. A. Johnson, M.M.

4.—Camp Pay List.

O.C. units who have not yet returned their Camp Pay sheets to Headquarters will do so by Monday, January 27.

5.—Musketry Table "T" Parts I. and II.

The Engineer Company and Signals will fire this course at Stonecutters on Sunday, January 26.

6.—Sergeants' Mess.

A Sergeants' Mess meeting will be held at Volunteer Headquarters at 6 p.m. on Thursday, February 6.

7.—Corps Band.

The Band will parade as strong as possible at 5.30 p.m. on Tuesday, January 28, in multi for Band Practice.

8.—The Battery.

Parade at Headquarters for Gun Drill on Friday, January 24, at 5.30 p.m.

9.—Engineer Company.

Sunday, January 26. Musketry Part I. at Stonecutters. Dress: Musketry order, uniform or multi.

Launch will leave Queen's Pier at 9 a.m. and Kowloon Pier at 9.10 a.m.

10.—Corps Signal.

Parade at Corps Headquarters at 5.30 p.m. on Monday, January 27, for signal training.

Dress: Multi.

Musketry: Part I. Table "T" will be fired at Stonecutters Range on Sunday, January 26.

Dress: Musketry order uniform or multi.

Launch will leave Queen's Pier at 9 a.m. and Kowloon Police Pier at 9.10 a.m.

11.—Machine Gun Troop.

Thursday, January 30, Chinese New Year holiday, no parade.

12.—Armoured Car Company.

Car Section and Motor Cycle Section both parade at Headquarters at 5.30 p.m. on January 24, for Machine Gun instruction.

13.—Machine Gun Company.

The Company will parade as strong as possible at 5.30 p.m. on Tuesday, January 28, for Machine Gun Training. All those who have not drawn their Camp Pay will do so on this date.

Musketry Table "T" The Company will fire at Stonecutters on Sunday, February 2, launch leaving Queen's Pier at 9 a.m. and Kowloon Police Pier at 9.20 a.m.

Range Officer: 2/Lieut. D. M. Richards.

Dress: Multi or uniform optional with breeches and pouches.

Rifles may be drawn at Headquarters after parade on Tuesday, Friday, and Saturday being Chinese New Year holidays.

14.—Portuguese Company.

The Company will parade for training under Platoon arrangements on Friday, January 24, at Headquarters at 5.30 p.m.

There will be no parade on Friday, January 24.

Parade. The next parade will be on Friday, February 7, at 5.30 p.m. at Headquarters under Platoon arrangements.

Rifles. All ranks are reminded that all rifles and bayonets not yet returned to Corps Stores should be returned immediately.

15.—Leave.

No. 767 Sergt. E. D. Labrousse, Armoured Car Section, returned from leave as from date.

No. 1121 L. Sergt. G. E. L. Johnson, No. 3 Platoon, returned from leave as from date.

No. 852 Pte. H. E. Scriven, Reserve Company, returned from leave as from date.

No. 728 Corp. A. W. Satter, Engineer Company, returned from leave as from date.

(Continued at foot of next column).

JAPAN'S FINANCIAL TROUBLES.

(Continued from Page 1.)

Anxiety for the Future.

As far as it can be foreseen the development in 1930 will, therefore, depend on what vital difference the trade deficit of Yen 100 or 150 millions might make on the rate of interest. Despite the existence of the idle capital the rate of interest has been stiffening since the summer of the last year. The loss of Yen 100 or 150 millions cannot but aggravate this tendency, psychologically at least. The financial alarm of 1930 will rise from this direction, and if the efflux of money is greater than the Yen 100 or 150 millions the alarm will be more serious. Bankers, then, will be extremely cautious to make advances and even with the existence of some idle capital the rate of interest may go soaring up. It might result in a hysterical situation. Mr. Inouye has observed that the gold standard could be lifted because he felt sure that there was no immediate prospect of a higher rate of interest. "If there were," he said, "I would not have lifted the ban." If there were, he might said, lifting would invite a panic.

Higher Interest.

But if the trade deficit continues a higher rate of interest will be inevitable sooner or later. If it does not come this year it will come next year. The real preparation for the gold standard is not made until the financial situation is so readjusted that it can withstand the returns of the rate of interest to the world's normal level, and business management is so economized that through lower prices the fear of trade deficit can be eliminated. That should have been the real preparation for the lifting of the ban. But since we have not made it before lifting, it remains to be made during 1930. Or the lifting that was so far made possible only by the combination of fortuitous circumstances and technical jugglery will end in failure. We have caught the thief but we have, as the Japanese phrase has it, still to make a rope.

CONSTITUTION OF CEYLON.

MAJORITY FOR NEW SCHEME.

The Legislative Council in Colombo recently accepted the proposed Constitutional Reforms by a majority of two. There was a crowded House, which received the result quietly. Of the 19 members in favour of accepting there were nine Sinhalese, four Kandyan, one Burgher, one Tamil, three Europeans, and one European territorial member, Mr. Freeman. The official members and the Vice-President did not vote. About 500 supporters of the Labour Party cheered the members who voted for accepting as they left the Chamber. The Reforms which the Council has accepted are those of the Donoughmore Commission, slightly modified by Lord Passfield, Secretary of State for the Colonies. The present Constitution was described as "an unqualified failure" by the Commission, which proposed, as a substitute, government by committee. The departments of government were to be divided into ten groups. Three groups would be left in charge of Colonial Secretary of Ceylon, the Attorney-General, and the Treasurer; the chairmen of the other groups, chosen by the Council, would have the status of Ministers. The Commission also proposed that the Council should consist of a maximum of 90 members, 65 to be elected; that powers of veto should be reserved to the Governor; that instead of the present electorate (which numbers only 4 per cent. of the population) manhood suffrage should be granted, that women over 30 should have the vote, and that communal representation should be abolished. Lord Passfield modified the scheme in some minor respects. He proposed, among other matters, that women should have the vote on the same terms as men, that the Council should consist of 50 elected members, with eight Nominated Unofficial members, and the three Officers of State, and that, in view of the large and unsettled Indian population, a domicile qualification for the vote—akin to naturalization qualification—should be imposed. In a dispatch dated October 10 Lord Passfield announced his decision, and asked that the Council should consider the proposals.

LAMMERTS AUCTIONS

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Including:—

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On View from THURSDAY, the 23rd, JANUARY, 1930.

TERMS:—CASH ON DELIVERY.

LAMMERT BROS., AUCTIONEERS.

HAPPY IN PENAL SERVITUDE.

WHERE MEN ARE MADE COMFORTABLE.

John Ray (72), described as a shoemaker and a native of Portsmouth, was stated at Leeds Assizes to have served 25 years in penal servitude, eleven years in sentences of hard labour, and 25 years' detention for the prevention of crime. He pleaded guilty to breaking into a house and stealing an overcoat and to being an habitual criminal. Ray, according to the prosecution, entered the downstairs room of a house when the occupants were in bed and fell asleep on a sofa. When the wife of the occupier went downstairs in the morning and found a strange man asleep she ran back to call her husband, but in the meantime Ray awoke, took the overcoat, and went out.

Addressing the Judge, Ray said: "All the trouble has been my own fault and I hope you will treat my case from a human point of view."

Mr. Justice Hawke said: "I think the human point of view, as you call it, would be to send you to Princetown or some other similar place where, I believe, men are sometimes made quite comfortable. There are cases, I understand, where people are perfectly happy in penal servitude, where I expect you would like to go. You did this last time, however, in the least objectionable way in which it could be done, and therefore I cannot send you to penal servitude."

Ray was sentenced to 16 months' hard labour.

POPE'S ENCYCLICAL IN AMERICA.

NEW YORK "TIMES" ON ATTACK ON THE PUBLIC SCHOOL.

New York, January 13.—Commenting editorially on the Pope's Encyclical, just issued from the Vatican City, the New York Times remarks that it "will startle Americans" because it assails the institution "dearest to them—the public school, without which it is hardly conceivable that democracy could long exist."

The Times points out that Mr. Alfred E. Smith, though a Catholic, was aggressive on behalf of the public schools while he was Governor of New York.

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LUCIA di LAMMERMOOR
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Of all medicine dealers

NO ROOM FOR PIRATES!

THE TSINAN LAUNCHED.

MADAME CHEN PERFORMS THE CEREMONY.

There was a large gathering at the Taikoo Dockyard yesterday on the occasion of the launching of the Tsinan, by Madame Chen Ming Shue, who specially made the trip down from Canton for the occasion. With Madame Chen was her husband, General Chen Ming Shue, the Civil Governor of Canton.

Promptly at 4.15 p.m. Madame Chen, accompanied by Mr. T. W. R. Shaw, of the China Navigation Co., broke a bottle of champagne on the bows of the vessel, which almost immediately slid down the slipway amidst the firing of crackers and the sounding of ship's sirens.

The visitors then adjourned to the "tea room" and after all had been seated, Mr. Shaw said that it was a great pleasure to have General and Madame Chen with them. The Company appreciated very much the trouble they had taken to come all the way from Canton, and on behalf of the China Navigation Co., Ltd., he wished to thank them.

Mr. Shaw said that when they wanted a new vessel they told the Taikoo Dockyard that they wanted one on the same lines as the Taiyuan, which was launched on September 21, 1926. Not only have they done this, but they went one better, as the beam of the Tsinan exceeds that of her sister-ship by some four feet. There was more accommodation for passengers and cargo—the only thing they did not have room for on board was pirates! Every precaution had been taken on that score, and the speaker added the hope that the combined efforts of the British and Chinese Governments to wipe out the piracy menace would meet with complete success. After congratulating the Taikoo Dockyard on their splendid piece of work, Mr. Shaw asked those present to drink to the success of the Tsinan, which, together with the Tainan, would be placed on the Hong Kong-Canton-Shanghai run. Mr. Shaw then handed Madame Chen a souvenir of the occasion.

Madame Chen Speaks.

Madame Chen, who spoke in Chinese, said it was, indeed, a pleasure for her to be present. She was very grateful for the present Mr. Shaw had just handed her, and she asked those present to join her in wishing the China Navigation Company a very prosperous future. General Chen, who also spoke in Chinese, said he did not fully understand all that Mr. Shaw said as his knowledge of English was very limited. It was, however, a great pleasure for both him and his wife to be present on such an occasion. The General said he remembered he had to decline an invitation to a similar ceremony last year, and he was particularly glad to have been able to make the trip down from Canton this time. He wished the Company every prosperity, for prosperity for the Company meant prosperity for China, which in turn meant prosperity for the world. (Applause.)

The Visitors.

Among those present were:—Lady Clementi, Vice-Admiral Sir Arthur Waistell, and Lady Waistell, Commodore R. A. S. Hill, The Hon. Mr. and Mrs. W. T. Southern, Hon. Mr. and Mrs. E. R. Halifax, Hon. Mr. C. McI. Messer, Hon. Mr. and Mrs. T. H. Crenay, Hon. Sir Shou-son and Lady Chow, Hon. Dr. R. H. Kotewall, Hon. Mr. and Mrs. W. E. L. Shenton, Hon. Mr. and Mrs. A. C. Hynes, Hon. Mr. and Mrs. J. Owen Hughes, Sir Henry Gollon, Mr. Justice and Mrs. Wood, Hon. Mr. and Mrs. J. P. Braga, and many others.

Besides General and Mrs. Chen, the party from Canton included: Mr. and Mrs. Au Yang Ki, Mrs. Chan Char, Mr. and Mrs. Liang, Mr. Mack Yin Chun, and Mr. and Mrs. S. S. Wong.

Details of the Tainan.

The Tainan is 335 feet in length, with a beam of 45 feet and depth moulded to upper deck of 24 feet 9 inches, carrying a deadweight of about 3,300 tons on 18 feet draft. The vessel is built on the deep-framed system, and has two complete decks and poop, bridge and forecastle. The scantlings of the vessel have been approved by the British Corporation, and generally supervised during construction by the Hong Kong Government to obtain their Passenger Certificate.

The vessel is provided with steam windlass and capstan forward, also a warping capstan aft. Steam steering-gear is housed in poop and actuated from bridge by telemotor gear. Eight steam-winchies have been provided to work 8 steel derricks, one 15-ton derrick and one 20-ton derrick.

The vessel is rigged as a two-masted schooner, and fitted with reciprocating engines driving one shaft, and capable of driving the vessel at a speed of over 11 knots.

Machinery and boilers have been constructed entirely by the Taikoo Dockyard.

CORRESPONDENCE:

CHILD WELFARE.

[TO THE EDITOR OF THE "HONG KONG DAILY PRESS."]

Sir.—The formation of the Hong Kong Society for the Protection of Children is a praiseworthy effort on the part of those who have banded themselves together for the promotion of the permanent well-being of the neglected children in the Colony. Such an organization should have been constituted long ago. However, it is not too late to do anything in that direction at this stage of the movement for child welfare in Hong Kong. And like every worthwhile social service, the work should be prosecuted with a view to the formulation of progress of action and of education through the co-operative efforts of the various sections of the community. The programme before the Society should include four lines.

1. Child Protection.—The tragic condition of the *mui-tai* in the Colony, as revealed to us recently, has opened our eyes to the unfortunate children being constantly exploited by greedy kidnappers, unscrupulous human traders, as well as by merciless masters or mistresses. It is therefore essential to have a special committee to investigate the various incidents of cruelty and injustice done to the children. The Committee should be composed of the legal profession in the Colony.

2. Child Welfare Homes.—In time to come, there should be an adequate institution established to take care of these waifs to train them to become useful citizens through agriculture and manual trades. This Committee should be made up of men and women especially devoted to this phase of social service.

3. Child Health.—The aim for relief of the sickness of the poor and orphans under the guidance of the health expert, and therefore the Committee should be confined largely to the medical profession in the Colony.

4. Child Study and Research.—This Committee is to study and investigate the best modern methods of child training and parent education, and popularize the results of such studies to all engaged or interested in child welfare. Consequently the workers should consist of the teaching profession in the Colony.

A comprehensive programme like the above may sound Utopian to the ultra practical, but if a thing is worth doing it is worth doing well, and the suggestions are thrown out to the newly constituted Society for its careful analysis and consideration.

But so far as the writer can observe of the proceedings of the meeting of the new Society in our midst, the Committee is far from being a fair representation of the entire Colony, and for that reason I am inclined to think that the effect or object avowedly sought may not be obtained.—Yours truly,

WELFARE.

Hong Kong, January 23.

CHEUNG CHAU MURDER CASE.

SAMPAN WOMAN'S DEATH.

Before Mr. J. S. MacLaren, Assistant District Officer, New Territories, at the Court of the Southern District, Post Office Building, the hearing was resumed yesterday of a charge of murder brought against three Chinese, who are accused of murdering a woman named Kwok Ching Mui at Cheung Chau on the night of December 17. Mr. Somerset Fitzroy is in charge of the case. It will be recalled that evidence has been already given by Dr. J. E. Dovey, who made a *post mortem* examination of the deceased woman; by Sub-Inspector Hopkins of the Cheung Chau Police Station, and by seventeen other witnesses.

It is thought that robbery was the motive of the crime, as the deceased woman (who was the owner of a passenger sampan) used to wear bangles, earrings, and other kinds of jewellery. At about 8 p.m. on December 17 the three defendants, it is alleged, hired this woman's sampan to take them to a fishing junk, and when some distance out in the harbour attacked her and after a struggle pushed her into the water.

Kwok Fat In, the owner of a fishing junk, said that when he heard cries of "Save Life," he immediately told his *foks* to lower a boat, and went to pick up the woman. Later he succeeded in capturing one of the men.

The police were then notified and from information received from the captured man the authorities succeeded in tracing the two other accused.

Yesterday a further remand was ordered until 10 a.m. on Wednesday, January 23, as the police have not yet got in touch with another person said to have witnessed the struggle. This man is a fisherman, and is apparently still out at sea on a fishing-junk.

GIRL GUIDES.

ANNUAL GENERAL MEETING.

FAREWELL TO LADY CLEMENTI.

Lady Clementi, M.B.E., presided at the annual general meeting of Girl Guides, held yesterday in the Helena May Institute. She was supported by Mrs. Southern (Commissioner), Mrs. R. M. Dyer (Treasurer), and Mrs. T. H. King (Minute Secretary).

The annual report has been embodied in a well arranged booklet of 23 printed pages. Mrs. Southern read some extracts from this report, saying how very pleased she was that guiding had gained so firm a hold among girls whose homes were in the Colony. She also made reference to the valuable work done by Miss Esther Kotewall and Miss Woo.

Lady Clementi Replies.

In acknowledgment of the gift of a booklet of Hong Kong views presented to her, on behalf of the Guides by Mrs. Southern, Lady Clementi said that the book would serve to remind her of her dear, dear Hong Kong. She would carry away with her many happy thoughts of Hong Kong, but some of the happiest would be her connection with the Guide movement. When she came here four years ago, just after the great strike, which was borne with such wonderful courage and determination by everybody, the Guide movement had naturally become slightly disorganised, but it had since made great progress. She thought this was largely due to the fact that those connected with the movement were permanent residents in the Colony. The movement was backed up by people whose homes were in Hong Kong, and she could look forward to the time when it would become a very great, influential and big movement here.

A Suggestion.

They were extremely fortunate, in having as their Commissioner, Mrs. Southern, for she was an inspiration. Lady Clementi went on to say that she thought it would be very nice if they could have a corresponding Secretary in Singapore. Lady Lamson, whose illness they all so very much deplored, had suggested to her that they should have a Corresponding Commissioner in Peking, and she hoped that something like that might be arranged later. It was a great comfort to her that the geographical position of Singapore was such that she felt she was bound to hear what they were doing in Hong Kong.

"I should like," added Lady Clementi, "to extend a warm welcome to Mrs. T. H. King as Honorary Secretary. As I know from previous experience, she is an acquisition to every good cause in which she engages."

ROBBERS ACTIVE.

MIDWIFE LOSES \$1500.

With the Chinese New Year only a few days off, the Police are extremely watchful for light fingered folk, who are always active about this time.

A robbery was reported from the second floor of No. 18 Bridges Street yesterday. The occupant of the flat, a midwife, stated that the robbery must have occurred between 11.30 p.m. and 3 a.m. on Tuesday. Entrance was gained by forcing the kitchen door.

In all, money and jewellery valued at \$1,418.50, a good proportion of which was in banknotes, was stolen. According to the woman's report, two banknotes of \$500 each were among the notes taken.

The only clue in the hands of the Police is a black felt hat left by a robber—but few things are more tell-tale than a hat.



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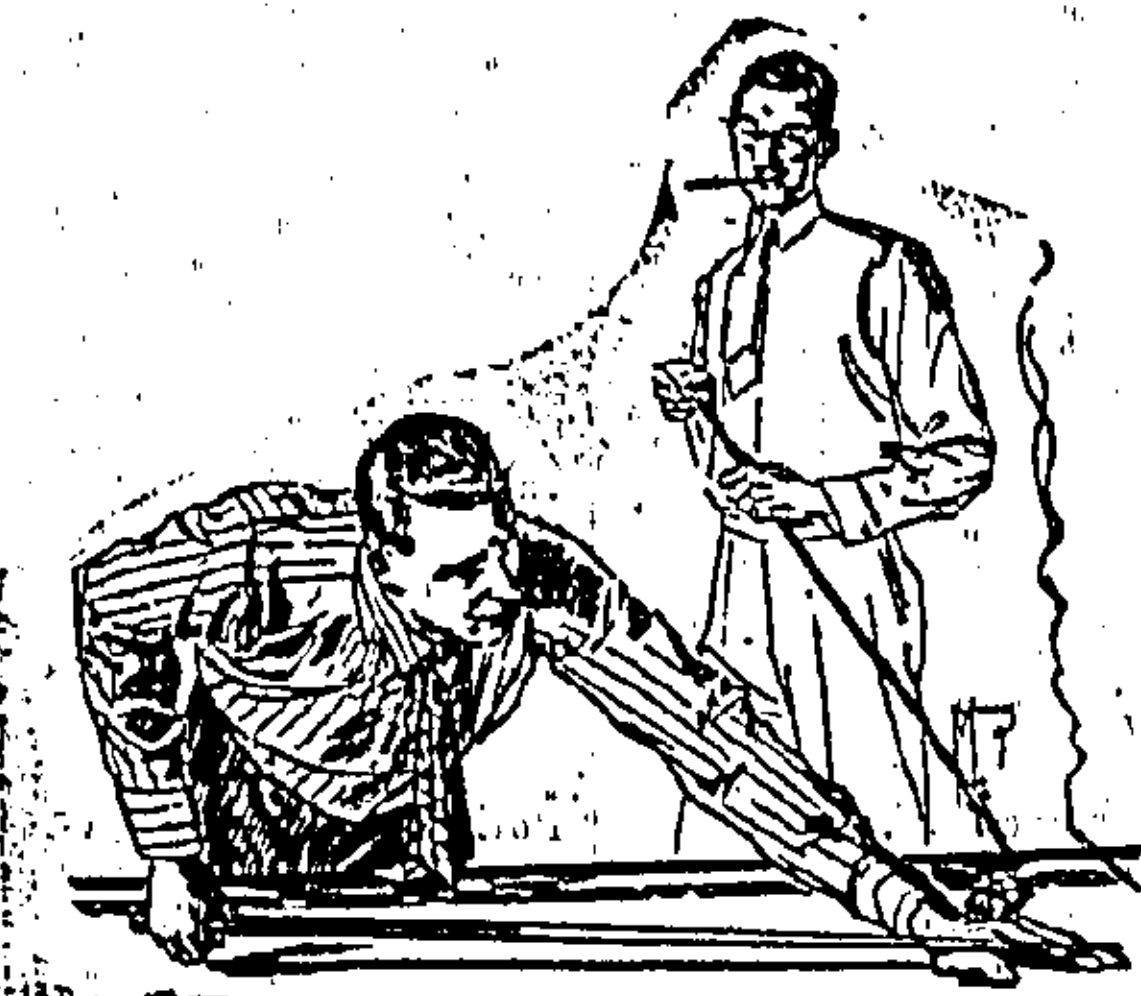
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| | You were meant for me—Fox Trot | " |
| 21927— | Walking with Susie—Fox Trot | Olsen's Music |
| | That's You Baby—Fox Trot | " |
| 21964— | The Wedding of the Painted Doll | Charles King |
| | Broadway Melody | " |
| *22012— | Singin' in the Rain—Fox Trot | Arnheim's Orchestra |
| | Your Mother and Mine—Fox Trot | Shilkret-Victor Orchestra |
| *22041— | Low Down Rhythm—Fox Trot | The High Hatters |
| | Gotta Feelin' for you—Fox Trot | " |
| 22043— | The Wedding of the Painted Doll | Victor Salon Orchestra |
| | Pagan Love Song | " |
| *22057— | Singin' in the Rain | Johnny Marvin |
| | Orange Blossom Time | " |
| 22124— | Sunny Side up—Fox Trot | Hampt's Serenaders |
| | If I had a Talking Picture of you | " |
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* From Metro-Goldwyn-Mayer Picture "Hollywood Revue of 1929" — showing at QUEEN'S THEATRE on JANUARY 25th.

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HONG KONG.

BREWER GUILTY ON FIRST CHARGE.

VIGOROUS PROTESTATION OF INNOCENCE.

JUDGE AND "SERIES OF FINANCIAL GYMNASTICS."

CASE FOR THE DEFENCE.

In addressing the jury Mr. Brewer said he was indebted to the foreman of the jury for giving him the realisation of a fact that had, until then, escaped him. When the foreman asked him how he persuaded the Directors to sign the forms, he did not realise the degree of thought that had inspired the question. Although he answered it to the best of his ability in saying he believed he had done it by personality, he now realised that behind the question was a train of reasoning which had uncovered a relevant fact which had escaped his attention. Until then he firmly believed he had done it by personality, and persuaded the Directors for the sake of the firm. He knew the arguments he used, but the question was whether he knew what motives actuated them.

The arguments were that it would materially benefit the firm if the shares and loans were treated in that manner and he was unwilling to accept the responsibility of receiving the share capital in full without an efficient banking manager, and it was apparently in response to that argument that they signed. The query put to him, however, was deeper. The question was: "Am I sure they were convinced by my arguments or were they actuated by other motives?" It was impossible for him (Mr. Brewer) to say what motives actuated the Directors, but the thought must be considered whether they were actuated by the desire to possess fully-paid shares, or whether they were actuated by the desire merely to produce an increase of capital receipts.

Mrs. Brewer's Position.

Mr. Brewer said he had always been under the impression that Mrs. Brewer was a trustee, but the letter, written by the Directors did not use the word "trustee" and the letter did not accept the offer to refund, but instead the Directors made certain requests, to buy certain shares, to sell certain shares and to hand the proceeds to the company as to the 90 per cent. Mrs. Brewer received the \$48,000 worth of shares from him (Mr. Brewer). She used it in paying ten per cent. on 4,800 shares allotted to her personally and registered in her name. She, herself, was fully responsible as principal in company law for the payment of the entire uncancelled capital. She applied for a loan of \$432,000, in respect of which she was guaranteed by the Directors in their personal capacity. With that loan, Mrs. Brewer was liable for uncalled capital, subject only to the protection of the Directors' guarantee which they both trusted. Subject to that she could have been required to pay the loan in full and if she did not, then execution could be levied and she could have been sent to prison.

Correction From the Bench.

His Lordship: That is not so, although I did not disagree with it before.

Mr. Brewer: I am sure there is imprisonment for debt.

His Lordship: You may take it from me that that is not so.

Mr. Brewer replied that that was their belief and under those circumstances she would not have signed for the loan and he would not have permitted her to do so, had they not both been entirely confident that the Directors were substantial men and able to pay their guarantee.

Allegations of Jugglery.

With regard to the transactions generally, were they actual transactions or not? It had been suggested by the prosecution they were mere jugglery, having no value and capable of being set aside. In two cases the latter applications had been made on, taken through the judgment and the defendant had, in no case, alleged there was any ground for setting it aside. At the present moment the Official Receiver was suing a man on one of the application loans for the full amount, although the calls had not yet been made 100 per cent. It had also been suggested that by the scheme, the shares were capable of indefinite expansion, that one could equally well make the capital ten million dollars if desired. The answer to that was it was not possible to do the transactions at all unless there was a person willing to accept the liability. They must realise that although actual banknotes might not have been taken out of pockets and paid in respect of the shares, the mere fact of a person having to guarantee to pay cash on demand was sufficient to prevent people going in for unlimited quantities of shares in that manner.

Mr. Brewer said the liabilities of both parties had suffered a very material alteration. The shareholder benefited inasmuch as he had the right to inform the world that he was the holder of fully paid shares and was a Director.

The other advantage was that until the company demanded the money he had the right to pay off his indebtedness at times most convenient to himself, instead of being forced to wait for a call. It was a matter of experience that calls on shares always came at awkward moments. The company's benefit was even more striking. It was true that the capital liability would be increased, but they had the right to sell the security forthwith and could proceed to recover the balance due. It was a far more valuable asset to have the right of forfeiture which extinguished the uncalled liability. The bank's right to payment on demand was immediately more valuable than the right to make a call.

Help "From Heaven."

Mr. Brewer then referred to the evidence given the previous day by Mr. Udy, and said he was an accountant, a man of standing and a man whose reputation must be of some value. "I say that Mr. Udy was sent from Heaven. I am not saying that in a loose or cynical fashion. I am meaning it. When a person is up against things as I say Mr. Udy was sent from Heaven, probably to prevent a miscarriage of justice." When a man of that standing and reputation will go so far as to say that he being in my position would have issued the statutory report as I did, I maintain that that should be very strongly regarded.

Mr. Brewer pointed out that Mr. Udy had said the transactions were properly treated as cash transactions. In view of that could he (Mr. Brewer) be held to have held wrongful intentions or to have acted dishonestly in doing something which an accountant had said he would have done?

Big Business.

Referring to the Bank business, Mr. Brewer said a trustee bank never required a big capital, but since it was part of the directors' plan to go in for banking proper they were quite justified in wishing to go in for large capital. He suggested that it was not unreasonable of him to try and avoid the responsibility of handling \$2,800,000. He could earn a dividend on a capital of \$150,000 but when they talked about millions it was going right out of his depth.

However, he did not wish to impede the Company's business when and if they appointed the manager. No one was more anxious than he was that the company should be successful and one of good repute.

The Statutory Report.

Dealing with the statutory report Mr. Brewer said it was quite customary for such to be printed and published in Hong Kong and elsewhere. All the statutory reports were typewritten a number being produced to satisfy the requirements of the Ordinance. None of the statutory reports bore anything in Chinese. If they had been solely for the purpose of boosting the Company, there would certainly have been Chinese on them. All the directors were Chinese except himself and Mrs. Brewer, and all their customers were Chinese.

To suggest that some of the customers might come around to the Court and look up the report on the files was to suggest a remote contingency.

Mr. Brewer pointed out that the books were consistent throughout, from the first entry to the balance sheet.

Earnest Protestation of Innocence.

Concluding, he said: "If the items are correct, I am clearly innocent. If I honestly believed them to be correctly treated I am equally innocent. If there is a disagreement of experts and if my explanation is the same as it was seven months ago, how can it be wrong? Can I be a criminal, or to blame, for having produced a document which one expert admits might be correct if the transactions were genuine and another expert maintains that it is genuine and that the statutory report was properly prepared? You have it in your power, gentlemen of the jury, by one word to make me a condemned criminal, to make me a pariah and an outcast, deprive me of my name, reputation, friends, personal liberty and everything that makes life worth living. Do not come lightly to a decision which although it is a small matter to you means everything to me. I maintain that I have been honest and endeavoured to further my own interests at the expense of another. I have never defrauded nor attempted to defraud in filing that report. I am not a criminal and it is to you, and you alone, that I can look for deliverance from this charge."

CROWN COUNSEL'S ADDRESS.

Mr. Somerset Fitzroy then addressed the jury on behalf of the Crown. He first read the charge preferred against Mr. Brewer, and explained that under the requirements of the Companies' Ordinance it was necessary for a statutory report to be filed with the Registrar of Companies. The object of this provision was so that the public should know how every company stood. Everyone who wanted to know anything at all about a particular company merely had to go to the Registrar's Office, pay the usual fee, and see the documents. The sole object was to see that everything was clear and aboveboard, to protect the public, and to see that the requirements of the Ordinance were being carried out.

Capital and "Cash."

Mr. Fitzroy said that he proposed to use the word "cash" in the ordinary mercantile, business sense. If a man were going to put money into a bank, the first thing he would do would be to look up the report to see how much capital it possessed. Going on Mr. Brewer's statement, he would think that he had some security in the form of the bank's big paid-up capital. He would have a perfect right to believe that the word "cash" was used in the common, mercantile sense. But did the facts justify this? The statement read that the total amount was received in respect of cash. They found, however, that only 5 per cent. had been paid in cash, and that promissory notes were held for another 5 per cent. Promissory notes were clearly not cash.

His Lordship at this point interrupted to say "he was going to leave the matter of the definition of the word 'cash' to the jury."

THE SUMMING-UP.

"Gentlemen of the Jury," said Mr. Justice Wood, when the Court resumed in the afternoon, "I think I may not keep you very long, but before coming to the facts, I want to say one or two things, and, firstly, the very obvious thing that here you and I are not concerned with anything we may have heard outside this Court, as to the Institute Bank. Your duty is merely to consider the evidence which has been laid before you here, and to be guided by that, and by that only. The Crown and the defendant rely on that evidence so far as the charge is concerned."

A Curious Story.

We have listened to a very curious financial story, the judge proceeded. It may be described as a series of financial gymnastics not without its humorous and ridiculous sides, and though I may say something that might suggest that to you during my summing up, I don't want you to think that I am forgetting, or that you are forgetting, the question that the defendant's reputation is involved. The second point is the charge under the Perjury Ordinance, and it is a charge of making a false statement, not under oath, which is connected or akin to fraud. At the same time, I should say it is not alleged that the defendant has been guilty of any kind of fraud for his own personal interest, apart from his interest in common with the other shareholders of the Bank. Nothing has come out in the evidence to suggest any fraud on his part.

Mr. Justice Wood went on to say that the charge was serious enough, and required very careful consideration from the jury. The defendant was accused of making a certificate dated August 8, and the question was whether it was a right statement of the actual account of the Company as shown on that date.

The defendant was accused of making statements falsely, that is, making them knowing that what they meant and what was stated was untrue.

The Questioned Statement.

The particular statement in the certificate which was concerned in the charge was to the effect that the Bank had received a total amount of cash in respect of shares only of \$878,750. The Crown had endeavoured to show that this statement was untrue, and that the defendant made it knowing it to be untrue. The history of the bank up to that date was an all relevant matter. It appeared that in February, 1927, defendant was in possession of three contracts which he made with certain persons, with whom the Court was not concerned. Under these contracts he had acquired certain rights of selling certain bonds, and the region of Hong Kong formed one part and Singapore formed another part, where these rights could be exercised. Defendant and certain Chinese gentlemen decided that the Institute Bank should take over the benefits of these agreements. Mr. Brewer assigned any benefits from these agreements to the bank, and they agreed to pay him \$68,000. (Continued on Page 10.)

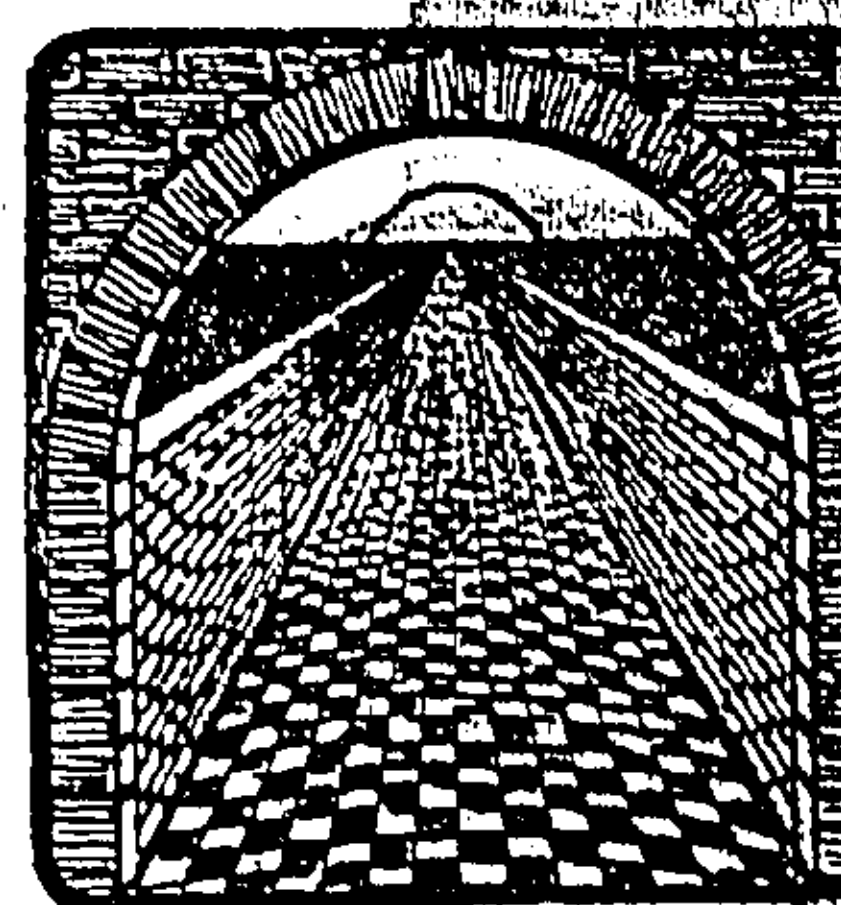
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GOVERNOR'S VIEWS ON DEMOCRATIC METHODS OF ADMINISTRATION.

EARNEST PLEA FOR ANGLO-CHINESE COLLABORATION.

There was no disguising the fact that when the Governor rose to address the Legislative Council yesterday, His Excellency was under the stress of strong emotion. Every member of the Council was present yesterday afternoon, for Sir Cecil Clementi was addressing the Council for the last time, and in a most eloquent speech spoke feelingly of his great attachment to the Colony, and most hopefully for its future. Tributes to the departing Governor were made by Sir Henry Pollock and Sir Shou-son Chow, both of whom spoke in terms of high appreciation of His Excellency's long and successful service to the Colony.

The business disposed of yesterday consisted of the adoption of a report by the Finance Committee and of a by-law of the Sanitary Board, while the Ordinance to amend the Opium Ordinance passed the second and third reading.

GOVERNOR'S FAREWELL ADDRESS.

H.E. the Governor then addressed the Council in the following terms:—

It is with a heavy heart that I rise to address you for the last time in this Chamber, which I have known for thirty years, which contains for me so many memories, and in which so much of the history of Hong Kong has been made. I have served this Council as its Clerk, as acting Colonial Secretary, and as Governor. Many of my dearest friends have been associated with me in the work of this Council. The Senior Unofficial Member, Sir Henry Pollock, I have known as long as I have known Hong Kong. The Second Chinese Member, Dr. Kotewall, was my right-hand man years ago when we both served in the Colonial Secretary's Office. Among the official members the Attorney-General, the Secretary for Chinese Affairs, the Colonial Treasurer, and the Inspector-General of Police are brother cadets, who have been friends of mine since my first arrival in Hong Kong, and whose friendship I hope to retain all my life, wherever I may be. Three others, the Colonial Secretary, the Director of Public Works, and the Harbour Master I first knew and learned to value when we served together in Ceylon; and all four of us were transferred from Ceylon to Hong Kong at about the same time. Indeed, there is no one in this Council with whom I am not on terms of personal friendship, and from whom I have not frequently received helpful advice and the kindest consideration. It is painful to break all these ties of affection and to say goodbye. Half my life, and that the better half, I leave behind me in Hong Kong.

Changes in the Councils.

But, gentlemen, I do not wish to dwell unduly on personal matters in the last words I say to this Council. I will rather speak of the public work which we have done together and of what the future may hold for Hong Kong. At the outset, I would remind you that the Constitution of this honourable Council and of the Executive Council also has been altered and, as we all believe, improved during my term of governorship. A Chinese member has for the first time in the Colony's history been given a seat in the Executive Council. This innovation has proved to be a great success. The position has been worthily filled by Sir Shou-son Chow, and experience has shown how valuable, and indeed I would say how indispensable, to the Executive Council is the advice given in person by its Chinese member. The Legislative Council also has been strengthened by the addition of a third Chinese member, by the representation in it of the interests of Kowloon, and of the large Portuguese community here resident, and by the inclusion of two more official members, the Director of Medical and Sanitary Services and the Harbour Master, both of whom control public departments which are vital to the welfare of the Colony. We have, moreover, adopted quite recently with complete unanimity new Standing Rules and Orders which should facilitate the transaction of legislative business in this Colony.

Business-like Legislative Methods.

And may I here pause to congratulate honourable members on the business-like brevity with which our proceedings are conducted? There is not in this Chamber any "playing to the gallery," any culverance of verbosity, any attempt to make mere debating points or to heckle the Government. Obstructive tactics are never used. All members are alike animated by the desire to do the best they can for the Colony. Accordingly there is whole-hearted collaboration between official and unofficial members in preparing legislative and financial measures for submission to the Council. Difficulties and debatable points are threshed out in the freedom and privacy of informal discussion, whether in the Executive Council or by means of specially appointed committees, prior to the introduction of Bills, regulations, or money votes for the formal approval of the legislature. So there is seldom any need for long debate in this Chamber, and divisions are very rarely called for.

Gratitude to Council Members.

In this respect the Hong Kong Legislative Council need not fear comparison with any other legislative body in the British Empire; and I gladly acknowledge the great debt, which as Governor I owe to the unofficial members, for facilitating and expediting the work of the administration. Especially do I wish to thank those members of the Legislative Council who are also members of the Executive Council; for it is in the Executive Council that most of the preparatory work for this Chamber is done. The Executive Council meets every week and, while meetings of the Legislative Council are unusually brief, meetings of the Executive Council are often very long. We have been through troublous days together and, if it be true that "there's a good time a-coming," it certainly is "a good time a-coming." We have seldom had before us a choice between right and wrong, safety and danger. We have mostly been confronted by nothing but a choice of dangers. In such circumstances our discussions in the Executive Council were frequently long and anxious. I have made deep drafts on your time and your patience; and I am most grateful for your unfailing support and co-operation.

Not Elips For Western Political Methods.

While speaking of the Colony's constitution, I venture to give a word of parting advice. Experience in other parts of the British Empire, but especially in Hong Kong and in China, convinces me that democracy as understood in the United Kingdom is not a suitable or a safe form of government for peoples in the Far East at the present stage of their political, social and economic development; and I am firmly of opinion that universal manhood and womanhood suffrage, general elections, bye-elections, party politics, the wiles of the demagogue, and the arts of the hustings could do nothing but harm in Hong Kong. I am satisfied that Crown Colony Government will in future, as in the past, be best suited to the needs of this outpost of the British Empire.

Hastening Slowly.

But in saying this I do not mean to imply that the inhabitants of Hong Kong, and particularly the Chinese here resident, should not as the Colony grows more populous and more prosperous be admitted to an increasing share in the deliberations and decisions of the Hong Kong Government. I have during my term as Governor endeavoured to pave the way for such development by presiding in person over quarterly meetings of the District Watch Committee, which is the body politic in this Colony most representative of Chinese interests; by presiding at least once a year over meetings of the Directors of the Tung Wah Hospital and of the Po Leung Kuk; by attending and addressing annual meetings of the Hong Kong General Chamber of Commerce; and by setting up standing committees such as the Harbour Board and the Labour Advisory Board, with the object of obtaining full information as to public opinion before deciding upon governmental action.

Public Health Department.

I hoped, had I remained here, to address myself to another important branch of this subject, namely the reorganization of the public health administration of the Colony. In our new Director of Medical and Sanitary Services, Dr. Wellington, we have just the man who by professional knowledge and by experience in the Far East is best qualified to advise us in this matter; and, where he gives a lead, I think that the residents of this Colony of all races may safely follow. We need, and we must have, a sanitary organization co-extensive with the Colony and its New Territories, and reform in this respect is long overdue.

Municipal Government.

I do not pretend to prophesy what form it will take; but there is one form which in my opinion it certainly ought not to take and that is the establishment of a municipality. This Colony is so small and so compact that it is in effect a large township, and the Government of Hong Kong is, and must always be, mainly concerned with municipal affairs. I regard myself as being in effect Mayor of Hong

Kong; and were I and the principal officers of this Government to divert ourselves of our municipal duties, there would be little left for us to do. The creation of municipalities would duplicate the administrative machinery of the Colony to an intolerable extent. It would be excessively uneconomical, and it would be open to all the political objections which would beset democratic institutions, if introduced into Hong Kong. I sincerely hoped that nothing of the kind will be attempted.

Steady Progress.

No spectacular public works have been constructed here during the past four years, but there has been steady development both on the island and on the mainland. On the island the most notable achievement is the completion of the Praya East Reclamation scheme; while in Kowloon the construction of what will be a model city of vast dimensions upon an exceedingly well devised town-planning scheme progresses year by year, as hill after hill is cut down and used to level up insanitary depressions and to fill up the foreshore, thus extending the deep-sea frontage for ocean-going steamers.

A notable innovation has been the construction of a spacious aerodrome near Kowloon City, from which the Royal Air Force already operates, and where we hope to see this year the inception both of commercial aviation and of a flying club. Hong Kong will thus take its rightful place among the air ports of the world. On the subject of waterworks I recently addressed this Council at length. Therefore I will only say now what pleasure it gives me to see that rapid progress is being made with the harbour pipe-line, with the new Aberdeen reservoir, and with the Kowloon by-wash reservoir. I feel that a determined effort has begun to solve in a permanent and satisfactory manner the water-problem, which has been a source of constant anxiety to this Colony since first I knew it.

The Financial Situation.

Our financial situation, I am happy to say, very satisfactory. The revenue and expenditure of the Colony, and the state of its reserve fund from the year 1923 to date, can conveniently be tabulated as follows:—

Year ended	Revenue	Expenditure	State of Reserve
Dec. 31.	\$	\$	Fund on Jan. 1.
1923	24,733,762.33	21,571,604.72	15,658,642.41
1924	24,309,639.72	26,726,423.44	13,971,403.23
1925	23,244,265.94	28,268,817.94	13,107,549.29
1926	21,131,381.64	23,524,715.94	8,113,482.69
1927	21,344,533.72	20,845,064.69	3,486,290.54
1928	24,068,368.89	21,220,242.24	3,985,781.57
1929	23,216,950.00	21,733,545.00	6,091,633.57
1930	—	—	9,577,038.00

* Estimate only.

These figures reflect faithfully the period of storm and strain through which Hong Kong has passed owing to anti-British manifestations, such as the strike and boycott of 1925, to incessant civil war in China, and to repeated disturbances in the Liang Kuang provinces. They show how the Colony's revenue fell; how its expenditure was curtailed; how valuable the reserve fund was to us in our time of need, and how heavily we drew upon it; how in 1928, when friendly relations between Hong Kong and Canton were re-established, our revenue at once revived; how our expenditure was then increased to match, and how our reserve fund was again built up. We began this year with a reserve fund close upon 9½ million dollars, of which eight millions were liquid; and I think that I may fairly claim to have left my successor a heritage better than that which I myself took over.

Hong Kong's Neighbours.

In conclusion I wish to touch briefly upon foreign affairs, for Hong Kong is far from being self-contained or self-supporting, and can only prosper if on terms of real friendship with her neighbours. The relations between this Colony and the Portuguese authorities at Macao are most cordial. Visits have been frequently exchanged between the Governor of Macao and myself. We are very good friends, and our personal friendship is only a symbol of the spirit of goodwill and co-operation which happily exists between two Colonies.

established at the mouth of the West River in close contiguity to each other and faced with similar problems. Three Governors-General of the Philippines Islands—General Leonard Wood, Mr. Stimson, and Mr. Davis, have been welcomed on their way through Hong Kong during my term of governorship; and I was fortunate enough to be able myself last autumn to visit the Philippine Islands, where I was shown the greatest kindness and hospitality. I hope that every year will see the bonds of trade and friendship between Hong Kong and Manila drawn closer and I feel that in Baguio, only 48 hours distant from us, we have a health resort which is easily accessible, where Hong Kong residents are made very much at home, and which should be of increasing value to us as years go by.

With French Indo-China also we are on very cordial terms. My predecessor, Sir Edward Stubbs, and General Luard, lately in command of His Majesty's forces in Hong Kong, both visited that fine country during their term of office. I too had visited it twice in bygone years, and I had hoped to do so as Governor, but various causes have prevented me from carrying out my intention. I trust before long to hear that aerial communications have been established from this Colony via Kuang-chowwan with Hanoi and Saigon. But, of course, our most important neighbours on the western sea board of the Pacific are Japan and China.

Relations With Japan.

As regards Japan, not only have we a large and valued Japanese element in the population of this Colony, but we received the year before last a very welcome visit from the Japanese first battle-fleet, and we have also entertained on their way through Hong Kong many eminent Japanese statesmen, among them Mr. Matsudaira, now Ambassador at the Court of St. James, and Viscount Saito, the Governor-General of Korea. I was fortunately able to visit Japan and Korea in 1927, and was very courteously received both by Baron Tannaka, then Premier and Foreign Minister, at Tokyo, and by Viscount Saito at Chosen. In Hong Kong the British Empire approaches nearest to Japan, and nowhere are relations between us and the Japanese more cordial than in this Colony.

Anglo-Chinese Friendship.

Only in the case of China have there been strained relations between this Colony and any foreign country. When I assumed the government of Hong Kong in 1925 an anti-British boycott had been declared at Canton and an effort was being made by a belated Chinese Administration to reduce Hong Kong to the condition of "a desert island." This foolish agitation, which was even more disastrous to Canton than it was to Hong Kong, had been begun by Soviet intrigue; and when Communism was swept out of Kuangtung the traditional amity between Canton and Hong Kong was rapidly restored in March, 1928, under the wise guidance of Marshal Li Chai Sum. He and I exchanged visits and I am happy to say that the cordial relations then established have continued ever since, in spite of the recrudescence of civil war in China.

Our Chinese Friends and Neighbours.

It is essential for the prosperity both of Canton and of Hong Kong that our friendship should grow stronger from year to year, that there should be close co-operation between this Colony and the authorities of the Liang Kuang provinces, and that no sinister outside influence should be allowed to mar the goodwill and mutual confidence which we place in each other. I hope and pray that the conditions under which His Majesty's Government has resumed diplomatic intercourse with Russia may insure that Bolsheviki propaganda will never again be allowed to disturb the friendship between Canton and this Colony; and I am certain that, if this friendship remains undisturbed, the future of Hong Kong, which is so intimately bound up with that of Kuangtung, will be happy, peaceful and prosperous.

The field at Stirling, the site of the Battle of Bannockburn, is to be made a national park. The object is to keep the battlefield from being built over. The cost of the scheme is estimated at £10,000. There will be erected a two-storey tower, the ground floor to be used as a tearoom, the second as a look-out platform.

already produced such wonderful results in Hong Kong and elsewhere in the Far East, will bring even greater blessings to the world hereafter, and that in this era of the Chinese renaissance Hong Kong will play a role of the highest importance and of the utmost beneficence. Confucius said:—"If you wish to establish yourself, seek also to establish others;" and the people of this Colony must never forget that the best means of establishing the security and prosperity of Hong Kong is to give all possible help in establishing the reign of law and order and righteousness among our friends and neighbours in China.

SIR HENRY POLLOCK'S TRIBUTE.

The Hon. Sir Henry Pollock said although the community as a whole finally took leave of His Excellency the previous day, it was only fitting that some words of farewell, however brief, should be addressed to him in the Council, where he had, at different times, officiated as Clerk of Councils, as acting Colonial Secretary, and as Governor. Sir Henry continued:—

This afternoon there is a profound feeling of regret, which is shared by Official and Unofficial Members alike, that this is the last meeting at which you will be present at this Council, over which you have presided for more than four years with so much tact, patience, courtesy and ability.

In bidding you farewell, we desire to take this opportunity of wishing you happiness and success, not only in the post of Governor of the Straits Settlements, but also in any further official positions to which His Majesty the King may hereafter be pleased to appoint you. (Loud applause.)

Four Years of Anxiety.

The Hon. Sir Shou-son Chow, who followed, said:—"Sir, four years ago, in this very room, I had the honour and privilege of welcoming your Excellency and Lady Clementi back to Hong Kong, and today it is my melancholy duty to bid you farewell. During the four arduous years of your Governorship events of portentous import have taken place in this Colony and in South China.

When you assumed your duties, the political sky was overcast, and the mind of the people was filled with anxious forebodings. But in a comparatively short time you were able to disperse much of the dark cloud that was enveloping us, and to give back to us a bit of smiling sunshine. Immediately upon your arrival you made it your first duty to bring about better relations between Hong Kong and Canton; and by your incomparable knowledge of China and the Chinese, your sympathy for them, your sincerity and statesmanship, you succeeded in this object beyond our highest expectations. It is no exaggeration to say that at no time during the last two decades has the relationship between our great neighbour and Hong Kong been so close and so amicable as it is to-day. The four years of your administration have been beset with difficulties and anxieties, which must have been as great as any that could have befallen a Colonial Governor in recent years; but, in spite of this, you have been able to complete or initiate many constructive schemes of magnitude and to introduce several important reforms in the constitution of the Colony.

Chinese Gratitude to the Governor.

There are two of your outstanding achievements which have won the everlasting gratitude of the Chinese. One is that you departed from the time-honoured policy of the Government by appointing to the Executive Council a Chinese. This epoch-making innovation afforded the Chinese community profound satisfaction, in that it gave them a share in the active government of the Colony for the first time in its history.

The other tangible proof of your Excellency's goodwill towards us is the appointment of a third Chinese member to the Legislative Council when you obtained the sanction of the Crown to enlarge the Unofficial representation of two members. You have, Sir, by example and precept, succeeded in strengthening the bond of friendship that binds together all sections of the community. You have, indeed, been the greatest friend that the Chinese have had among a long line of Governors, who have all been our real friends. Just as we hail with joy your arrival, we now sorrow over your departure.

In congratulating your Excellency upon your promotion, and bidding farewell to you and Lady Clementi, for whom we entertain feelings of the highest respect, we wish you both happiness and success. (Applause.)

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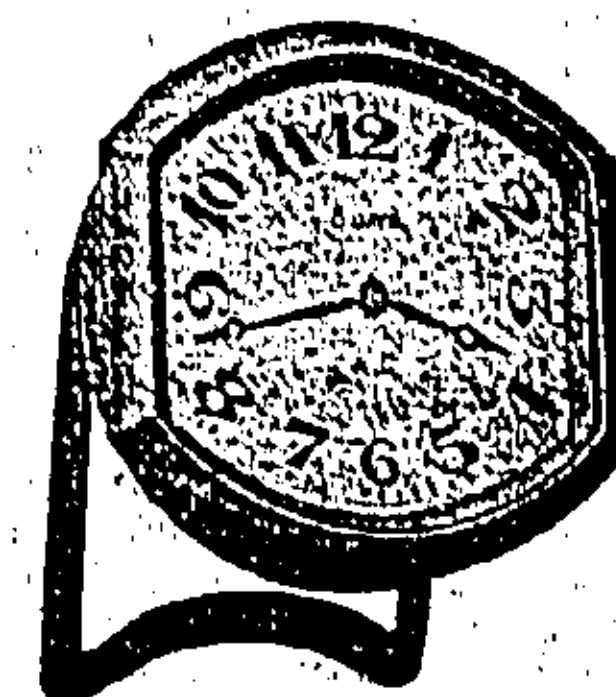
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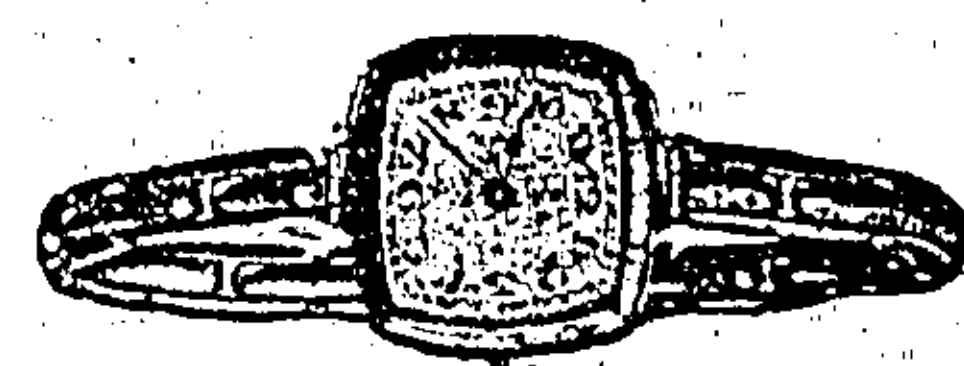
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Farewell Presentations were made to Sir Cecil Clementi last week, and the Tributes paid to H.E.'s work for Hong Kong are fully reported in the "Weekly Press."

Other Notable events have been the opening of the Instone Brewer trial, the proceedings against alleged Haiching Pirates, the conclusion of the Burnett Inquest and the founding of a local S.P.C.C.

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a Statement of Accounts for the period
from 1st November, 1929, to 31st
December, 1929, and of electing an
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Hong Kong 22nd Jan., 1930. [8942]

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WEEKLY REPORT.

Yesterday's weather report, fore-
cast and remarks, issued by the
Royal Observatory at 4.30 p.m.,
stated:—

The anticyclone has weakened
slightly. Fresh monsoon will con-
tinue along the S.E. Coast of China
and over the N. China Sea.

Local Forecast:—N.E. winds,
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The Daily Press.

HONG KONG, JANUARY 24, 1930.

JAPAN'S GENERAL
ELECTION.

JAPANESE political methods are as
difficult to understand as the
peculiar ways of Chinese military
leaders. On December 27, after only
a few days of purely formal business,
the Diet adjourned for the usual
New Year holidays until January 21,
and no sooner do the legislators
gather together again than the
Premier reads an Imperial message
declaring that the Diet is dissolved!
To the Western observer it seems
strange that a whole month should
have been wasted in this way, but
it appears that the politicians have
not been altogether idle during the
interval. At a Cabinet meeting
held in Tokyo just after Christmas
the political situation was discus-
sed, and it was decided that a de-
cision regarding early dissolution of
the Diet would be reached after the
session was resumed in January.

In other words, it was understood
that the Premier would wait and
see what line the Opposition intend-
ed to take before deciding to go
to the country again for a mandate.
Evidently something has occurred
during the intervening few weeks to
induce Mr. HAMAGUCHI to make up
his mind earlier than anticipated,
for instead of waiting to observe
the attitude of the Opposition dur-
ing the resumed session, the Premier
has promptly declared that it is
the Imperial wish that the Diet be
dissolved, and dissolved it is.

As to the reason for the dissolu-
tion, it seems that Mr. HAMAGUCHI
has been in much the same position
as Mr. MACDONALD in the House
of Commons—in office, but not
exactly in power. The Government
Party—the Minseitō—is a minority
party, whereas the chief party in
Opposition—the Seiyūkai—is, or
was, numerically superior to the
Premier's forces. Sooner or later
the Government was bound to be
defeated, and rather than run the
risk of being badly beaten as the
result of a sudden and swift attack,
Mr. HAMAGUCHI has taken the
initiative, and chosen to fight his own
choosing. Just what there is to
fight about, however, is not so ob-
vious. True, there are a number
of points at issue between the
Government and the Opposition, but
none of these seem really big
enough to warrant the trouble and
expense of a general election. There
is criticism of the recent raising of
the embargo on the export of gold,
but that issue is much too com-
plicated for the hustings. The
Seiyūkai has foretold the most
appalling consequences which will
overtake the country as a result of
the Government's allegedly mis-
guided action, but as this is in the
way of being a long-distance pro-
phesy, neither side will be able to
make use either of its fulfilment or
failure within the next few weeks.

So little is there to fight a
general election about that a couple
of weeks ago the leader of the
Seiyūkai was making an effort to
meet the Premier to discuss some
way by which the Opposition
majority might reach a working
minority. Mr. HAMAGUCHI, how-
ever, was not to be drawn into any
discussion of an armistice with his
opponent, Mr. INUKAI. The desired
meeting did not take place, and
failure of this plan indicated very
clearly that the Premier had decid-
ed upon a dissolution long before
the Diet reassembled after the New
Year holidays. At this distance it
appears that the moment chosen by
Mr. HAMAGUCHI to declare war on
the Seiyūkai is a favourable one.

The Premier can point to the Naval
Conference in London, now in
session, and ask the electors what
they wish that Conference to do
something to lighten Japan's
heavy burden of armaments. He
can remind the nation that his
Government has drafted a Bill
now ready for discussion—which

gives formal recognition to trade
unions as lawful organisations. Up
to now such bodies are merely
tolerated in Japan; under the new
law they would be definitely recog-
nised—and their strength, numerical
and political, increased tremen-
dously. Now that adult manhood
suffrage is in operation in Japan,
an appeal for popular support
based upon the proposed Trade-
Union Law would appear likely to
meet with wide response. The
desire of the Seiyūkai to come to
a friendly understanding with the
Minseitō is attributed in some
quarters to very sincere and genuine
alarm as to what may be the con-
sequences of probing the various
and numerous political scandals
recently brought to light. Here,
again, the Premier has a theme to
develop in his campaign speeches
which cannot fail to attract voters.

Altogether, then, the odds seem to
be well in favour of Mr. HAMAGUCHI
being returned with a much larger
following in the Diet than he had
at the dissolution, and a more
friendly understanding with various
small parties in the House with
proletarian connections. But de-
velopments in Japanese politics are
as uncertain and as surprising as
the sudden variation in military
situations in China—and to a great
extent for the same reason. If and
when sufficient inducement offers,
political friends become enemies,
and bitter opponents suddenly be-
come serenely reconciled. The
most interesting feature of the
coming general election in Japan
will not be the respective strengths
of the two big parties, between
whose platforms and policies it
needs the most penetrating powers
of observation to detect any differ-
ence. The really interesting aspect
of the coming struggle is the effort
of the smaller proletarian parties
to secure stronger representation in
the national legislative Chamber.

Already the police are nervously
rounding up students and other
young men suspected of harbouring
what are vaguely called "dan-
gerous thoughts" in their minds,
and of expressing them on paper.
With the coming of an election
campaign the police in Japan
always have to work overtime, and
they—no less than the politicians
themselves—will be heartily glad
when the battle has been lost and
won.

During the twenty four hours
ending at midnight on January 22,
six Chinese cases of small-pox were
reported in Victoria, and one
foreign case.

The police in Berlin last week
confiscated the whole of the issue
of the Communist newspaper *Die
Tat* on the ground that it con-
tained articles calculated to pro-
voke criminal acts and high trea-
son and stir up class hatred.

The freedom of the city of
Munich has been bestowed upon
President von Hindenburg. The
document conferring this distinc-
tion holds the aged President up
as an example of faithful devotion
to duty in the country's hour of
need.

A labourer in Berlin while on
his way home from work found a
package in the street containing
bonds to the amount of Mks.
2,500,000 which a bank messenger
had lost on the way. Had the pack-
age contained banknotes instead of
bonds, the workman would have re-
ceived Mks. 25,000. His find, how-
ever, consisting of bearer-bonds,
he gets nothing.

There was brisk bidding—al-
though no very high prices were
reached—at the auction of postage
stamps at Messrs. Lammert Bro-
thers yesterday. The collection,
which was drawn from various
countries, included stamps dated
from 1855 to 1928. Some of the
more valuable specimens were with-
drawn, but most of the stamps were
sold, a good number being knocked
down at bargain prices.

The British Minister to China,
Sir Miles Lampson, who has come
to Hong Kong owing to the
death of Lady Lampson, will
establish an office temporarily in
the Colony. Sir Miles was accom-
panied by his staff on the journey
down from Shanghai, and Mr.
Sterndale Bennett and other mem-
bers of the Minister's Staff will
deal with diplomatic business from
an office at Headquarters House.
Sir Miles, during his stay in Hong
Kong, will be the guest of H. E.
Major-General Sandilands.

Lucky Japan and America.

London, December 24.—Reports
from 19 countries contained in the
bulletin of the International
Federation of Master Spinners and
Manufacturers show that the cot-
ton industry is still in a depressed
condition. Japan is the only coun-
try, other than the United States,
that reports a favourable condition.
Exports of cotton cloth rose from
711,207,000 square yards in the 1928
half year to 872,131,000 in the 1929
half year in Japan. Exports of
cloth during July, 1929, totalled
39,687,000 square yards more than
the output in July 1928. Austria,
Brazil, Czechoslovakia, Germany,
France, Holland, Italy, Hungary,
Sweden, Switzerland and Great Britain all
report small sales, and a smaller
export due to low prices.

The Senate in Washington has
adopted the Harrison amendment
to the tariff bill, eliminating the
proposed 25 per cent. increased
duty on imported sugar. South
American and other sugar produ-
cers had put up a spirited battle
to oppose the proposed raise on the
ground that it would mean robbery
of the American consumer. West-
ern sugar beet States asked the
boost as a measure of protection
for domestic industry.

A Pole and a Rumanian were ar-
rested in Berlin last week on a
charge of obtaining considerable
sums of money from credulous peo-
ple by offering them an especially
efficient dollar-note printing ma-
chine, said to have been invented
by them. As a great number of
people from all over Europe were
interested in the invention, they
gathered a large sum of money.
Bad luck, however, put an end to
their career, when they offered their
invention to a detective.

General von Seeckt, Commander-
in-Chief of the German army after
the Revolution, addressing officers
of the Swiss army at their Club
in Zurich last week, expressed the
opinion that the period of huge
armies has gone for ever, and that
the future would see small armies
composed of professional soldiers
with long service terms. These
armies if supported by national
militia recruited under a com-
pulsory service law, would answer the
changed conditions better than the
vast armies of the World War.

Mr. Willard H. Koplars, presi-
dent of the Seattle Aeronautical
Co., announced last week that he
has started construction of a spe-
cial aeroplane for a proposed
Seattle-to-Tokyo flight. Tentative
plans for the trip provide that it
is to be made early in June. "We
are making the flight for purely
commercial purposes," said Mr.
Koplars. "We shall not compete
for prizes or indulge in any similar
activity." Mr. Koplars himself
will act as chief pilot. He will be
accompanied by a relief pilot, a
radio operator and a navigator, he
said.

Another garden city is to be built
at Brighton. The Council is to
allocate 100 acres of land on the
East Brighton estate for housing
developments. Alderman Thomp-
son, chairman of the finance com-
mittee, protested, saying the pro-
posal would involve the Council in
a further capital expenditure of
£500,000. Alderman Carden said
the land would be laid out on
garden city lines. There would be
500 houses, costing about £300,000
and involving a loss of £3,000 a
year, or a halfpenny rate. If they
could house 3,000 people at such a
cost he did not think anyone should
disagree.

Locking Back 25 Years.

H.E. The Governor attended
Bellis Public School yesterday
and distributed the prizes won by
successful students during the year.

His Excellency distributed
the prizes, after which he said:—
"Ladies and gentlemen.—It was
only after some hesitation that I
needed to the suggestion of the
Inspector of Schools that I should
include this school among those at
which I was to present the prizes
this year, as the subject of girls'
education is not one with regard
to which I have very definite ideas,
and such ideas as I have are, I
fear, somewhat heterodox. The
functions of men and women in life
are very different, and must, I be-
lieve, always remain so. The most
ardent supporter of women's rights
will hardly claim that they can be-
come soldiers and policemen, black-
smiths, or carpenters, as no one
can well direct work he is physical-
ly unfit of himself performing. It
follows that women are by nature
precluded from those professions
ultimately based on physical force
or hard labour, such as the adminis-
tration of government, the practice
of navigation, law, engineering,
etc."—*Hong Kong Daily Press*,
January 24, 1930.

Looking Back 50 Years.

The visit which His Excellency
Lau Kwan Yih, Viceroy-Elect of
the two Kiang provinces Ngan-
hwuy and Kiangsi, paid to His
Excellency Governor Hennessy on
Saturday last, the 24th instant, is
an event of considerable importance
in more than one respect. Al-
though many Chinese officials of
high rank have on various occasions
paid visits to Government House
on passing through the Colony en
route for some other place, the visit
of the Viceroy is certainly the first
instance in the history of Hong
Kong and in China too, that a
Chinese dignitary of such high
rank has gone out of his way to
come expressly and signalise his
personal friendship with a British
Governor and his sense of the en-
tire cordial existing between the
Hong Kong and Canton Govern-
ments. Unpalatable as Mr. Hen-
nessy's pro-Chinese policy is to the
English residents of the Colony, it
is evident that Chinese officials,
even of the stamp of Viceroy Lau
(who is by no means a member of
the pro-foreign party in China),
consider that the position which
Governor Hennessy has all along
taken in his relations with the
Chinese Government, as well as the
Chinese population of this Colony,
has materially contributed towards
cementing the friendship happily
existing between England and
China.—*Hong Kong Daily Press*,
January 28, 1880.

DEATH OF LADY
LAMPSON.

BRITISH MINISTER'S
TRAGIC LOSS.

At the French Hospital yesterday
the death occurred of Lady Lam-
pson, wife of the British Minister to
China. Sir Miles Lampson arrived
from Shanghai at about two o'clock,
and at once proceeded to the
hospital, where the news was given
him that Lady Lampson was sink-
ing rapidly. Death took place at
about 3.30 p.m.

The sincere sympathy of the whole
community will go out to Sir Miles
Lampson in his sad bereavement.
Lady Lampson left Shanghai last
Saturday by the Blue Funnel liner
Antenor, in company with her son
Graham, who was going to England,
to school.

On Monday—the day before the
vessel was due at Hong Kong—Lady
Lampson was taken seriously ill,
and when the Antenor arrived in
port Lady Clementi went on board
to ascertain the invalid's condi-
tion. Dr. Black was summoned,
and advised immediate removal to
the French Hospital. After ex-
amination of the patient he pro-
nounced the case to be one of
meningitis, and Professor Gerrard,
of Hong Kong University, was called
in to consult with Dr. Black.
Meanwhile Lady Lampson's son
was sent to the Peak Hospital, to
be kept under observation for signs
of infection.

News of Lady Lampson's illness
being sent to Shanghai—Whither Sir
Miles had gone after leaving Nan-
king—the Minister decided to come
at once to Hong Kong. Accompanied
by his Staff, he went on board
H.M.S. Serapis on Tuesday, and
arrived here yesterday afternoon.

On Wednesday night it was con-
sidered by the medical attendants
that there was a possibility of the
patient's recovery, but yesterday
morning it was realised that Lady
Lampson's condition had become
most critical, and an urgent mes-
sage was sent to the Serapis, sug-
gesting that the vessel proceed to
Hong Kong at full speed. The
ominous implication of this message
was unhappily fulfilled, but Sir
Miles was able to reach his wife's
bedside before the end.

The funeral, we have been infor-
med, will be entirely of a private
nature.

CANTON GOVERNOR
IN HONG KONG.

DINNER AT GOVERNMENT
HOUSE.

By special train yesterday morn-
ing General Chen Ming Shu, Civil
Governor of Canton, accompanied
by his wife and a number of promi-
nent Canton officials, arrived at
Kowloon Station. The British
Consul-General and Vice-Consul
also travelled with the party.

After a brief stay at the Penin-
sula Hotel the General called on
Sir Cecil Clementi at Government
House, afterwards proceeding to
Taikoo Dockyard to attend a
launching ceremony, reported else-
where.

In the evening a dinner was given
in the ballroom at Government
House in honour of the distinguish-
ed visitors from Canton. A large
number of prominent Chinese resi-
dents were invited by His Excel-
lency to meet General Chen Ming
Shu. About eighty ladies and
gentlemen sat down to dinner, and
the gathering broke up at about 10.30.

There were no speeches during
dinner, but His Excellency pro-
posed the toast of the King and the
Republic of China in the following
words:—

"General Chen Ming Shu, Your
Excellencies, Ladies and Gentle-
men.—I ask you to drink with me
to the health of His Majesty the
King; and, in token of the friend-
ship uniting our two countries, I
propose to you at the same time
the toast of the prosperity and
wellfare of the Republic of China.
May the spirit of harmony, good-
will and mutual co-operation be-
tween Canton and Hong Kong grow
stronger from day to day!"

THE VISITORS LEAVE.

General and Madame Chen Ming
Shu, and party, left for Canton
last night by the s.s. Kinshan.
Quote a large number of people
had assembled at the wharf to give
the distinguished visitors a cordial
send off.
A strong force of police, under
Mr. Murphy, A.S.P., was on duty
on the wharf and in the vicinity.

APPEAL FOR RELIABLE NEWS ONLY.

MR. RAMSAY MACDONALD AND THE PRESS.

A FANTASTICAL UNTRUTH NAVAL CONFERENCE CATEGORICALLY DENIED.

WORK PROCEEDS SMOOTHLY.

[THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.]

London, January 23.

A strong appeal to the Press to publish only reliable stories was made by Mr. Ramsay MacDonald in addressing a gathering of a hundred journalists at the conclusion of this morning's session of the Conference. The Prime Minister said he was horrified at yesterday's fantastical untruth. (This was a rumour from an American source that M. Tardieu had interposed to mediate in an Anglo-American rift, which was later categorically denied).

Mr. MacDonald said that if every test proposal at the conference was published and commented upon, the Conference would soon prove abortive.

SIR M. HANKEY TO BE SECRETARY-GENERAL.

FIRST PLENARY SESSION.

[THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.]

The Naval Conference first plenary session opened at St. James Palace to-day, the proceedings being private. There has been much previous negotiation between the delegates as to the broad lines of the business. These conversations will continue this afternoon and it will be some days before the full conference will be in a position to consider the basic problems arising out of the different categories of ships and to encounter the really difficult practical issues.

The conferees assembled in the best of spirits and a well-informed authority interviewed by Reuter said, "all that has happened in the way of preparation and preliminary conversations has been quite normal and healthy."

SIR MAURICE HANKEY.

[THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.]

London, Jan. 23. The conference, which adjourned at noon, appointed Sir Maurice Hankey to be Secretary-General.

[Lt.-Col. Sir Maurice Hankey, G.C.B., was educated at Rugby. In 1893 he entered the Royal Marine Artillery and spent a large portion of his military career with the Naval Intelligence Department. He retired in November 1918 with the rank of Lt.-Colonel.

Sir Maurice has acted as secretary to many committees, in 1912 to the Committee of Imperial Defence, 1916 Secretary, War Cabinet, 1917 Imperial War Cabinet, 1919 British Secretary Peace Conference, 1921 Washington Conference, and London International Conference on Reparations 1924.]

The French Standpoint.

[THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.]

London, Jan. 23. M. Tardieu's speech dwelt upon the extent of the French Colonial Empire. France's Colonial Commerce has quadrupled in twenty years and France must be able, firstly, always to count upon her navy, for the transport of necessary forces anywhere in her empire; secondly, to make sure that the whole national resources could be available for the defence of the homeland.

M. Tardieu concluded by saying that much depended upon knowing whether the country, in case of conflict, must rely on itself or whether international co-operation would be organised against an aggressor.

Italy's Reliance on the Sea.

Signor Grandi said that Italy was practically an island, without raw materials, and three-quarters of her food was brought by sea. "The sea," he said, "is our life."

OUTLINE OF PROCEDURE.

PREMIER'S OPTIMISM.

Mr. MacDonald addressing the above mentioned gathering of journalists said that the Conference had unanimously passed the resolutions for the appointment of a committee of all the delegates to carry out the main work of the Conference.

The Conference was then adjourned till next week. The vice-chairmanship, when Mr. MacDonald is not presiding will go to the heads of the foreign delegations in alphabetical order. Mr. MacDonald added that to-day's proceedings consisted of a friendly round-table discussion of the naval needs of the various nations from the viewpoint of their respective geographical situations and political responsibilities. "It was a really interesting and most informing and friendly business."

There was no hostile desire on the part of any delegation to question another. The Prime Minister said that he was meeting the heads of the delegations this afternoon to consider procedure. The broad lines of the business were:

firstly, to consider the general principles of the conference, and secondly, the fleet laid down already, and thirdly the fleet provided for by votes of Parliament.

GUESTS OF THE LORD MAYOR.

[BRITISH WIRELESS SERVICE.]

Rugby, Jan. 23. All delegations will be present to-night at a banquet at the Guild Hall given in their honour by the Lord Mayor of London.

A Busy Day.

[BRITISH WIRELESS SERVICE.]

Rugby, Jan. 23. At Downing Street the Prime Minister began a busy day with the usual weekly Cabinet Council which took place an hour earlier than is customary. Immediately afterwards he was present at a meeting between the French and British delegations, which Colonel Ralston, the Canadian delegate, also attended. The purpose of this gathering was to review the points raised by the French and British Governments in their published memoranda of December 20 and January 10. It was found that certain points needed further elucidation and it was agreed to consider these points at a further meeting next Friday.

Premier Confers With Signor Grandi.

In the afternoon the Premier proceeded to the House of Commons, where he remained during question time, after which he was visited by Signor Grandi, with whom he had a general discussion on conference business. This evening he broadcast from his study in Downing Street a message which was sent by a short wave station 55W and relayed throughout the United States. "A little later he had a further conversation with the chief Japanese delegate, Mr. Wakatsuki."

AMERICA AND JAPAN.

DELEGATES IN CONCLAVE.

[THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.]

London, Jan. 23. Immediately after conferring with Mr. Ramsay MacDonald at No. 10, Mr. H. L. Stimson called upon the Japanese delegates to the Conference.

It is declared that the delegations are still busily occupied, chiefly concerning matters of procedure. Their discussions were continued during the evening.

In American quarters it is stated that much useful work has been accomplished particularly at the meeting held last night.

Owing to the limited accommodation at the Conference Room at St. James's Palace, each delegation has been asked not to send more than fifteen persons on each occasion of a full meeting of the Conference, including technical advisers and members of their Secretariat.

PRIME MINISTER'S APPEAL TO AMERICA.

WHAT BRITAIN HAS SACRIFICED.

[BRITISH WIRELESS SERVICE.]

Rugby, Jan. 23. The Premier in his broadcast message to United States said: "Before the conference started the delegations had been discussing their differences and we are hard at it now. If it were a matter of two or three delegations, the differences might be adjusted in open conference, but when there are five, many exchanges of views are required and a delicate handling has to be adopted. The preliminaries for agreement must therefore be conducted to a great extent between separate delegations and can be openly debated only after there is a thorough preliminary understanding amongst the countries affected."

(Continued on Page 12.)

STALIN BARKS FOR BLOOD.

PEASANT PERSECUTION ORDERED.

RIGOROUS, MILITANT COMMUNISM.

[THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.]

Riga, Jan. 23.

Stalin has made an important statement to the effect that the present Soviet Communist policy is a resumption of rigorous, militant Communism and war against the "capitalist elements" in Soviet villages and the rejection of the "tolerant policy" prevalent until the end of last year. The immediate object thereof is the extermination of the entire kulak (peasant households owning three cows or equivalent other livestock) class by depriving them of the right to cultivate the soil. The statement says that "Comrades" must direct their blows aggressively in accordance with the Party's changed attitude.

QUITE UNCHANGED.

COMMUNIST PROPAGANDA GOES ON.

[BRITISH WIRELESS SERVICE.]

Rugby, Jan. 23. In the House of Commons at question time Mr. Henderson stated that it was too early yet to form a conclusion as regards the definite effect of the British-Soviet propaganda agreement, and stated that a message from the Third International, published in a daily paper on January 1, led him to inform the Soviet Ambassador that such action was calculated to impede the improvement of British and Russian relations, which was the object of the impending negotiations. His Majesty's Government at present did not propose to take further action.

Government's "Russian Friends."

Rugby, Jan. 23. The message from the President of the Russian Third International, which appeared in the first issue of a Communist daily paper published in London on January 1, described the paper as a new and powerful weapon in the hands of the British working class in its fight against capitalism and the "Social-Fascist" Labour Government. It said that the paper should be a rallying point "against the Labour Government, rationalisation, anti-Soviet intrigues, colonial brutalities and preparations for another Imperialist war."

British Government's Optimism.

Replying to a question as to whether there had been any definite improvement in respect of Soviet propaganda as the result of the recent agreement Mr. Henderson said to-day that, although the Government were not yet without hope that the agreement would result in a permanent improvement, message from the Third International had led him to inform the Soviet Ambassador that such action was calculated to impede that improvement between the two countries.

COMMUNIST RIOTS IN POLAND.

STERN ACTION BY AUTHORITIES.

[THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.]

WARSAW, Jan. 23. Serious disturbances engineered by Communist agents occurred in different centres of Poland to-day, though the police soon gained complete control of the situation.

The first outbreak occurred at Soltysce, near Lwow. Taking advantage of the prevalence of unemployment, a huge crowd of Ukrainian Communists attacked the police station at Soltysce, and fired a number of shots.

The police were forced to retaliate and in the subsequent shooting, two Communists were killed and several wounded, while a number of policemen were wounded. The police effected the arrest of fourteen of the ringleaders.

Grudziadz, in Polish Pomerania, was the scene of another incident. Here, the police were forced to repel an attack of seven hundred men, led by agitators, on the Town Hall of Grudziadz.

Similar incidents occurred at Sosnowiec and Zdzienkow, near Lodz. A number of the ringleaders were arrested and were found to be the so-called "professional agents" of the Communist Party.

YEN HSI SHAN TAKES OFFICE.

HIS "PEACE PRESERVING CORPS."

LIKELY TO BE NEEDED?

(Wah Tsz Yat Pao.)

SHANGHAI, Jan. 23.

Yen Hsi Shan took up the post of Vice-Commander of the National Land, Naval and Air Forces on Wednesday morning. The ceremony was conducted by Wu Teh Chen, Chiang Kai Shek's delegate.

In the course of his speech, Yen said that he would try his utmost to achieve unity in the Kuomintang and in the country.

Another wire states that Yen Hsi Shan has organized four more "Peace Preserving Corps" to garrison Hsueh, Chahar, Suiyuan and Shansi. He has appointed Hon Shou Hsiao, Hsu Shou Chün, Lu Feng Nien and Koo Fa Jen as commanders of these corps.

No Disarmament.

SHANGHAI, Jan. 23. Chang Hsueh Liang is increasing the armaments of the Three Eastern Provinces "to protect the frontier." Recruiting officers are busy and large numbers of horses have been secured for the Manchurian cavalry. A number of gunboats will be built and aeroplanes purchased.

MORE FIGHTING IN HONAN.

(Wah Tsz Yat Pao.)

HANKOW, Jan. 23. The anti-Nanking troops under Sun Tien Yin are at Siping and Yencheng in Honan on the Peking-Hankow Railway while the remnants of Tang-Seng Chi's troops, numbering about ten thousand, are rallying at Siyang to the south of Siping.

GOVERNMENT HOUSE BURGLAR.

POLICE RETICENCE.

We understand that between 1.45 and 8 a.m. yesterday a burglary took place at Government House.

The extent and nature of the burglary is unknown and inquiries from the Police have elicited the reply that "no information could be given on the matter officially." It is understood that investigations are proceeding but no arrest has been made.

Further fighting is expected in Honan in the near future, and trains from Hankow run as far as Chumatin only.

Bridge Destroyed.

SHANGHAI, Jan. 23. A railway bridge on the Tientsin-Pukow Railway between Hsuehchow and Pengpu was blown up by Shih Yu San's troops on the morning of the 20th.

ECONOMIC POLICY.

WHAT THE GOVERNMENT HOPES TO DO.

(Wah Tsz Yat Pao.)

NANKING, Jan. 23. It is understood that the Ministry of Finance and the Ministry of Labour and Commerce have decided upon the following remedies for the financial crisis:

1. The value of gold and silver should be regulated.

2. Speculative activities will be suppressed.

3. Prices of commodities shall be fixed after the abolition of the tael system.

4. Measures shall be taken to prevent the sudden rise or fall of the value of the currency.

THE BOXER INDEMNITY.

CANTON-HANKOW RAILWAY DISCUSSED IN COMMONS.

[THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.]

LONDON, Jan. 23. In the House of Commons to-day, Mr. F. S. Cocks (Lab. Brixton), asked the reason for the delay in settling the question of the disposal of the Boxer Indemnity. Mr. Arthur Henderson said that the Chinese Government's proposal to invest bulk funds in the completion of the Canton-Hankow Railway brought to the fore questions of pre-existing agreements and obligations, which required careful consideration, and this had delayed progress towards satisfactory arrangements in regard to indemnity.

New proposals were now being discussed between His Majesty's Minister and the Chinese Government.

(Continued at foot of next column.)

CANTON MILITARY SUCCESSES.

"IRONSIDES" HARD PRESSED.

CHEN CHAK DEFEATS HAINAN REBELS.

[FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.]

CANTON, Jan. 23.

The Expedition to the Island of Hainan under Admiral Chen Chak is meeting with gratifying success. Tsing Wan, Fung Yang and Lik Lau have been successively captured, and the rebel forces are being driven back towards Kuingschow, the capital of Hainan. Large quantities of arms and supplies have been captured, and heavy casualties inflicted. Again the aeroplanes and gunboats played a most effective part and were largely responsible for the victories.

Reports have come to hand that Wu Tau Nan, the insurgent leader, has been taken prisoner. He was directing operations against the Government troops in the vicinity of Kuingschow when he was surrounded and that defeat was imminent. He tried to extricate himself with a group of immediate followers but he failed to break through and was captured. This notorious bandit chief will be brought to Canton shortly.

The Government troops are now in the outskirts of Kuingschow and Hoihow, two most important cities of Hainan and the defenders of the two places are being hemmed in from all sides, and their surrender is expected to-day or to-morrow at the latest.

IN KWANGSI.

From Kwangsi come reports that Li Po and Siu Yan, two important points on the Siu River soung of Pingloek, have been captured from the "Ironside" Kwangsi coalition.

A big drive is being launched on Luichow and Kweilin, the last two important strongholds of the insurgents. The "Ironside" are preparing to withdraw to Kweichow and southern Hunan, hoping to join hands with the other anti-Chiang elements up North. They are very short of arms and ammunitions and anxious, for this reason, not to risk battle with General Chen Tsai Tong's men. Their whole object is to keep such forces as they have intact, in the hope that "something will turn up."

LUI WOON IM'S TROOPS.

CHANGE SIDES YET AGAIN?

According to the vernacular Press, two brigades of Lui Woon Im's troops under Brigadier-General Chang Koon Chi and Yang Yi have declared for the Kwangsi "Ironside" coalition. Yang's brigade is moving northward from Kweichow to join Li Tsung Jen's troops which are advancing down from Luichow to attack Sunchow with Wuchow as their objective. The other brigade under Chang is at Nanning at present.

Reports as to the campaign against the "Ironside," who are planning to counter-attack the pro-Nanking forces, are meager, but it is said that the "Ironside" have retreated towards Luichow.

GENERAL CHEN MING SHU.

RESIGNATION OF SECONDARY POST ACCEPTED.

(Wah Tsz Yat Pao.)

NANKING, Jan. 23. The Central Government has approved General Chen Ming Shu's resignation of his post as Commissioner of Civil Affairs for Kwangtung and appointed Hsu Chung-ching, the Commissioner of Education, to succeed him. Kan Tseng-ching has been appointed as Hsu's successor. Chen Ming Shu will continue as chairman of the Provincial Government.

SHANGHAI STRIKE.

(Wah Tsz Yat Pao.)

SHANGHAI, Jan. 23. Over seven hundred workers in the employ of the Electric Power station in the International Settlement have been on strike since Wednesday in consequence of the refusal to increase their wages.

Meeting China Hall Way.

In reply to Sir Walter de Frece, Mr. Henderson said that the principles suggested in the Memorandum of December 18, 1928, as the basis of the policy of the Powers principally concerned in China had been since consistently acted upon by successive Governments in Great Britain. Mr. Henderson proceeded to enumerate the actions of Great Britain in that connection, comprising the formal recognition of China's right to tariff autonomy, and the present negotiations at Peking in regard to extraterritoriality. He also related the steps that had been taken in pursuance of His Majesty's Government's offer to consider various concessions to China as laid down in the memorandum of January 27, 1927.

ADMIRAL BYRD'S DIFFICULTIES.

APPEAL FOR BRITISH AND NORWEGIAN HELP.

FEARFUL CONDITIONS IN ROSS SEA.

[REUTER'S AMERICAN SERVICE.]

NEW YORK, Jan. 23.

According to the New York Times, Rear-Admiral Byrd may be forced to spend another winter in Little America (the new Antarctic land which he recently discovered). The conditions in Ross Sea are said to be the worst in Antarctic history.

Admiral Byrd's flagship, the City of New York and the supply ship Eleanor Boling may be unable to pass the ice barrier. Admiral Byrd's representative in New York has appealed to the State Department to enlist the aid of the powerful British and Norwegian whalers in Ross Sea.

INDIAN POLITICIANS SENTENCED.

SEQUEL TO "SUFFERERS' DAY."

[THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.]

CALCUTTA, Jan. 23. Subba S. Chandrabose, President, and Kiran Sankar Roy, Secretary of the Bengal Provincial Congress Committee, and ten other prominent Congressmen including former members of the Bengal Council have been sentenced to a year's rigorous imprisonment each on charges of sedition and conspiracy in connection with the demonstration in South Calcutta in celebration of "political sufferers' day."

ECONOMIC ADVISORY COMMITTEE.

ANOTHER JOB FOR THE PREMIER.

[THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.]

LONDON, Jan. 23. In the House of Commons, during question-time, Mr. Ramsay MacDonald said the Government had decided immediately to establish an Economic Advisory Council, under the chairmanship of himself.

The Council would, he said, absorb the existing Commission of Civil Research, and he hoped to secure the whole-time services of two experienced economists to serve on the Council.

Part of Labour Policy.

Rugby, Jan. 23. A White Paper setting out the scope and functions of new Council will be issued shortly.

One of the two economists to be appointed, who will it is presumed constitute the secretariat for the Council, is Mr. Hubert Henderson, the late editor of the Liberal journal, the Nation and formerly lecturer in economics at Cambridge.

The Proposal to set up such a council was advocated by Mr. R. MacDonald when he first took office in 1924, and in an official statement of Labour aims issued since then, the establishment of this "Economic General Staff," was promised.

The Organisation on somewhat similar lines to part of the industrial policy of the Liberal Party.

BRITISH CONSULAR CHANGES.

(Wah Tsz Yat Pao.)

SHANGHAI, Jan. 23. The British Consul-General at Shanghai has been transferred to Harbin, and he will leave here about February 10, to take up his new post. His place will be taken up by the British Consul-General at Shameen who will arrive at Shanghai on February 10.

WAR GRAVE'S COMMISSION.

IDENTIFYING THE DEAD GOES ON.

OUR HALF MILLION "MISSING."

[BRITISH WIRELESS SERVICE.]

RUGBY, Jan. 23. The ninth annual report of the Imperial War Grave Commission states that the total number of British dead in the Great War registered by the Commission is now 1,089,918.

Of this number 585,114 have been identified and buried in known graves while 504,805 are recorded as missing. But these are not accepted as final figures. Every week report reveals that the dead are still being found in old battlefields. Sometimes they can be identified sometimes not.

In France and Belgium last year no fewer than 2,341 bodies were discovered and removed to Commission cemeteries.

During last year over 80,000 British visitors made the pilgrimage to the cemeteries in France and Belgium.

DEATH OF LORD ESHER.

PUBLIC SERVANT AND MAN OF LETTERS.

[THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.]

LONDON, Jan. 23. The death of Lord Esher is announced.

[Reginald Balfour Brett, 2nd Viscount Esher was born in 1855, being the son of the 1st Viscount Esher. Educated at Eton and Trinity College, Cambridge, he started his public career as private secretary to the Marquis of Hartington (afterwards the famous Duke of Devonshire). He was elected to Parliament for the Falmouth Division in 1880, in the Liberal interest, and became secretary to the Office of Works in 1895.

In 1904, following the conclusion of peace in South Africa, he was appointed Chairman of the important War Office Reconstruction Department.

Lord Esher was, however, best known as a writer of standard works on historical and Imperial subjects. His first publication, in 1902, "Footprints of Statesmen," was followed in 1907 by "The Yoke of Empire," and the "Correspondence of Queen Victoria." Other Royal biographies and studies were "The Girlhood of Queen Victoria" and "The Influence of King Edward."

Perhaps his best known work was "The Tragedy of Lord Kitchener," published in 1918.

Lord Esher married Eugenie, daughter of Louis Mayer, and his heir is the Hon. Oliver Sylvian Balfour Brett.

The present Viscount was at one time assistant private secretary to Lord Morley. He served with the London Regt. and at the War Office during the war. He married in 1912 Antoinette, daughter of August Heckscher of New York, and they have one son and three daughters.]

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TRouble IN CENTRAL AMERICA.

HONOURAS AND GUATEMALA THIS TIME.

INDIAN SCHOOL
PRIZE DAY.THE FIVE GOOD SIGNS OF
EDUCATION.

There was a large number of Old Boys and friends at the Ellis Kadoorie School for Indians yesterday, when Mr. A. el Arculli gave away the prizes awarded to successful scholars of the past year. Prior to the prize-giving ceremony, the visitors were shown round the premises and the garden which boasts of quite a good collection of plants. One of the chief "products" of the school plot is coffee, and as a gentleman said who tasted the beverage made from these home-grown berries:—"Very good it is, too!"

HEADMASTER'S REPORT.

The following extracts are taken from the Headmaster's report:—"During the past year, the school was opened on 223 days. The maximum enrolment for the year was 131, an increase of 14 over last year. The average attendance was 120.

Discipline continues satisfactory. This may be attributed to some extent to our system of prefects, a system that has worked well since it was introduced. Corporal punishment is scarcely ever inflicted.

Studies.

At the annual examination 120 boys were examined, and of that number 115 passed or nearly 96 per cent. It is very satisfactory to be able to report on the general neatness of all the written papers, a feature which may be traced to the introduction of print script writing a few years ago. The younger boys find it much easier than ordinary handwriting. It is neater and more pleasing to the eye, and at the same time sets them a standard of neatness which reacts on other subjects.

Sports.

The boys have every facility to indulge in various forms of sport, and full advantage is taken of these facilities. Cricket and football are undoubtedly the favourite games, and inter-class rivalry is very keen. At the Annual Athletic Sports held a few days ago we had a very successful gathering.

At very pleasing feature in this connection is the interest taken by Old Boys, some of whom have the welfare of the school so much at heart that they are willing to come along and help in coaching the boys in their various games.

Health.

The general health of the school is very good indeed, there being no serious cases of illness during the year. Physical drill is taken every morning and has a most beneficial effect. The Medical Officer for Schools visited us twice during the year, and I take the opportunity of thanking her for the interest she takes in the boys and for the valuable advice she is only too willing to give at all times. Our thanks are also due to Mr. M. A. Khan, one of our own staff and an officer of the St. John's Ambulance Brigade, for the trouble he took in vaccinating all the boys in the school last October.

Garden.

The school garden continues to be a source of interest. Any credit in this respect belongs to Mr. Bishen Singh, who must feel justly proud of his success as an amateur gardener when, from time to time, he distributes the produce of the garden among the staff, boys, and friends of the school. In this connection our thanks are also due to Mr. A. R. Sutherland, Inspector of School, and a former Headmaster of this school, who still takes a very keen interest in our welfare, and who at different times supplies us with seeds for the garden.

General.

Ten years ago Mr. Ralphs referred to the late Sir Ellis Kadoorie as the fairy godfather of the school, at the waning of whose magic wand this fine building took shape. Sir Ellis has been dead now for nearly eight years, but the work of the fairy godfather still goes on in the form of an endowment fund, whereby 37 boys obtained free schooling during the year. In addition Mr. Arculli held himself responsible for the fees of three boys. Besides these there are five Government Scholars.

Appreciative Thanks.

Our thanks are due to the Hong Kong Amusements Co. for the facilities granted to the boys on different occasions to witness certain performances; to the Hon. Director of Public Works for permission to make free use of the North Point Bathing Beach during the summer months; to the Hon. Inspector-General of Police for providing the services of the Drill Instructor; to Mr. W. H. Y. Tong for a scholarship feeable at Queen's College for three years to the members of the Indian community for their generous support to our Sports Fund, and to Messrs. Brewer & Co. for a donation to our Prize Fund.

In conclusion, I take this opportunity of thanking most sincerely all the members of the staff

Money and Markets

CANTON WASTE SILK.

EXPORT FIGURES IN 1929.

We recently published a list showing the quantity of raw silk exported from Canton during last year, and we now add the following record of waste silk exported from the city to the United States, France, Italy and Britain during the past twelve months. The total quantity amounted to 58,342 bales, a considerable decrease on the average shipment. Each bale contains a picul of waste silk.

	U.S.A.	France.	Italy.	Britain.	Total.
January	1,475	1,250	500	175	3,400
February	101	1,515	333	175	1,791
March	805	2,550	300	333	4,006
April	2,600	2,650	850	200	6,300
May	2,176	850	800	200	3,816
June	3,700	2,100	350	150	6,300
July	4,100	1,575	350	350	6,375
August	4,200	700	300	150	5,350
September	550	2,250	100	50	3,206
October	2,924	2,633	700	50	6,157
November	3,550	3,010	500	7,460	
December	2,903	1,200	100	100	4,203
Total	29,100	22,303	4,756	1,993	58,342

Japan took 100 bales in June.

LOCAL RICE MARKET.

IMPORT FIGURES IN 1929.

Rice forms one of the principal trade commodities of the Colony which has indeed made itself the rice distributing centre for South China. The total quantity of rice imported from Annam and Siam during last year was 5,785,000 bags each bag containing 180 catties. The following list shows the approximate quantities imported in each of the past twelve months.

	Bags.
January	585,000
February	651,000
March	777,000
April	396,000
May	480,000
June	556,000
July	528,000
August	387,000
September	396,000
October	392,000
November	392,000
December	522,000
Total	5,785,000

Of this amount, one third was exported from the Colony to Japan and North and Central China the rest being taken by the South China ports. 566,000 bags were exported to Japan from the Colony last year showing a decrease on the average shipment. The following list shows the quantities exported to Japan monthly.

	Bags.
January	86,000
February	68,000

(Continued from Page 3.)

for their loyal co-operation and support during the year, which enabled the work of the School to be carried on so harmoniously.

PRIZE LIST.

CLASS IV.—Usaf Shamsuddin, 1st Prize and Government Scholarship for three years; Mahomed Wahab, 2nd Prize and Government Scholarship for three years; Ibrahim Hassan, 3rd Prize and Government Scholarship for three years; Ibrahim Ali, Ellis Kadoorie Scholarship for one year; Usaf Shamsuddin, Ellis Kadoorie Prize for Composition; Mahomed Wahab, Ellis Kadoorie Prize for Geography; Balwant Singh, Urdu Prize.

CLASS V.—Bashir Ahmed, 1st Prize and Government Scholarship for one year; Nazir Ahmed, 2nd Prize; Bashir Ahmed, Ellis Kadoorie Prize for Composition; Nazir Ahmed, Ellis Kadoorie Prize for Geography; Gurdial Singh, Urdu Prize; Nazir Ahmed, Urdu Prize.

CLASS VI.—F. A. Curram, 1st Prize and Government Scholarship for one year; Naranjan Singh, 2nd Prize; Ahsan, Ellis Kadoorie Prize for Composition; F. A. Curram, Ellis Kadoorie Prize for Geography; M. Hassan, Ellis Kadoorie Prize for Geography; Jagjit Singh, Urdu Prize.

CLASS VII.—Shek Hassan, 1st Prize and Government Scholarship for one year; Naranjan Singh, 2nd Prize; Naranjan Singh, Ellis Kadoorie Prize for Composition; Shek Hassan, Ellis Kadoorie Prize for Geography; Latif Mahomed, Urdu Prize.

CLASS VIII. A.—Lal Shah, 1st Prize and Government Scholarship for one year; Ali Mahomed, 2nd Prize; Ali Mahomed, Ellis Kadoorie Prize for Composition; Abdou, Ellis Kadoorie Prize for Geography; Lal Shah, Urdu Prize.

CLASS VIII. B.—Nazir Ahmed, 1st Prize; Jagjit Singh, 2nd Prize; Nazir Ahmed, Urdu Prize.

Special Prize presented by Mr. A. R. Sutherland.—D. Shamsuddin. Special Prize presented by the Headmaster.—Abdoun.

Five Signs of Good Education.

After giving away the prizes, Mr. el Arculli said the annual report just read by the Headmaster showed that the high standard set up by the late Mr. Sir Ralphs, carried on by Mr. Sutherland, and kept up by Mr. Ralston is being ably continued by Mr. Hamilton. Mr.

EXCHANGE RATES.

[BRITISH WIRELESS SERVICE.]

ROOBY, Jan. 22.

Paris	123.91
New York	4.86 9/32
Brussels	34.94
Geneva	25.18
Amsterdam	12.103
Milan	92.97
Berlin	20.373
Stockholm	18.125
Copenhagen	18.193
Oslo	18.213
Vienna	34.61
Prague	1641
Helsingfors	1931
Madrid	37.345
Lisbon	103.23
Athens	375
Bucharest	815
Rio	5 7/16
Buenos Aires	43 1/16
Bombay	1/5 15/16
Shanghai	2/0
Hong Kong	1/7
Yokohama	2/0 7/32
Silver (spot)	2/ 13/16
Silver (forward)	20 9/16

March	103,000
April	61,000
May	43,000
June	31,000
July	12,000
August	21,000
September	24,000
October	33,000
November	30,000
December	32,000
Total	563,000

Arculli went on:—

"This School fulfils an important function. It prepares Indian boys for the higher schools and the University. It lays the foundation upon which a good English education is built, and just as it is important in laying the foundation of a house to know what sort of building is contemplated, so it is necessary for you boys to know the essentials of the English education you seek. To give you an idea of these essentials, I cannot do better than repeat what an eminent scholar once said were the five signs of a good English education.

"The first is the correct and proper use of the English language—that is to say, the proper choice of words and the correct observance of grammar, accent, and pronunciation. The second are cultured and refined manners. These are the outcome of the discipline, self-respect, and respect for others which you acquire in school. The third is the power and habit of reflection, that is to say, the ability and habit of thinking out things for yourselves, to analyse in your own minds the cause and effects of matters in general, and to reason out the whys and wherefores of your successes and failures. The fourth is the power to develop your brains and minds so that they may not rust or stagnate, but may grow stronger and stronger day by day. The fifth is the ability to do things—that is to say, out of your knowledge and with the use of your brains and hands to accomplish your various tasks.

"I have been struck by the keenness of the boys in this school to acquire knowledge, and from visits I paid to various schools in India I was also impressed with the thirst for learning of the boys there. I have seen schools in Indian villages far from cities where the lessons are taught in small school-houses very unlike this palatial building, and to attend which boys have to walk many miles. Yet with all these disadvantages, the boys love going to school. Tagore says:—"Every child is a message that God has not despaired of man." One may safely say also that—"Every child is a message that God has not despaired of schools." In conclusion, I wish to congratulate Mr. Hamilton, the Headmaster, and the boys upon the successful year they have passed, and I also wish them a very happy holiday."

DAILY SHARE QUOTATIONS.

HONG KONG STOCK EXCHANGE.

THURSDAY, JANUARY 23.

Buyers	Sellers	Bids	Nominal	Buyers	Sellers	Bids	Nominal
\$1,310	H.K. Banks	...	...	...
...	Do. (London)	...	...	...
...	Chartered Banks	...	...	...
...	Mercantile Bks. "A"	...	...	...
...	Do. "C"	...	...	...
...	Bank of East Asia	...	...	...

Buyers	Sellers	Bids	Nominal	Buyers	Sellers	Bids	Nominal
...	Insurance	...	...	...
...	Canton Ins.	...	...	...
...	Underwriters	...	...	...
...	North China	...	...	...
...	Union Ins.	...	...	...
...	China Fire	...	...	...
...	H.K. Fire	...	...	...

Buyers	Sellers	Bids	Nominal	Buyers	Sellers	Bids	Nominal
...	Shipping	...	...	...
...	Douglases	...	...	...
...	Steamboats	...	...	...
...	Indos (pref.)	...	...	...
...	Do. (def.)	...	...	...
...	Shell Transports	...	...	...
...	Water-boats	...	...	...

Buyers	Sellers	Bids	Nominal	Buyers	Sellers	Bids	Nominal
...	Mining	...	...	...
...	Benqueto	...	...	...
...	Kailans	...	...	...
...	Langkats (comb.)	...	...	...
...	Do. (single)	...	...	...
...	Explorations	...	...	...
...	Shanghai Loans	...	...	...
...	Rails	...	...	...
...	Tronoh Mines	...	...	...

Buyers	Sellers	Bids	Nominal	Buyers	Sellers	Bids	Nominal
...	Docks, Wharves, Godowns, etc.	...	...	...
...	H.K. & K. Wharfs	...	...	...
...	Providents	...	...	...
...	H.K. Docks	...	...	...
...	Shanghai Docks	...	...	...
...	New Engineering	...	...	...
...	Hongweirs	...	...	...

Buyers	Sellers	Bids	Nominal	Buyers	Sellers	Bids	Nominal
...	Cotton Mills	...	...	...
...	Ewos	...	...	...
...	Shai Chons (old)	...	...	...
...	Do. (new)	...	...	...
...	Zoong Sings	...	...	...

Buyers	Sellers	Bids	Nominal	Buyers	Sellers	Bids	Nominal
...	Lands, Hotels and Buildings	...	...	...
...	H.K. & S. Hotels	...	...	...
...	H.K. Lands	...	...	...
...	Shanghai Lands	...	...	...
...	H.K. Realty	...	...	...
...	Humphreys	...	...	...
...	Chinese Estates	...	...	...

Buyers	Sellers	Bids	Nominal	Buyers	Sellers	Bids	Nominal
...	Public Utilities	...	...	...
...	Tramways	...	...	...
...	Peak Trams (old)	...	...	...
...	Do. (new)	...	...	...
...	Star Ferries	...	...	...
...	C. Lights (old)	...	...	...
...	Do. (new)	...	...	...
...	H.K. Electric	...	...	...
...	Macao do	...	...	...
...	Sandakan Lights	...	...	...
...	Telephones	...	...	...
...	China Buses	...	...	...
...	Traction	...	...	...
...	Do. (pref.)	...	...	...

Buyers	Sellers	Bids	Nominal	Buyers	Sellers	Bids	Nominal
...	Industrials	...	...	...
...	Caldbeck, (ord)	...	...	...
...	Macgregor (pref.)	...	...	...
...	Cantons (comb.)	...	...	...
...	Do. (old)	...	...	...
...	Do. (new)	...	...	...
...	Ropes	...	...	...
...	China Sugars	...	...	...
...	Malayan Sugars	...	...	...
...	United Asbestos	...	...	...

Buyers	Sellers	Bids	Nominal	Buyers	Sellers	Bids	Nominal
...	Miscellaneous	...	...	...
...	Dairy Farms	...	...	...
...	Der A. Wings	...	...	...
...	Amusements	...	...	...
...	Constructions	...	...	...
...	Lane Crawfords	...	...	...
...	Mackintosh	...	...	...
...	Nanyang Tobacco	...	...	...
...	Sinceres (old)	...	...	...
...	Do. (new)	...	...	...
...	Watsons	...	...	...
...	Wm. P. Wells	...	...	...
...	B. Ind. G.S. Bonds	...	...	...
...	H.K. Govt. Loan	...	...	...

Buyers	Sellers	Bids	Nominal	Buyers	Sellers	Bids	Nominal
...	YOUNG CHUNG GIRLS' COLLEGE.	...	...	...
...	GRADUATION EXERCISES.	...	...	...
...	LADY CLEMENTI DISTRIBUTES THE PRIZES.	...	...	...

Buyers	Sellers	Bids	Nominal	Buyers	Sellers	Bids	Nominal
...	FOREIGN MAILS.	...	...	...
...	RADIO NOTICES.	...	...	...
...	INWARD MAILS.	...	...	...
...	OUTWARD MAILS.	...	...	...

Buyers	Sellers	Bids	Nominal	Buyers	Sellers	Bids	Nominal
...	REGISTERED and PARCEL MAILS are closed 15 minutes earlier than the time given below unless otherwise stated, and where mails are advertised to close at or before 9 a.m. registered and parcel mails are closed at 5 p.m. on the previous day.	...	...	...

<p>Lady Clementi will be able to attend our annual function, so I take this opportunity of wishing His Excellency Sir Cecil Clementi good health and success when they leave us to go to Singapore.</p>	<p>Pui Fong, Leung Ho Yee.</p>
<p>I wish to thank the proprietors of the Ko Shing Theatre for lending us their building to-day, and</p>	<p>Lady Clementi's Speech. Lady Clementi having distributed the awards, said how very glad she was to be able to do so.</p>
<p></p>	<p>that assembly of dainty blue maidens before the sad day when she must leave Hong Kong. As</p>

PRIME MINISTER'S APPEAL
TO AMERICA.

(Continued from Page 9.)

Although I feel sure agreement will be come to, I should like to warn all my hearers that there are many difficulties in the way. The question is, how far can we all go together? Some of us are willing to go further than others in certain directions, but not so far in others. Some of us make proposals for reductions which do not suit others, and they in turn make proposals which are similarly rejected.

The Problem of Adjustment.

It is not ill-will; it is the problem of adjustment. We shall strive to bring to the lowest common level all programmes of the various countries, so that two things will happen. Firstly, there will be no more competition between us in building ships, and secondly, the programme will be reduced to the very lowest possible level, and then, within a few years, say five or six, we shall be in a position to make still further reductions. Thus we shall reach disarmament and secured peace.

The Premier said he would answer quite specifically a statement which had been very widely scattered that this country, while talking of disarmament, was showing no example. "In the case of the British army regular establishments, there have been large reductions since pre-war days. There has been limitation of personnel, and material and military expenditure generally. Our personnel to-day shows a reduction of 50,000, compared with 1914, and 152,000 compared with 1921, after the actual war forces had been disbanded.

Continuous Reductions.

We are the only nation among the leading powers who can show continuous reduction in expenditure on its army. I am making no criticism of what other nations have done. I am only concerned to assure you we have in this country already assumed some of the risks of peace by actual reduction of fighting power.

In the case of the Navy we have not waited for this conference. The position in the British Empire in December, 1929, compared with August, 1914, presents a remarkable contrast which deserves to be pondered by those who speak lightly of disarmament. Here are the facts. Capital ships August, 1914, were 69, and in December, 1929, twenty. Cruisers with guns of eight inch and above, on August, 1914, were 87, and in December, 1929, eleven. Cruisers under eight inch guns in August, 1914, were 81, and in December, 1929, forty-three. Submarines in August, 1914, were 74, and in December, 1929, fifty-three. These few figures are more eloquent than columns of speeches.

Air Dominance Surrendered.

As regards the Air Force, before the War the air services of the world were just struggling into existence and no comparison therefore can be made between their strength to-day and in 1914. In the course of the War, however, Great Britain built up a huge, powerful force which, by the time of the Armistice, comprised no less than 3,300 first line machines, with a personnel of nearly 300,000 strong behind them. We were, in fact, at the point to create the strongest air force in the world. After the War this powerful weapon was virtually scrapped and to-day the first line strength of the Royal Air Force on a comparable basis is no more than 772 machines, with a personnel of 31,000, and the air fleets of other great Powers far outnumber us. Could there be a more striking evidence of the will to peace in the British people?

DESPERATE REMEDIES!

FOR THE ENFORCEMENT
OF PROHIBITION.

[REUTERS' AMERICAN SERVICE.]

New York, Jan. 22. Giving evidence before the Congressional Committee, Mr. Andrew Mellon, Government Treasurer, recommended the transfer of the whole of the machinery for the enforcement of Prohibition from the Treasury to the Department of Justice.

This development follows the recent issuing of the preliminary report of the National Commission of Law Observance and Enforcement, which recommended the immediate strengthening of the Prohibition law, "if on no other grounds than to give the law a fair trial."

The Commission said that it was impossible wholly to separate the observance of the Prohibition Act from the large question of the views and habits of the American people, in respect of their private judgment regarding the regulations affecting their conduct.

The Commission proposed the transference of the Prohibition administration from the Treasury to the Department of Justice; a modification of the Prohibition law; more effective legislation relating to the ownership of property used in the manufacture and sale of illicit liquor, and speedier legal proceedings.

TAFT'S BROTHER A
WEALTHY MAN.ESTATE WORTH THIRTY-
FIVE MILLION DOLLARS.

[United Press.]

Cincinnati, January 11.—The will of the late Charles P. Taft, brother of the former President, (Continued on next column.)

Telegrams in Brief.

Owing to the outbreak of *pneumonia* in other countries, the Austrian Government has prohibited the import of parrots.

Official statistics from Washington show that the number of immigrants from Great Britain and Northern Ireland during last year totalled 28,972, as compared with their aggregate quota of 65,721.

It is officially announced that the wedding of Prince Takamatsu and Kikako Tokugawa, the granddaughter of the late Shogun, will take place on February 4.

President Hoover has recommended to the Senate the appointment of Mr. Edward Everett Brodie, former Minister to Spain, as Minister to Finland. He has also nominated Mr. Alexander P. Moore, Minister to Peru, as Ambassador to Poland.

A message from Leavenworth (Kansas) says the Parole Board has recommended the release on parole of Dr. Frederick Cook, the explorer and oil-promoter, who is serving a sentence of 14 years for serving mail to defraud. Dr. Cook has so far served nearly five years of his term.

The Executive Committee of the British Empire Cotton-Growing Corporation has decided to reduce the rate of the spinners' levy from 3d. to 1d. per 500 lb. bale, as from July 13, next. It is not expected that the smaller income will enable the whole expenditure to be covered, but any deficit will be met from reserves.

The death has occurred at Hollywood of Mrs. William Jennings Bryan, widow of the late Democratic leader. Mr. Bryan, who several times stood as Democrat nominee for the Presidency, died in 1925. His widow, whose death is now reported, was formerly Miss Mary Elizabeth Baird, of Perry, Illinois. They were married in 1884.

Brigadier General John Phelan, a distinguished United States soldier at present commanding a brigade of the National Guard, has been appointed a member of the New York State Athletic Commission, in succession to Mr. George F. Brower. The other Commissioners are Mr. James J. Farley, who is the chairman, and Mr. William Muldon, the octogenarian sportsman. The Commissioners are unpaid.

ent and present Chief Justice, was filed here to-day and it indicated that the estate may be estimated at \$35,000,000.

The late Mr. Taft was well known as newspaper editor, owner and politician. He had not been generally considered a man of such great wealth.

HELENA MAY
MUSICAL.DELIGHTFUL PROGRAMME
OF MUSIC.

A delightful programme of music was arranged by the organisers of the concert "Musical Interludes" given yesterday at the Helena May Institute, Madame Bonenfant at the piano, Mrs. A. M. Bowes-Smith and Mr. R. A. Green as vocalists, and Major MacNair with his violin, made an excellent team and the music chosen was, as a whole, in a lighter and more popular vein than that of several of the previous concerts.

Mrs. Bowes-Smith has always something pleasing to contribute. At the last concert she gave us some difficult, though haunting and charming little songs, yesterday she sang for us "Mimi's Aria" and "One Fine Day" from Madame Butterfly. Old familiar tunes but perhaps the more charming for that, the Butterfly Aria suited Mrs. Bowes-Smith's voice particularly well.

Madame Bonenfant played Debussy, starting with the famous "Fille aux Cheveux de lin," and bringing the concert to its close with the delicate fairy-fabric of "Jardins sous la pluie." Perhaps because I knew them to be both of one nationality, I was reminded of Thibaud when Madame Bonenfant played Debussy. I remember that some of his compatriots were not a little distressed when I made reference to what I called the "gypsy quality" in Thibaud's work on the occasion when he gave a concert here. A distress due to misunderstanding of his meaning. Thibaud seems to play as the troubadours of old, and as the wandering scholar gypsies who followed them, for the joy it gives him to please his audience, scattering largesse, rather than earning his living as the modern professional musician does.

I found something of that quality in Madame Bonenfant, yesterday. Her playing is always admirable, and her mood always a little removed from that of a professional artist, but Debussy seemed to snap the last link that held her to the concert platform. She played to herself and to all who cared to listen.

The Schumann Phantasistücke for Piano and Violin, Madame Bonenfant and Major MacNair were delightful, and Mr. R. A. Green gave a spirited rendering of German's "Four Jolly Sailors" gained much applause, as did his first song in Exile (Teresa de Riego).

F.M.B.

The full programme was as follows:—

1. Trois Preludes C. Debussy.
- (a) La Fille aux cheveux de lin.
- (b) La Cathédrale.
- (c) Minstrels.

2. Operatic Arias (in English).
- (a) Mimi's Aria (La Bohème).
- (b) One Fine Day (Madame Butterfly) Puccini.
- Mrs. A. M. Bowes-Smith.

3. Three Phantasistücke for Pianoforte and Violin.
- R. Schumann.
- Madame Bonenfant and Major P. J. MacNair.

4. Songs—
- (1) In Exile ... Teresa del Riego.
- (2) Four Jolly Sailors Edward German.
- Mr. R. A. Green.
5. "Jardins sous la pluie" C. Debussy.
- Madame Bonenfant.

FIRE NEAR TEXACO
INSTALLATION.JUNK AND OIL CARGO
DESTROYED.

Three persons—the master of a trading-junk, his wife, and small son—were seriously injured in a fire which broke out on board the craft at Gin-Drinker's Bay, where the Texaco Company have their installation, on Wednesday night.

The junk had loaded a cargo of 30,000 gallons of gasoline and 19,000 gallons of kerosene for Canton. As the junk cast off from the pier there was an explosion, and the vessel became a mass of flames. Assistance was given by the fire-boat, but finding that even the big monitors of their latest vessel had little effect on a fire of this nature, the Brigade concentrated their efforts on preventing the burning stream of oil spreading to other craft.

A tribute to the foresight of the 16-year-old son of Mr. Y. Abbas, who is in charge of the Superintendent of the Fire Brigade. As soon as the lad heard the explosion, he rushed to the beach and made the coolies go out and tow away two junks which were close to the burning vessel. In this way he prevented the fire spreading to the other craft.

The oil cargo, worth over \$25,000, was a total loss, but was covered by insurance.

ASSAULT PROVED.

CONVICTIONS IN THE
"VALLEY" CASE.COMPENSATION FOR
INJURIES.

Convictions were recorded by Mr. A. W. G. H. Grantham at Central Magistracy yesterday against Mr. H. A. de B. Botelho and Mr. N. D. Maher on charges of assaulting Mr. C. H. Blok, a reporter on the staff of the Daily Press.

During the hearing, which lasted three afternoons, Mr. F. C. E. Rendall (of Messrs. Russ and Co.) appeared for Mr. Blok. Mr. Leo d'Almada, sr., was for the defendants.

Mr. Maher gave evidence on his own behalf, and was cross-examined at length by Mr. Rendall, who recalled several disorderly incidents at Craigiepower and elsewhere in which he had been concerned. Mr. F. V. Ribeiro, Miss A. Jorge, and Miss Cissie Botelho were other witnesses called by the defence.

Reviewing the evidence, Mr. Grantham said he found that Mr. H. A. Botelho was the first to strike a blow. The little girl had stated that while Mr. Blok's head was on Mr. Botelho's shoulder, she saw Mr. Maher strike Mr. Blok. The boy, who was a playmate of Mr. Maher, had also stated that he saw him strike. His Worship accepted this evidence and found that Mr. Maher also committed an assault on Mr. Blok. The cross-examination against him must, therefore, be dismissed.

Referring to the summons against Mr. A. C. Botelho and the cross-examination taken out by him for the use of insulting language, His Worship said some words were exchanged after the actual assault, but he dismissed these summonses as they were not worth registering a conviction.

Mr. Rendall, I am not pressing for a heavy penalty in the case of Mr. H. A. Botelho.

"A Stupid Thing."

His Worship observed that in the case of Mr. Botelho, it was apparently a thing done in the heat of the moment. The word used was not sufficiently provocative, and yet he took the law into his own hands, which was a stupid thing to have done. He would impose a fine of \$5.

In the case of Mr. Maher, continued His Worship, he must take a more serious view. He had been bound over last August. The injuries inflicted on Mr. Blok were considerable, and on the doctor's orders, he had to go into hospital. They are injuries caused by Maher. His Worship would therefore impose a fine of \$25, and also order payment of \$25 to Mr. Blok as compensation.

THE INDEPENDENCE OF
BARGA.MONGOL DEMAND FOR
LIMITATION OF CHINESE
JURISDICTION TO
RAILWAY.

HARBIN, Jan. 15.

A delicate situation has been created in the Barga district of Northern Manchuria as the result of the recent Sino-Russian conflict, in the revival of the independence movement of the Barga Mongolians after the withdrawal of the Red troops.

It is said that last week, the Mongolian representatives met the Chinese officials at Hailar and submitted various demands with regard to the independent administration of the Barga district.

Amongst others, the Mongolians are said to have demanded that Chinese jurisdiction should be confined to the Chinese Eastern Railway and that there should be no interference with the internal affairs of the Barga district.

The military force of Barga Mongolians at present numbers some 1,500 and, consequently, it is not thought that they will be able to make the Chinese agree to their proposals unless aided by reinforcements from Outer Mongolia.

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Fortnightly sailings on Tuesdays
Pros. Jefferson, Tues., Feb. 4
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Pros. Adams, Sun., Jan. 26, 8 a.m. Pros. Johnson, Sun., Feb. 23, 8 a.m.
Pros. Harrison, Sun., Feb. 9, 8 a.m. Pros. Fillmore, Sun., Mar. 9, 8 a.m.

To Manila

Pros. Jefferson, Jan. 28, 6 p.m. Pros. Lincoln, Feb. 11, 6 p.m.
Pros. Grant, Feb. 1, 6 p.m. Pros. Cleveland, Feb. 15, 6 p.m.

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CANTON'S Y.M.C.A.

DISTINGUISHED CANADIAN
VISITOR.

[FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.]

CANTON, Jan. 23.

Col. Gerald Birks, of Montreal, who has recently retired from the management of one of the largest jewellery firms in Canada, is visiting Canton to study Y.M.C.A. work there, at the request of the United States and Canadian branches of the movement. Col. Birks is voluntary secretary of the Association in North America. He was for some time the president of the directors of the Y.M.C.A. in his own city and has served this organisation for the past thirty years. During the war he was in charge of all Y.M.C.A. work for Canadian troops.

The Canton Y.M.C.A. is under a Chinese board of directors. Though it is financed and directed locally it has had a lot of help from North America and one of the objects of Col. Birks' visit was to see at first hand how Canada and the United States could most profitably assist Canton.

Montreal business men have shown considerable interest in the work in Canton and they contributed C\$4,000 towards the present buildings when they were put up fifteen years ago.

The Board of Directors of the Canton Y.M.C.A. gave a dinner in honour of Col. Birks and in reply to an address of welcome made that in spite of opposition from the enemies of the work of any Christian association in China, the Canton Y.M.C.A. had not only kept its doors open but it had carried on an active service for men and boys continuously and had met with an ever increasing response from the people of Canton.

Col. Birks said that he was impressed with the ability of the organization to adapt itself to new circumstances. He was glad to see the Canton Y.M.C.A. develop its work in accordance to its own special needs. In the eighteen years since his last visit to the city great developments had taken place and he agreed with those who said that the best days are ahead for Canton and the Cantonese.

Following his stay in Canton, Col. Birks will visit the associations in Hong Kong, Swatow, Amoy, Foochow and Shanghai going from there to the branches in the Yangtze region.

THE WATER SUPPLY.

1188 M.G. IN ISLAND
RESERVOIRS.

The total storage in the island reservoirs on the morning of Monday, January 20, amounted to 1,188.37 million gallons showing a decrease of 47.13 million gallons during the past week; the amount collected from streams being .37 million gallons.

The week's consumption amounted to 47.50 million gallons.

Kowloon.

The total storage in the mainland reservoirs on the morning of Monday, January 20, amounted to 438.87 million gallons, showing a decrease of 11.04 million gallons during the past week.

The week's consumption amounted to 25.47 million gallons, not including 1.78 million gallons supplied to water-hops at Chi Koi.

The yield from the Shing Mun River and streams during the week is 15.61 million gallons.

THE SILVER SCREEN.

A WICKED BANDIT.

Not often do we get a film story which ends on a tragic note, any more than we find a novel which does not give us a "happy ending." At the Queen's Theatre there is now showing "In Old Arizona," an all-talker which deals with the wide open spaces in the good old days when desperadoes used to hold-up stage-coaches. The villain of the piece, however, instead of being hung on the nearest tree, or riddled with bullets, successfully carries out a wicked plot whereby the lovely but treacherous heroine meets an untimely fate.

"In Old Arizona" is described as a thrilling drama, and it is, with plenty of it. Castle-sealing and bursting boxes of gold provide some swift moving incidents, and the story goes with a swing. The sound production with the film is again excellent, and dialogue is easily followed, while the live stock make themselves heard as distinctly as the next-door neighbour's chickens.

Those who were disappointed at not hearing the King's voice broadcast the other evening can hear His Majesty at the Queen's this week, where movie-tickets are being shown of the King at the opening of a bridge. His Majesty's voice, and the cheers of the crowds, make quite an inspiring effect. The King of Sweden is shown playing tennis, and Mussolini is seen decorating troops.

TO-DAY'S WIRELESS
PROGRAMME.BROADCAST BY Z.B.W. ON
335 METRES.

11 to 11.30 a.m.—Commercial news.
12.30 to 1 p.m.—Demonstration programme.

1.45 p.m.—Weather report.

5 to 6 p.m.—Programming of H.M.V. and Victor records supplied by Messrs. Moutrie.

6 to 7 p.m.—Chinese programme.

7 to 9 p.m.—Recorded music and experimental relay transmission.

9 p.m.—Studio concert.

Programme.

1. Pianoforte Solo, Finlandia (Sibelius), Mr. R. Baldwin.

2. Song: Calm as the Night, Mrs. M. Portallian.

3. Humorous Song, Selected, Mr. J. Grenham.

4. Violoncello Solo, Claire de Lune from Opera, Comique "Werther" (Massenet), M. Bozenfant.

5. Vocal Duet, Shepherdess and Beau Brocade (M. Phillips), Miss McGill and Mr. R. Baldwin.

6. Ballad, Callet Hermin, Miss McGill.

INTERVAL.

(News bulletins).

7. Song, Milanway (Forster), Mrs. M. Portallian.

8. Violoncello Solo, Selected, M. Bozenfant.

9. Humorous Song, Selected, Mr. J. Grenham.

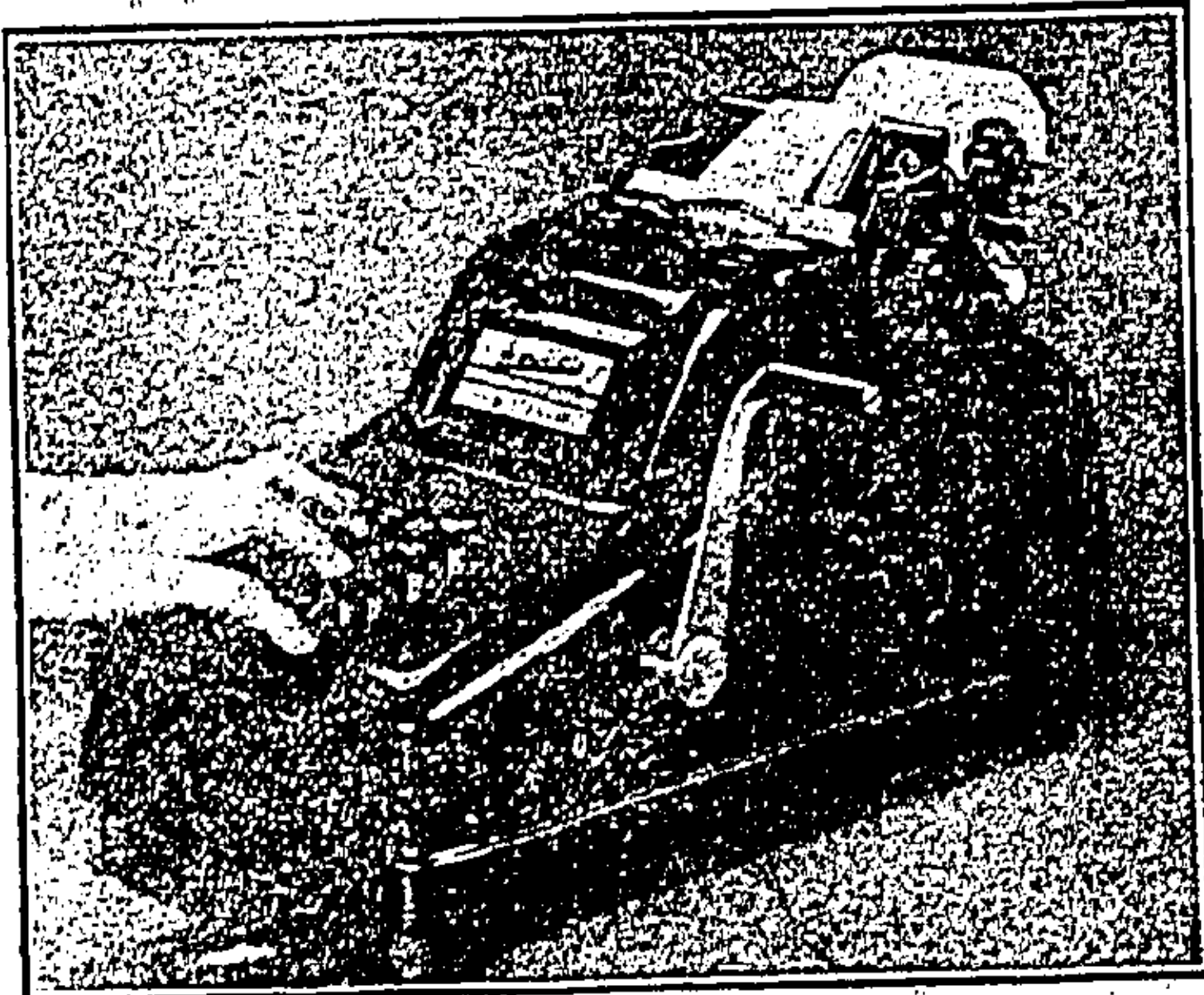
10. Vocal Duet, Twilight (Spohr), Miss McGill and Mr. R. Baldwin.

11. Pianoforte Solo, Two Waltzes from Three Fours (Osteridge Taylor), Mr. R. Baldwin.

12. Ballad, Wace Me for Prince Charlie, Miss McGill.

God Save The King.

10.30 p.m.—Close down.

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QUEEN'S BUILDING.

ADVERTISED SAILINGS FROM HONG KONG.

ALEXANDRIA.

Pres. Adams, Dollar, Jan. 26.
Pres. Harrison, Dollar, Feb. 9.
Pres. Johnson, Dollar, Feb. 23.

AMOY.

Haiyang, Douglas, Jan. 24.
Suisang, Jardine's, Jan. 28.
Haining, Douglas, Jan. 28.
Namsang, Jardine's, Jan. 30.
Takliwa, B.I., Jan. 31.
Tjilaboet, J.C.J.L., Feb. 3.
Tihawa, B.I., Feb. 8.
Tjikarang, J.C.J.L., Feb. 6.
Antung, B. & S., Feb. 9.
Kutsang, Jardine's, Feb. 11.
Tjilalak, J.C.J.L., Feb. 16.
Tjiladak, J.C.J.L., Feb. 20.

ANTWERP.

Hakozaki Maru, N.Y.K., Jan. 25.
Jeypore, P. & O., Jan. 25.
Ermland, Jelsen, Jan. 28.
Hakusan Maru, N.Y.K., Feb. 8.
Burgeland, Jelsen, Feb. 11.
Java, Mannen, Feb. 11.

AUSTRALIAN PORTS.

Nellere, E. & A., Jan. 31.
Changte, B. & S., Feb. 18.
Kaga Maru, N.Y.K., Feb. 19.

BALTO PORTS.

Java, Mannen, Feb. 11.

BALTIMORE.

Springbank, Bank, Feb. 15.

BANGKOK.

Hellas, Thoresen, Jan. 26.
Kiangau, B. & S., Jan. 26.
Helios, Thoresen, Feb. 2.
Kaying, B. & S., Feb. 4.
Hirundo, Thoresen, Feb. 9.
Kwangchow, B. & S., Feb. 9.

BELAWAN DELI.

Van Heutz, J.C.J.L., Jan. 29.
Aller, Melchers, Jan. 31.
Coblentz, Melchers, Feb. 8.
Springbank, Bank, Feb. 15.

BOMBAY.

Yamagata Maru, N.Y.K., Jan. 28.
Bengal Maru, N.Y.K., Jan. 31.
Mantua, P. & O., Feb. 1.
Karmala, P. & O., Feb. 15.
Kidderpore P. & O., Feb. 19.

BOSTON.

Pres. Adams, Dollar, Jan. 26.
Atago Maru, N.Y.K., Feb. 1.
Cingalese Prince, Furness, Feb. 1.
Pres. Harrison, Dollar, Feb. 9.
Imperial Prince, Furness, Feb. 13.
Springbank, Bank, Feb. 15.
Emp. of Australia, C.P.S., Feb. 17.
Pres. Johnson, Dollar, Feb. 23.

BREMER.

Aller, Melchers, Jan. 31.
Coblentz, Melchers, Feb. 8.
Java, Mannen, Feb. 11.
Schlesien, Melchers, Feb. 24.

BRINDISI.

Hilda, Dodwell's, Jan. 25.
Remo, Dodwell's, Feb. 4.

CALCUTTA.

Kumsang, Jardine's, Jan. 25.
Ceylon Maru, N.Y.K., Jan. 29.
Tajima, B.I., Feb. 8.
Hosang, Jardine's, Feb. 13.
Shirala, B.I., Feb. 13.

CEBU.

G'den Dragon, S.S.S., Feb. 2.
California, S.S.S., Feb. 6.
Kentucky, S.S.S., Feb. 19.

CHEFOO.

Huichow, B. & S., Feb. 10.

COLOMBO.

Hakozaki Maru, N.Y.K., Jan. 25.
Jeypore, P. & O., Jan. 25.
Pres. Adams, Dollar, Jan. 26.
Sphinx, M.M., Jan. 28.

Yamagata Maru, N.Y.K., Jan. 28.
Ermland, Jelsen, Jan. 28.
Aller, Melchers, Jan. 31.
Bengal Maru, N.Y.K., Jan. 31.
Mantua, P. & O., Feb. 1.
Coblentz, Melchers, Feb. 8.
Hakusan Maru, N.Y.K., Feb. 8.
Pres. Harrison, Dollar, Feb. 9.
Burgeland, Jelsen, Feb. 11.
General Metzinger, M.M., Feb. 11.
Glenamoy, Jardine's, Feb. 12.
Karmala, P. & O., Feb. 15.
Kidderpore P. & O., Feb. 19.
Pres. Johnson, Dollar, Feb. 23.
Schlesien, Melchers, Feb. 24.

COPENHAGEN.

Java, Mannen, Feb. 11.

DALNY.

Franken, Melchers, Jan. 28/29.
Teau, B. & S., Jan. 29.
Benares, Gilman's, Feb. 7.
Liangchow, B. & S., Feb. 9.
Fulda, Melchers, Feb. 11.

DUTCH PORTS.

Hakozaki Maru, N.Y.K., Jan. 25.
Jeypore, P. & O., Jan. 25.
Ermland, Jelsen, Jan. 30.
Aller, Melchers, Jan. 31.
Coblentz, Melchers, Feb. 8.
Hakusan Maru, N.Y.K., Feb. 8.
Burgeland, Jelsen, Feb. 11.
Java, Mannen, Feb. 11.
Glenamoy, Jardine's, Feb. 12.
City of Kimberley, Bank, Feb. 14.
Hector, B.F., Feb. 19.

FOOCHOW.

Haiyang, Douglas, Jan. 24.
Haining, Douglas, Jan. 28.
Huichow, B. & S., Feb. 10.

GENOA.

Pres. Adams, Dollar, Jan. 26.
Ermland, Jelsen, Jan. 30.
Coblentz, Melchers, Feb. 8.
Pres. Harrison, Dollar, Feb. 9.
Burgeland, Jelsen, Feb. 11.
General Metzinger, M.M., Feb. 11.
Glenamoy, Jardine's, Feb. 12.
Karmala, P. & O., Feb. 15.
Kidderpore P. & O., Feb. 19.
Pres. Johnson, Dollar, Feb. 23.
Schlesien, Melchers, Feb. 24.

GLASGOW.

Hector, B.F., Feb. 19.
Mentor, B.F., Feb. 20.

GOTHENBURG.

Java, Mannen, Feb. 11.

HAIPHONG AND HOIHOW.

Chusan, B. & S., Jan. 24.
Hanyang, B. & S., Jan. 24.
Canton, M.M., Jan. 27.
Tonkin, M.M., Jan. 28.
Chengtu, B. & S., Feb. 13.

HAMBURG.

Jeypore, P. & O., Jan. 25.
Ermland, Jelsen, Jan. 30.
Aller, Melchers, Jan. 31.
Achilles, B.F., Feb. 4.
Coblentz, Melchers, Feb. 8.
Burgeland, Jelsen, Feb. 11.
Java, Mannen, Feb. 11.
Glenamoy, Jardine's, Feb. 12.
City of Kimberley, Bank, Feb. 14.
Schlesien, Melchers, Feb. 24.

HAVRE.

Bellerophon, B. F., Feb. 9.
City of Kimberley, Bank, Feb. 14.
Mentor, B.F., Feb. 20.

HONOLULU.

Bokuyo Maru, N.Y.K., Jan. 27.
Korea Maru, N.Y.K., Feb. 9.
Emp. of Australia, C.P.S., Feb. 17.
Shinyo Maru, N.Y.K., Feb. 19.

ILOILO.

G'den Dragon, S.S.S., Feb. 2.
California, S.S.S., Feb. 6.
Kentucky, S.S.S., Feb. 16.

JAPAN PORTS.

Duchessa d'Aosta, Dwell's, Jan. 25.
Suisang, Jardine's, Jan. 28.
Albert Voegler, Jelsen, Jan. 27.
Bokuyo Maru, N.Y.K., Jan. 27.
Lyons Maru, N.Y.K., Jan. 27.
Iyo Maru, N.Y.K., Jan. 28.
Kashmir, P. & O., Jan. 28.
Pres. McKinley, A.M.L., Jan. 28.
Franken, Melchers, Jan. 28/29.
Andre Lebon, M.M., Jan. 29.
Esquiline, Dwell's, Jan. 29.
Namsang, Jardine's, Jan. 30.
Sado Maru, N.Y.K., Jan. 30.
Glenapp, Jardine's, Jan. 31.
Kanaagawa Maru, N.Y.K., Jan. 31.
Macedonia, P. & O., Jan. 31.
Takliwa, B.I., Jan. 31.
Keemun, B.F., Feb. 3.
Menelaus, B.F., Feb. 4.
Pres. Jefferson, A.M.L., Feb. 4.
Korea Maru, N.Y.K., Feb. 4.
Tihawa, B.I., Feb. 6.
Benares, Gilman's, Feb. 7.
Asia, Mannen, Feb. 8.
Vogland, Jelsen, Feb. 8.
Allipore, P. & O., Feb. 9.
Rutans, Jardine's, Feb. 11.
Emp. of Russia, C.P.S., Feb. 12.
Glenahiel, Jardine's, Feb. 12.
Portos, M.M., Feb. 12.
Siberia Maru, N.Y.K., Feb. 12.
Tyndareus, B.F., Feb. 15.
Emp. of Australia, C.P.S., Feb. 17.
Menthus, B.F., Feb. 17.
Col. di Lava, Dwell's, Feb. 18.
Pres. Lincoln, Dollar, Feb. 18.
Shinyo Maru, N.Y.K., Feb. 19.
Sumatra, Gilman's, Feb. 24.

JAVA PORTS.

Tjikarora, J.C.J.L., Jan. 28.
Tjisondari, J.C.J.L., Feb. 4.
Tjikarong, J.C.J.L., Feb. 11.
Tjikarang, J.C.J.L., Feb. 18.

LISBON.

Schlesien, Melchers, Feb. 24.

LIVERPOOL.

Bellerophon, B.F., Feb. 9.
Delagoa Maru, N.Y.K., Feb. 17.
Mentor, B.F., Feb. 20.

LONDON.

Hakozaki Maru, N.Y.K., Jan. 25.
Mantua, P. & O., Feb. 1.
Achilles, B.F., Feb. 4.
Hakusan Maru, N.Y.K., Feb. 8.
Glenamoy, Jardine's, Feb. 12.
Karmala, P. & O., Feb. 15.
Kidderpore P. & O., Feb. 19.
Pres. Johnson, Dollar, Feb. 23.
Schlesien, Melchers, Feb. 24.

LOS ANGELES.

Bokuyo Maru, N.Y.K., Jan. 27.
Pres. McKinley, A.M.L., Jan. 28.
Pres. Grant, A.M.L., Feb. 11.

MANILA.

Pres. Adams, Dollar, Jan. 26.
Pres. Jefferson, A.M.L., Jan. 28.
Cingalese Prince, Furness, Jan. 29.
Ermland, Jelsen, Jan. 29.
G'den Dragon, S.S.S., Jan. 30.
Nellere, E. & A., Jan. 31.
Pres. Grant, A.M.L., Feb. 1.
Emp. of Asia, C.P.S., Feb. 3.
Tjisondari, J.C.J.L., Feb. 4.
California, S.S.S., Feb. 8.
Coblentz, Melchers, Feb. 8.
Pres. Harrison, Dollar, Feb. 9.
Burgeland, Jelsen, Feb. 11.
General Metzinger, M.M., Feb. 11.
Glenamoy, Jardine's, Feb. 12.
Karmala, P. & O., Feb. 15.
Kidderpore P. & O., Feb. 19.
Pres. Johnson, Dollar, Feb. 23.
Schlesien, Melchers, Feb. 24.

MARSEILLES.

Hakozaki Maru, N.Y.K., Jan. 25.
Jeypore, P. & O., Jan. 25.
Pres. Adams, Dollar, Jan. 26.
Sphinx, M.M., Jan. 28.
Ermland, Jelsen, Jan. 30.
Aller, Melchers, Jan. 31.
Mantua, P. & O., Feb. 1.
Achilles, B.F., Feb. 4.
Hakusan Maru, N.Y.K., Feb. 8.
Pres. Harrison, Dollar, Feb. 9.
General Metzinger, M.M., Feb. 11.
Java, Mannen, Feb. 11.
Karmala, P. & O., Feb. 15.
Delagoa Maru, N.Y.K., Feb. 17.
Schlesien, Melchers, Feb. 18.
Hector, B.F., Feb. 19.
Pres. Johnson, Dollar, Feb. 23.

NAPLES.

Hakozaki Maru, N.Y.K., Jan. 25.
Pres. Adams, Dollar, Jan. 26.
Hakusan Maru, N.Y.K., Feb. 8.
Pres. Harrison, Dollar, Feb. 9.
Pres. Johnson, Dollar, Feb. 23.

NEW YORK, BOSTON, etc.

Pres. Adams, Dollar, Jan. 26.
Atago Maru, N.Y.K., Feb. 1.
Cingalese Prince, Furness, Feb. 1.
Pres. Harrison, Dollar, Feb. 9.
Imperial Prince, Furness, Feb. 13.
Springbank, Bank, Feb. 15.
Emp. of Australia, C.P.S., Feb. 17.
Pres. Johnson, Dollar, Feb. 23.

NORTE CHINA.

Franken, Melchers, Jan. 28/29.
Asia, Mannen, Feb. 8.

OSLO.

Java, Mannen, Feb. 11.

PANAMA.

Bokuyo Maru, N.Y.K., Jan. 27.
Atago Maru, N.Y.K., Feb. 1.
Emp. of Australia, C.P.S., Feb. 17.

PENANG.

Hakozaki Maru, N.Y.K., Jan. 25.
Jeypore, P. & O., Jan. 25.
Kumsang, Jardine's, Jan. 25.
Pres. Adams, Dollar, Jan. 26.
Sphinx, M.M., Jan. 28.
Yamagata Maru, N.Y.K., Jan. 29.
Ermland, Jelsen, Jan. 28.
Van Heutz, J.C.J.L., Jan. 29.
Aller, Melchers, Jan. 31.
Bengal Maru, N.Y.K., Jan. 31.
Mantua, P. & O., Feb. 1.
Mantua, P. & O., Feb. 1.
Achilles, B.F., Feb. 4.
Coblentz, Melchers, Feb. 8.
Hakusan Maru, N.Y.K., Feb. 8.
Tajima, B.I., Feb. 8.
Antung, B. & S., Feb. 9.
Pres. Harrison, Dollar, Feb. 9.
Burgeland, Jelsen, Feb. 11.
General Metzinger, M.M., Feb. 11.
Java, Mannen, Feb. 11.
Glenamoy, Jardine's, Feb. 12.
Hosang, Jardine's, Feb. 13.
Shirala, B.I., Feb. 13.
Karmala, P. & O., Feb. 15.
Kidderpore P. & O., Feb. 19.
Pres. Johnson, Dollar, Feb. 23.
Schlesien, Melchers, Feb. 24.

PORTLAND.

Illinois, S.S.S., Feb. 1.
Patagonier, Bank, Feb. 12.

RANGOON.

Ceylon Maru, N.Y.K., Jan. 29.
Shirala, B.I., Feb. 13.

SAIGON.

Hanyang, B. & S., Jan. 24.
Kiungchow, B. & S., Jan. 27.
Sphinx, M.M., Jan. 28.
General Metzinger, M.M., Feb. 11.

SANDAKAN.

Mausang, Jardine's, Jan. 28.
Nellere, E. & A., Jan. 31.
Hinsang, Jardine's, Feb. 6.

SAN FRANCISCO.

Pennsylvania, S.S.S., Jan. 25.
Pres. McKinley, A.M.L., Jan. 28.
Illinois, S.S.S., Feb. 1.
Pres. Grant, A.M.L., Feb. 11.
Emp. of Australia, C.P.S., Feb. 17.
Pres. Lincoln, Dollar, Feb. 18.
Shinyo Maru, N.Y.K., Feb. 19.

SCANDINAVIAN PORTS.

Java, Mannen, Feb. 11.

SEATTLE.

Iyo Maru, N.Y.K., Jan. 29.
Pres. Jefferson, A.M.L., Feb. 4.
Bonnevill, Thoresen's, Feb. 8.
Patagonier, Bank, Feb. 12.
Siberia Maru, N.Y.K., Feb. 12.
Tyndareus, B.F., Feb. 15.
Pres. Lincoln, Dollar, Feb. 18.

SHANGHAI.

Khiva, P. & O., Jan. 24.
Duchessa d'Aosta, Dwell's, Jan. 25.
Szechuen, B. & S., Jan. 26.
Taiyuan, B. & S., Jan. 26.
Yatshing, Jardine's, Jan. 26.
Albert Voegler, Jelsen, Jan. 27.
Lyons Maru, N.Y.K., Jan. 27.
Iyo Maru, N.Y.K., Jan. 28.
Kashmir, P. & O., Jan. 28.
Pres. McKinley, A.M.L., Jan. 28.
Franken, Melchers, Jan. 28/29.
Soochow, B. & S., Jan. 28.
Andre Lebon, M.M., Jan. 29.
Kwongsang, Jardine's, Jan. 29.
Szechuen, B. & S., Feb. 9.
Esquiline, Dwell's, Jan. 30.
Sado Maru, N.Y.K., Jan. 30.

SHANGHAI.-(Continued).

Namsang, Jardine's, Jan. 30.
Glenapp, Jardine's, Jan. 31.
Kanaagawa Maru, N.Y.K., Jan. 31.
Macedonia, P. & O., Jan. 31.
Takliwa, B.I., Jan. 31.
Chakung, Jardine's, Feb. 2.
Keemun, B.F., Feb. 3.
Menelaus, B.F., Feb. 4.
Pres. Jefferson, A.M.L., Feb. 4.
Korea Maru, N.Y.K., Feb. 8.
Linnan, B. & S., Feb. 8.
Tjikarang, J.C.J.L., Feb. 8.
Benares, Gilman's, Feb. 7.
Asia, Mannen, Feb. 8.
Vogland, Jelsen, Feb. 8.
Allipore, P. & O., Feb. 9.
Liangchow, B. & S., Feb. 9.
Shantung, B. & S., Feb. 9.
Aeneas, B.F., Feb. 11.
Fulda, Melchers, Feb. 11.
Kutsang, Jardine's, Feb. 11.
Pres. Grant, A.M.L., Feb. 11.
Emp. of Russia, C.P.S., Feb. 12.
Glenahiel, Jardine's, Feb. 12.
Portos, M.M., Feb. 12.
Siberia Maru, N.Y.K., Feb. 12.
Emp. of Australia, C.P.S., Feb. 17.
Menthus, B.F., Feb. 17.
Col. di Lava, Dwell's, Feb. 18.
Shinyo Maru, N.Y.K., Feb. 19.
Tjikarora, J.C.J.L., Feb. 19.
Tjikarong, J.C.J.L., Feb. 20.
Sumatra, Gilman's, Feb. 24.

SINGAPORE.

Hakozaki Maru, N.Y.K., Jan. 25.
Jeypore, P. & O., Jan. 25.
Kumsang, Jardine's, Jan. 25.
Pres. Adams, Dollar, Jan. 26.
Sphinx, M.M., Jan. 28.
Yamagata Maru, N.Y.K., Jan. 29.
Ermland, Jelsen, Jan. 28.
Van Heutz, J.C.J.L., Jan. 29.
Aller, Melchers, Jan. 31.
Bengal Maru, N.Y.K., Jan. 31.
Mantua, P. & O., Feb. 1.
Mantua, P. & O., Feb. 1.
Achilles, B.F., Feb. 4.
Coblentz, Melchers, Feb. 8.
Hakusan Maru, N.Y.K., Feb. 8.
Tajima, B.I., Feb. 8.
Antung, B. & S., Feb. 9.
Pres. Harrison, Dollar, Feb. 9.
Burgeland, Jelsen, Feb. 11.
General Metzinger, M.M., Feb. 11.
Java, Mannen, Feb. 11.
Glenamoy, Jardine's, Feb. 12.
Hosang, Jardine's, Feb. 13.
Shirala, B.I., Feb. 13.
Karmala, P. & O., Feb. 15.
Kidderpore P. & O., Feb. 19.
Pres. Johnson, Dollar, Feb. 23.
Schlesien, Melchers, Feb. 24.

SOUTH AFRICAN PORTS.

Bokuyo Maru, N.Y.K., Jan. 27.
Bingo Maru, N.Y.K., Feb. 5.

SOUTH AMERICAN PORTS.

Bingo Maru, N.Y.K., Feb. 5.

SWATOW.

Cheongshing, Jardine's, Jan. 24.
Hellas, Douglas, Jan. 24.
Helios, Thoresen, Jan. 26.
Kiangau, B. & S., Jan. 26.
Szechuen, B. & S., Jan. 26.
Yatshing, Jardine's, Jan. 26.
Haining, Douglas, Jan. 28.
Soochow, B. & S., Jan. 28.
Anking, B. & S., Jan. 28.
Chakung, Jardine's, Feb. 2.
Helios, Thoresen, Feb. 2.
Tjikarora, J.C.J.L., Feb. 3.
Kwaisang, Jardine's, Feb. 3.
Linnan, B. & S., Feb. 8.
Antung, B. & S., Feb. 9.
Chipshing, Jardine's, Feb. 9.
Hirundo, Thoresen, Feb. 9.
Kwangchow, B. & S., Feb. 9.
Liangchow, B. & S., Feb. 9.
Shantung, B. & S., Feb. 9.
Tjilalak, J.C.J.L., Feb. 16.

TIENTSIN.

Cheongshing, Jardine's, Jan. 24.
Franken, Melchers, Jan. 28/29.
Chipshing, Jardine's, Feb. 9.
Huichow, B. & S., Feb. 10.
Fulda, Melchers, Feb. 11.

TRIESTE AND VENICE.

Hilda, Dodwell's, Jan. 25.
Remo, Dodwell's, Feb. 4.

TSINGTAO.

Szechuen, B. & S., Jan. 26.
Yatshing, Jardine's, Jan. 26.
Soochow, B. & S., Jan. 28.
Kwongsang, Jardine's, Jan. 29.
Chakung, Jardine's, Feb. 2.
Kwaisang, Jardine's, Feb. 3.
Shantung, B. & S., Feb. 9.

YANCOUVER, B.C.

Bonnevill, Thoresen's, Feb. 8.
Emp. of Russia, C.P.S., Feb. 12.
Patagonier, Bank, Feb. 12.
Tyndareus, B.F., Feb. 15.

VICTORIA, B.C.

Iyo Maru, N.Y.K., Jan. 29.
Pres. Jefferson, A.M.L., Feb. 4.
Siberia Maru, N.Y.K., Feb. 12.
Emp. of Russia, C.P.S., Feb. 12.
Tyndareus, B.F., Feb. 15.
Pres. Lincoln, Dollar, Feb. 18.

VLADIVOSTOK.

Glenapp, Jardine's, Jan. 31.
Glenahiel, Jardine's, Feb. 12.
Sumatra, Gilman's, Feb. 24.

WATSON.

Huichow, B. & S., Feb. 10.

EXPECTED ARRIVALS AND MOVEMENTS.

Aeneas due from Europe Feb. 11.
Achilles due from Japan Feb. 4.
Agra due from Shanghai Feb. 28.
Albert Voegler due from Europe Jan. 27.
Allipore due from Japan Feb. 8.
Aller due from Shanghai Jan. 31.
Andre Lebon due from Shanghai Feb. 24.
Asama Maru due from Japan Feb. 24.
Asia due from Europe Feb. 8.
Atago Maru due from Shanghai Jan. 31.
Benares due from Europe Feb. 7.
Bengal Maru due from Japan Jan. 30.
Bingo Maru due from Japan Feb. 4.
Bronxville due from Pacific Coast Feb. 13.
Burgeland due from Japan Feb. 11.
Calcutta Maru due from Singapore Feb. 7.
Change due from Australia Feb. 7.
Chononcaux due from Europe Feb. 25.
Cingalese Prince due from New York Jan. 30.
City of Kobe arrived from Europe Jan. 22.
City of Salisbury due from New York Jan. 29.
City of Tokyo due from New York Feb. 18.
Coblentz due from Japan Feb. 7.
Col. Di Luna, due from Europe Feb. 17.
Daviken arrived from Sandakan Jan. 20.
Delagoa Maru due from Japan Feb. 9.
Demodocus due from Europe Jan. 26.
Duchessa d'Aosta due from Japan Feb. 21.
Empress of Asia due from Shanghai Feb. 2.
Emp. of Australia due from Bombay Feb. 14.
Emp. of Canada arrived from Yokohama Jan. 22.
Ermland due from Shanghai Jan. 29.
Esquiline due from Europe Jan. 29.
Euryptus due from Europe Feb. 28.
Franken due from Europe Jan. 28/29.
Fulda due from Europe Feb. 11.
General Metzinger due from Shanghai Feb. 11.
Glenamoy due from Japan Feb. 11.
Glenapp due from Europe Jan. 30.
Glenahiel due from Europe Feb. 14.
Hakozaki Maru due from Shanghai Jan. 24.
Hakusan Maru due from Singapore Feb. 7.
Hector due from Japan Feb. 18.
Hilda due from Shanghai Jan. 24.
Java due from Shanghai Feb. 17.
Jeypore due from Shanghai Jan. 24.
Kaga Maru due from Japan Feb. 18.
Kaka Maru due from Singapore Feb. 17.
Kalyan due from Europe Feb. 14.
Kaka Maru due from Singapore Feb. 17.
Karmala due from Japan Feb. 14.
Kashmir due from Singapore Jan. 27.
Keemun due from Europe Feb. 3.
Kidderpore due from Japan Feb. 18.
Kuma Maru due from Singapore Feb. 12.
Lyons Maru due from Singapore Jan. 29.
Macedonia due from Europe Jan. 30.
Main due from Europe Feb. 22.
Mantua due from Japan Feb. 1.
Menelaus due from Europe Feb. 4.
Menestheus due from Europe Feb. 10.
Montevideo Maru arrived

CHINA NAVIGATION COMPANY, LIMITED.

HAIPHONG	On 24th Jan.	10 a.m.
HONGKONG	On 24th Jan.	10 a.m.
SWATOW, SHANGHAI & TIENTSIN	On 26th Jan.	Daylight
SHANGHAI	On 26th Jan.	10 a.m.
SWATOW & BANOKOK	On 26th Jan.	11 a.m.
SAIGON	On 27th Jan.	Daylight
SWATOW, SHANGHAI & TIENTSIN	On 28th Jan.	Daylight
SHANGHAI & DALNY	On 28th Jan.	3 p.m.
AMOI, SWATOW & SINGAPORE	On 1st Feb.	5 p.m.
BANOKOK & SHANGHAI	On 4th Feb.	11 a.m.
SWATOW, SHANGHAI & TIENTSIN	On 6th Feb.	Daylight
SHANGHAI & DALNY	On 6th Feb.	Daylight
AMOI, SWATOW & SINGAPORE	On 9th Feb.	5 a.m.
SWATOW & BANOKOK	On 9th Feb.	11 a.m.
FOOCHOW, WEIHAIWEI, CHEFOO & TIENTSIN	On 11th Feb.	10 a.m.
HONGKONG, PAKHOI & HAIPHONG	On 13th Feb.	10 a.m.

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AUSTRALIAN-ORIENTAL LINE, LIMITED.

"CHANGTIE" & "TAIPING"
These New Vessels maintain a regular service from HONGKONG TO AUSTRALIAN PORTS
Through Bills of Lading issued to all Australian, New Zealand and Tasmanian Ports
Specialist & Most Up-to-date First & Second Class Passenger Accommodation.
HONGKONG TO SYDNEY—19 DAYS.

SHIP	Days from Hong Kong	Days to Sail
CHANGTIE	11th February	18th March
TAIPING	11th March	18th April
CHANGTIE	11th April	18th May
TAIPING	11th May	18th June

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TELEPHONE CENTRAL 35.

THE EAST ASIATIC CO., LTD.

COPENHAGEN.

The M.S. "J.A.V.A."
on or about
11th FEBRUARY

PORT SAID, BREMEN, ANTWERP, ROTTERDAM, AMSTERDAM, HAMBURG, COPENHAGEN AND OTHER SCANDINAVIAN & BALTIMORE PORTS.

SAILING LIST.

OTHER SAILINGS:	SHANGHAI, ETC.	CONTINENT, ETC.
M.S. "Asia"	8th Feb.	13th March
M.S. "Afrika"	3rd March	12th April
M.S. "Malaya"	3rd April	13th May
M.S. "Danmark"	1st May	11th June
M.S. "Panama"	1st June	10th July
M.S. "Java"	1st July	10th Aug.

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To Yokohama via Shanghai and Kobe.

SPHINX	28th Jan.	ANDRE LEBON	28th Jan.
G. METZINGER	11th Feb.	PORTHOS	11th Feb.
ANDRE LEBON	25th Feb.	CHENONCEAUX	25th Feb.
PORTHOS	11th Mar.	ATHOS II	12th Mar.
CHENONCEAUX	25th Mar.	D'ARTAGNAN	26th Mar.
ATHOS II	8th Apr.	ANGERS	8th Apr.
D'ARTAGNAN	22nd Apr.	SPHINX	22nd Apr.
ANGERS	6th May	G. METZINGER	6th May

We can issue Through Tickets to Egypt, Spain, Portugal, East Africa, Madagascar by Transshipment our Mail Steamers at Port-Said, or DUBROVNIK.

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Cie. des MESSAGERIES MARITIMES,

Telephone: C. 651 and 740. 2 Queen's Buildings.

ROYAL OBSERVATORY'S DAILY WEATHER REPORT.

STATION	JANUARY 23, 1930.										JANUARY 24, 1930.									
	Time	Temp.	Wind	Cloud	Humidity	Pressure	Direction	Force	State	Remarks	Time	Temp.	Wind	Cloud	Humidity	Pressure	Direction	Force	State	Remarks
Wladivostok	12	30.15	765.8	29	...	...	NE	2	b	...	6	30.21	767.3	9	...	...	NNW	1	b	...
Nemuro	11	30.04	763.0	...	...	...	SW	1	...	...	...	29.78	756.5	...	...	...	NNW	1	...	...
Hokkaido	...	30.06	763.5	...	...	...	...	0	...	...	...	30.00	762.0	...	...	...	W	...	...	...
Tokyo	...	30.14	765.5	...	...	...	NNW	1	...	...	...	30.12	765.0	...	...	...	SW	1	...	...
Kobe	...	30.20	767.0	...	...	...	...	0	...	...	...	30.22	767.5	...	...	...	SW	1	...	...
Nagasaki	...	30.28	769.0	...	...	...	WNW	2	...	...	...	30.28	769.0	...	...	...	NW	1	...	...
Kagoshima	...	30.30	767.0	...	...	...	NNW	1	...	...	...	30.22	767.5	...	...	...	N	1	...	...
Oshima	...	30.10	764.5	...	...	...	N	2	...	...	...	30.20	767.0	...	...	...	E	1	...	...
Naha	...	30.12	765.0	...	...	...	NNW	3	...	...	...	30.18	766.5	...	...	...	N	1	...	...
Ishigaki	...	30.16	766.0	...	...	...	N	3	...	...	...	30.13	766.5	...	...	...	N	1	...	...
Bonin Island	...	30.04	763.0	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	30.04	763.0	...	...	...	SW	1	...	...
Choshi	...	30.40	772.1	34	90	...	NW	2	b	...	6	30.36	771.1	28	100	...	NW	1	b	...
Shanghai	14	30.45	773.4	42	75	...	NNW	2	o	...	...	30.40	772.2	34	85	...	N	1	o	...
Shanghai	...	30.45	773.4	42	75	...	NNW	4	b	...	...	30.43	772.9	36	100	...	NNW	1	o	...
Shanghai	...	30.17	766.2	47	81	...	E	4	o	...	...	30.19	766.4	45	89	...	E	1	o	...
Shanghai	...	30.20	767.1	58	76	...	ENE	4	o	...	...	30.23	767.8	50	88	...	ENE	2	o	...
Amoy	...	30.11	764.8	60	88	...	E	1	o	...	...	30.19	766.8	57	91	...	ESE	4	b	...
Swatow	...	30.28	769.2	61	87	...	E	4	o	...	...	30.18	766.5	52	...	...	...	...	...	...
Taipei	...	30.19	766.8	68	...	...	NNW	2	b	...	...	30.13	765.3	54	...	...	NNE	...	...	...
Taipei	...	30.13	765.0	77	...	...	NNE	4	o	...	...	30.10	764.4	68	...	...	NE	...	...	...
Taipei	...	30.12	765.0	77	...	...	NNE	6	o	...	...	30.18	766.5	57	...	...	NNE	...	...	...
Pescadore	...	30.20	767.1	61	...	...	NNE	6	o	...	...	30.18	766.6	66	82	...	ENE	1	o	...
Hong Kong	14	30.14	765.5	61	56	...	W	2	b	...	6	30.18	766.6	66	82	...	NNE	4	o	...
Gap Rock	...	30.16	766.0	...	...	...	NNW	4	o	...	...	30.17	766.2	...	...	...	N	4	o	...
Macao	...	30.14	766.6	...	...	...	NNE	2	o	...	...	30.18	766.5	48	84	...	N	4	o	...
Hohow	...	30.10	764.5	56	100	...	NNE	2	o	...	...	30.10	764.5	67	89	...	NNE	5	o	...
Pratas Island	...	30.07	768.8	70	76	...	NE	4	o	...	...	30.19	766.9	52	100	...	...	...	...	...
Philippines	...	30.17	766.2	55	79	...	N	2	o	...	...	30.10	764.4	64	...	...	W	4	o	...
Tourane	...	30.04	762.9	66	...	...	NW	4	o	...	...	29.94	760.5	72	...	...	ENE	4	o	...
Cape St. James	...	29.89	759.3	86	...	...	SE	2	o	...	...	30.02	762.8	73	92	...	NE	4	o	...
Baco	14	29.98	751.4	79	80	...	NE	4	o	...	...	30.00	762.0	73	92	...	...	...	...	...
Apurri	...	29.95	760.9	79	80	...	S	4	o	...	...	29.99	761.7	64	86	...	...	...	...	...
Tuguegarao	...	29.93	760.2	82	70	...	E	1	o	...	...	29.91	759.6	75	76	...	ESE	1	b	...
Vigan	...	29.88	759.0	82	70	...	WNW	4	o	...	...	29.95	760.8	68	94	...	ENE	1	b	...
Manila	...	29.88	759.0	84	63	...	WSW	4	o	...	...	29.92	759.9	77	89	...	NE	2	o	...
Legaspi	...	29.88	759.0	86	75	...	NE	4	b	...	...	29.93	760.3	70	94	...	NE	2	o	...
Calbayog	...	29.86	758.4	88	58	...	N	4	b	...	...	29.92	759.8	78	92	...	NW	4	b	...
Tacloban	...	29.85	768.1	86	71	...	SE	2	o	...	...	29.91	759.6	75	88	...	NE	4	b	...
Davao	...	29.82	767.5	88	58	...	NE	6	b	...	...	29.88	759.0	75	79	...	N	2	o	...
Cebu	...	29.84	757.8	84	60	...	NE	4	b	...	...	29.88	759.0	75	89	...	ENE	4	o	...
Surigao	...	29.82	757.5	82	96	...	ENE	4	b	...	...	29.86	758.4	75	...	...	NE	3	o	...
Sanpan	...	29.79	756.6	...	...	...	NE	6	o	...	...	29.81	757.2	...	...	...	N	4	o	...
Guam	12.22	29.79	756.6	...	...	...	ENE	4	o	...	...	29.86	758.4	75	...	...	NE	3	o	...
Yap	11.00	29.80	756.9	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	29.86	758.4	75	...	...	E	2	bc	...
Pelew	29.86	758.4	75	...	...	...	...	...	...
Ponape	29.86	758.4	75	...	...	...	...	...	...
Labuan	14	29.82	757.5	86	65	...	NE	6	b	...	...	29.83	757.7	75	...	...	...	...	...	...

January 23d. 10A. 45m.—The anticyclone remains central to the north of the lower Yangtze Valley, but has weakened. A depression is central to the north-east of Japan.
Fresh monsoon will prevail along the S.E. coast of China and over the N. China Sea.
Hong Kong rainfall for the 24 hours ending at 10 a.m. to-day, 0.40 inch. Total since January 1, 0.61 inch, against an average of 0.80 inch.

FORECAST FOR THE 24 HOURS ENDING AT NOON ON JANUARY 24.

- DISTRICT.
- 1.—Formosa Channel
 - 2.—South coast of China between Hong Kong and Lamook
 - 3.—Hong Kong to Gap Rock
 - 4.—South coast of China between Hong Kong and Hainan
- N.E. winds, fresh.
N.E. winds, fresh to moderate; cloudy, misty.

B.D. EVANS—First Assistant.

HONG KONG METEOROLOGICAL REGISTER.

Hong Kong Observatory, January 23.

Time	Temp.	Wind	Cloud	Humidity	Pressure	Direction	Force	State	Remarks
4 p.m.	30.13	30.87	30.11	...	...	...	...	...	...
10 a.m.	30.13	30.87	30.11	...	...	...	...	...	...
4 p.m.	30.13	30.87	30.11	...	...	...	...	...	...

Barometer ... 30.13 30.87 30.11

Temperature ... 30.13 30.87 30.11

Humidity ... 30.13 30.87 30.11

Wind ... N N Calm

Direction ... N N Calm

Force ... 1 1 0

Weather ... B OM O

Rain ... 0.00 0.00 0.0

Highest open-air Temperature, 32.8

Lowest open-air Temperature, 23.55

B=Blue sky; C=Cloudy; D=Drizzle; F=Fog; L=Lightning; M=Mist; O=Overcast; P=Passing showers; Q=Squalls; R=Rain; T=Thunder.

\$7.50

will keep you in touch with Hong Kong news for six months

AFTER YOU GO AWAY

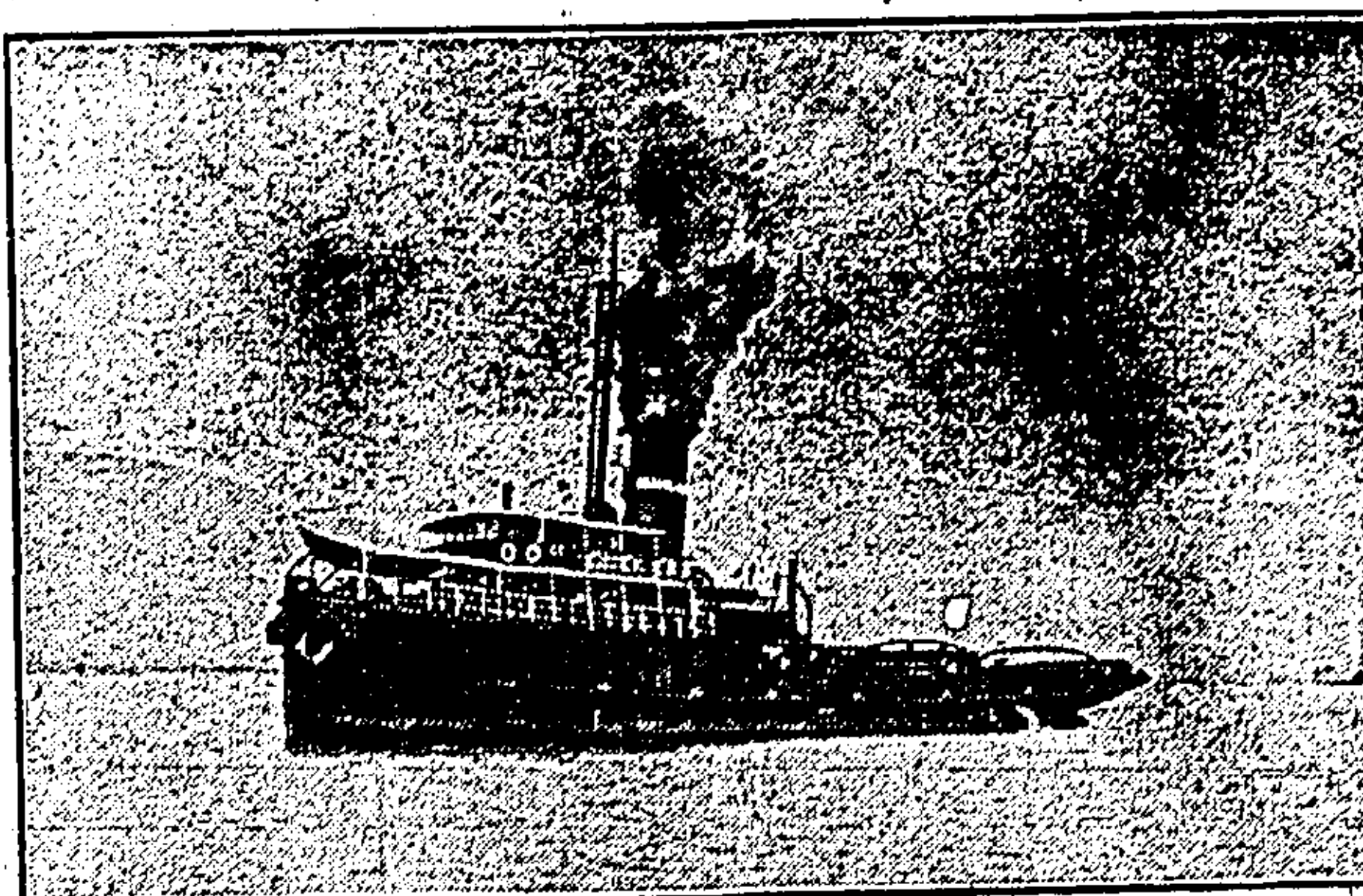
and you will certainly want to know what is happening. Send an order for the Weekly Press to be sent to you. We, at 11, Ice House Street, will do the rest.

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11 Days Kobe-Vancouver, 9 Days Yokohama-Vancouver

	Hong Kong	Shanghai	Kobe	Yokohama	Vancouver
EMPEROR OF RUSSIA	Feb. 13	Feb. 15	Feb. 18	Feb. 20	Mar. 1
EMPEROR OF ASIA	Mar. 5	Mar. 7	Mar. 10	Mar. 12	Mar. 23
EMPEROR OF CANADA	Mar. 19	Mar. 21	Mar. 24	Mar. 26	Mar. 27
EMPEROR OF RUSSIA	Apr. 9	Apr. 11	Apr. 14	Apr. 16	May 17
EMPEROR OF CANADA	May 30	May 31	June 3	June 5	June 17
EMPEROR OF RUSSIA	June 15	June 17	June 20	June 22	July 31
EMPEROR OF ASIA	July 10	July 12	July 15	July 17	July 25
EMPEROR OF CANADA	July 23	July 25	July 28	July 30	Aug. 1
EMPEROR OF RUSSIA	Aug. 6	Aug. 8	Aug. 11	Aug. 13	Aug. 23
EMPEROR OF ASIA	Aug. 20	Aug. 22	Aug. 25	Aug. 27	Sept. 6
EMPEROR OF CANADA	Sept. 13	Sept. 15	Sept. 18	Sept. 20	Sept. 21
EMPEROR OF RUSSIA	Sept. 27	Sept. 29	Oct. 2	Oct. 4	Oct. 17
EMPEROR OF ASIA	Oct. 10	Oct. 12	Oct. 15	Oct. 17	Oct. 23
EMPEROR OF CANADA	Oct. 23	Oct. 25	Oct. 28	Oct. 30	Nov. 14
EMPEROR OF RUSSIA	Nov. 12	Nov. 14	Nov. 17	Nov. 19	Nov. 29

(Regular Sailing Hour NOON.)

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HONG KONG-MANILA SERVICE

Leave Hong Kong	Arrive Manila	Leave Manila	Arrive Hong Kong
Feb. 3, 5 p.m.	Feb. 5	Feb. 11	Feb. 14
Mar. 9, 5 p.m.	Mar. 11	Mar. 17	Mar. 20

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KORU MARU ... Thursday, 6th Feb.

SHINYO MARU ... Wednesday, 13th Feb.

SEATTLE, VICTORIA via Shanghai & Japan Ports.

IYO MARU ... Tuesday, 23rd Jan.

SIBERIA MARU ... Wednesday, 13th Feb.

LONDON, MARSEILLES, ANTWERP, ROTTERDAM,
via Singapore, Penang, Colombo & Suez.

HAKOZAKI MARU ... Saturday, 25th Jan.

HAKUSAN MARU ... Saturday, 25th Jan.

SYDNEY & MELBOURNE via Manila & Ports.

KAGA MARU ... Wednesday, 19th Feb.

TANGO MARU ... Wednesday, 26th March

BOMBAY via Singapore, Penang & Colombo.

YAMAGATA MARU ... Tuesday, 23rd Jan.

BENGAL MARU ... Friday, 31st Jan.

SOUTH AMERICA (West Coast) via Japan, Honolulu,
Los Angeles, Mexico and Panama.

BOKUYO MARU ... Monday, 27th Jan.

SOUTH AMERICA (East Coast) via Singapore, Cape
Town & Ports.

BINGO MARU ... Wednesday, 5th Feb.

NEW YORK, BOSTON via PANAMA.

ATAGO MARU ... Saturday, 1st Feb.

KUMA MARU ... Thursday, 13th Feb.

LIVERPOOL via Port Said, Constantinople, Genoa &
Marseilles.

DELAGO MARU ... Monday, 17th Feb.

CALCUTTA via Singapore, Penang & Rangoon.

CHYONG MARU ... Wednesday, 23rd Jan.

SHANGHAI, KOBE & YOKOHAMA.

LYONS MARU ... Monday, 27th Jan.

SADO MARU ... Thursday, 30th Jan.

KANAGAWA MARU (Mojito direct) ... Friday, 31st Jan.

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Daily Statement, Waterfront News,
etc.

YESTERDAY'S FREIGHT RETURNS.

IMPORTS 12,400 TONS;
THROUGH CARGO
11,600 TONS.

Cargo returns shown at the
Harbour Office during the 24 hours
ended at 9 a.m. yesterday by vessels
arriving in Hong Kong were as
follow:—

British Cargo for Through
H.K. Ports.

Pong Tong, Saigon 2,100 —

Chekiang, Haiphong 1,190 —

Taiyuan, Shanghai 900 750

Hydrangea, Swatow 410 —

Kwong Sang, Swatow 350 800

Hai Yang, Foochow 340 —

Huichow, Tientsin 570 120

Szechuen, Tsingtao 320 360

Hanyang, Dairen 450 —

Laomedon, Newport 570 2,700

Mirzapore, Kobe 60 2,340

— — — — — 8,760 — 7,000

Danish

Bintang, Bangkok 1,560 —

Clara Jensen, Saigon 2,340 —

— — — — — 3,900 —

German

Kathe, Canton — — 50

— — — — — 50

Swedish

Agna, Gothenburg 1,230 4,600

— — — — — 1,230 — 4,600

Japanese

Hozan Maru, Keelung 550 —

— — — — — 550 —

Total 12,440 11,650

ARRIVALS AND DEPARTURES.

The arrivals and departures during
the period under review were
as follows:—

	Arr.	Dep.
British	15	9
American	1	0
Danish	2	0
German	1	0
Swedish	1	1
Japanese	1	4
Chinese	1	5
Dutch	0	2
Total	22	22

ASIATIC DECK PASSENGERS.

The following vessels brought
Asiatic deck passengers to the
Colony during the 24 hours ended
at 9 a.m. yesterday:—

Pong Tong (Br.) Saigon	129
Taiyuan (Br.) Shanghai and	
Amoy	58
Hydrangea (Br.) Swatow	238
Haiyang (Br.) Foochow and	
Swatow	100
Szechuen (Br.) Tsingtao and	
Swatow	113
Clara Jensen (Dan.) Saigon	105
Hozan Maru (Jap.) Keelung	
and Swatow	122
Total	865

ARRIVALS.

January 23.

Bintang, Danish str., 1,725 tons,
Capt. V. Relster, from Hoihow,
buoy No. C35.—John Manners &
Co.

Chekiang, British str., 1,313 tons,
Capt. J. Pringle, from Hoihow,
buoy No. B12.—B. & S.

Cheong Shing, British str., 1,253
tons, Capt. J. H. Ferguson,
from Canton, buoy No. C33.—
Jardine, Matheson & Co.

Clara Jensen, Danish str., 1,145
tons, Capt. J. Davidson, from
Saigon, buoy No. C44.—Chang
Tong Ha.

Kathe, German str., 908 tons, Capt.
H. Frandsen, from Canton,
buoy No. C42.—Kwong Mow
Tai.

Kronviken, Norwegian str., 1,519
tons, Capt. T. Roamme, from
Dairen, buoy No. C15.—Ching
Kee & Co.

Pong Tong, British str., 1,061 tons,
Capt. R. E. Freckleton, from
Saigon, buoy No. C17.—Yuen
Sang Fat.

Saishu Maru, Japanese str., 1,226
tons, Capt. M. Nakamura, from
Samarinda, Yaumati.—Thore-
sen & Co.

Taiyuan, Norwegian str., 3,359 tons,
Capt. J. D. Woxhott, from
Colombo, buoy No. A29.—
Thoresen & Co.

Taiyuan, British str., 2,109 tons,
Capt. R. Robertson, from Amoy,
buoy No. B9.—B. & S.

CLEARANCES.

January 23.

Agna, for Shanghai.
Cheong Shing, for Swatow.
City of Kobe, for Manila.
Dux, for Bangkok.
Hydrangea, for Swatow.
Kathe, for Dairen.
New Mathilde, for Hoihow.
Tai Yan, for Shanghai.
Tai Yuan, for Canton.

SHIPS IN HARBOUR.

The following vessels were in
harbour yesterday:—

Harbours:—Kowloon: Agna;
Holt's: Raomedon; Chiu On;
Hydrangea; O.S.K.; Mando
Maru, Hozan Maru; Douglas
Lapraik; Haiyang.

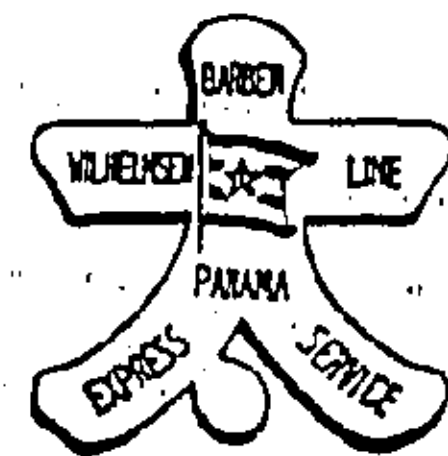
Docks:—Kowloon: Wai Shing,
Chipsing, Hong Peng, Emp. of
Russia, Lung Shan, Cua Cum, Hai-
ching, Venezia, Lach Tray; Taikoo:
Kiang Yuan; Cosmopolitan;
Riberia.

Buoys:—A4 Korea Maru, A5
Bokuyo Maru, B6 Iyo Maru, B7
Kumsang, A8 Tacoma, B9 Taiyuan,
B11 Huichow, B12 Chekiang, B13
Kiangchow, C17 Pong Tong, A28
City of Kobe, A29 Taiwan, C33
Cheongshing, B34 Kiangsu, C35
Bintang, B36 Kohatsu Maru, C37
Hanyang, B38 Telemachus, C39 Hel-
las, C40 Chusan, C41 New Mathilde,
C42 Kathe, C43 Dux, C44 Clara
Jensen, C45 Pronto, C46 Havdrot,
A52 Ixion.

WARSHIPS IN PORT.

The following warships were in
port yesterday:—

Basin:—Tamar, Marazion, Herald,
Iroquois, Petersfield.
West Wall:—Berwick.
In Dock:—Serapis, Moorhen.
Taikoo:—Kent.
No. 11 Buoy:—Thracian.
No. 13 Buoy:—Magnolia.
Foreign Men of War:—Portuguese
gunboat Patria.



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PENINSULAR AND ORIENTAL, FORTNIGHTLY
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Steamship	Tons.	From Hongkong (about)	Destination
"JEYPORE"	5,318	25th Jan. [Mar.]	L'don, Hull, H'g, B'dm, A.A. w'erp
"MANTUA"	10,946	1st Feb.	Bombay, Marseilles and London.
"KARNATA"	9,123	15th Feb.	Mars., L'don, H'g, B'dm, A.A. w'erp
"KIDDERPORE"	5,314	19th Feb.	Straits, Colombo & Bombay.
"MACEDONIA"	11,130	1st Mar.	Marseilles and London.
"KASHMIR"	8,885	8th Mar. [Mar.]	L'don, Hull, H'g, B'dm, A.A. w'erp
"KALYAN"	9,144	18th Mar.	Mars., L'don, H'g, B'dm, A.A. w'erp
"ALIPORE"	5,273	18th Mar.	Straits, Colombo & Bombay.
"RAWALPINDI"	16,819	29th Mar.	Bombay, Marseilles and London.
"MALWA"	10,980	12th Apr.	Bombay, Marseilles and London.
"RAJPUTANA"	16,568	24th Apr.	Bombay, Marseilles and London.
"KASHGAR"	9,005	10th May	Mars., L'don, H'g, B'dm, A.A. w'erp
"MANTUA"	10,946	24th May	Bombay, Mars., & London.
"KHYBER"	9,114	31st May [Mar.]	L'don, Hull, H'g, B'dm, A.A. w'erp
"KHYBER"	9,114	7th June	Marseilles & London.
"RANPURA"	16,601	21st June	Bombay, Marseilles & London.
"KARNATA"	9,123	5th July	Marseilles and London.
"MOREA"	10,954	19th July	Bombay, Marseilles & London.
"KALYAN"	9,144	2nd Aug.	Marseilles and London.

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stantinople, Piræus, Smyrna, and other Levant Ports by steamers of
the Khedivial Mail Steamship Co.

BRITISH INDIA-APOAR SAILINGS

Steamship	Tons.	From Hongkong (about)	Destination
"TALMA"	10,000	8th Feb.	Singapore, Penang & Calcutta
"SHIRALA"	7,841	13th Feb.	do.
"TAKLIWA"	7,938	23rd Feb.	do.
"TILAWA"	10,006	27th Feb.	do.
"TALAMBA"	8,018	14th Mar.	do.
"TAKADA"	9,649	24th Mar.	do.
"TALMA"	10,000	12th Apr.	do.

* Calls Rangoon.

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class passengers. All steamers are fitted with wireless and carry
a qualified surgeon.

EASTERN AND AUSTRALIAN SAILINGS (SOUTH)

"NELLORE"	6,853	31st Jan.	Manila, Sandakan, Thursday
"TANDA"	6,856	29th Feb.	Island, Townsville, Brisbane
"ST. ALBANS"	4,500	4th Apr.	Sydney and Melbourne

